

RICHTER'S

We are showing New
Suits and Dresses up stairs:

Are handicapped by
being dissatisfied in not
having our Elevator ready,
we will do our best to show
you, however.

Will open up about the
15th of this month, our new
Fall Ready to Wear Hats,
late purchases will secure
you latest style, and you
will save Money on your
Purchase.

It will pay you to call
and look us over and to
wait for our Hats.

AUG. C. RICHTER
THE HOME OF HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

Palm Beach Suits, Sicilian
Suits, Silk Suits,
Serge Suits

PANAMA HATS—
STRAW HATS—(PLAIN AND FANCY)

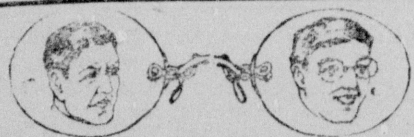
SILK SHIRTS—Crepe Silk, Tub Silk, Fibre
Silk, Linen and Silk Madras, also in many
new cloths, in an almost endless assortment.

Fine Light Underwear, in Silk, Fancy
Madras, Nainsook and Lisle Thread.

FANCY SOCKS HAVE COME BACK!

Handsome line of Low Quarter
Shoes, in all the popular
leathers and lasts.

I. Alexander
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



KRYPTOK

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece
glasses you can see far and near.
Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and
guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.

Our prices are the most reasonable.

LAREDO OPTICAL Co.
516 Flores Ave. (Oppos to City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

BIRD PERCHED ON MAST AND FRIGHTENED SAILORS BEFORE VESSEL WAS WRECKED

Superstitious Seamen Felt Their Fears were Justified When the
Ward Liner Corydon Went Down in the Bahama
Channel—Eight Members of Crew Reached
Miami After Frightful Sufferings.

GERMAN LINERS TO SERVE OUR COUNTRY

WILL REMAIN PERMANENTLY IN
TRANSPORT SERVICE,
SAID GENERAL
MARCH.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 13.—Some of the
seized German liners will be retained
permanently by the United States as
part of the army transport corps,
Chief of Staff Gen. March told the
house military committee today. The
president had definitely decided on
the location of the ships, he said,
but asked to be excused from dis-
cussing the plan of disposal, which
would be announced soon.

Re-established Headquarters.
Washington, Sept. 13.—General
Pershing has re-established the head-
quarters of the American expedition-
ary forces at the war department
where over two years ago he took up
the task. He was given a welcome.

Refused to Give Up Bela Kun.
Paris, Sept. 13.—The Austrian gov-
ernment has refused to accede to
Hungary's demand for the extradi-
tion of Bela Kun, virtual dictator at
Budapest during the communist
regime.

TROPICAL STORM HAS HIT MAINLAND

SOMEWHERE BETWEEN MOUTH
OF MISSISSIPPI AND WEST
THE HURRICANE HAS
STRUCK.

By Associated Press.
New Orleans, La., Sept. 13.—The
tropical disturbance is moving north-
ward into Louisiana west of the
mouth of the Mississippi river, ac-
cording to the weather bureau. There
will be dangerous easterly gales,
probably reaching hurricane force
Saturday and Sunday night, chang-
ing to westerly on the west and south-
ern side of the coast Sunday morn-
ing, it is predicted.

Won't Hit Galveston.
Galveston, Sept. 13.—The weather
bureau stated today that the storm
will not hit Galveston.

Reached the Mainland.
New Orleans, Sept. 13.—The trop-
ical disturbance has already reached
the mainland, the weather bureau
stated, stirring somewhere between
Burwood at the mouth of the Missis-
sippi river and the territory west.

Dispel All Fears.
Houston, Texas, Sept. 13.—A rise
in the barometer is regarded as final-
ly dispelling all fear that the tropical
disturbance will strike in this direc-
tion, the weather bureau states.

PURPOSE NOT FULFILLED.

By Associated Press.
Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 13.—Reading
to a Tacoma audience today a part of
his address to congress asking a de-
claration of war with Germany, Pres-
ident Wilson declared that the pur-
pose there outlined was not fulfilled
and would not be until the treaty
was ratified.

By Associated Press.
Miami, Fla., Sept. 12.—Many hours
before the storm which sank the
Ward liner Corydon in the Bahama
Channel Tuesday a vulture followed
the ship and perched on her spars,
while the panic-stricken crew, be-
lieving in the superstitions of the
sea, were convinced that they were
doomed. This story was brought
here by eight of the crew who drifted
52 hours on an upturned boat, battered,
bruised and without food or water.
All day Sunday the ship pursued her
way in calm seas with light winds,
and the bird hovered overhead. Sun-
day night and Monday the Corydon
staggered through smashing seas.
Sunday night every member of the
crew was engaged in a desperate bat-
tle for life. Tuesday they lost con-
trol of the ship. When the vessel
went under the Americans in the
crew kept their heads and saved the
lives of some of the others.

FROM HERE AND THERE.

Two thousand three hundred silk
worms are necessary to produce two
pounds of silk.

London Bridge is crossed every
day by 110,000 foot passengers and
22,000 vehicles.

In the Sargasso Sea the gulf weed
is so densely packed as to impede the
passage of the largest ships.

Nearly everybody smokes in
Japan. The girls begin when they
are ten years of age, and boys a year
earlier.

Russia possesses the longest canal
in the world. It starts at Petrograd,
and goes to the frontier of China—
4,500 miles.

Of all the ground animals that are
also tree climbers the leopard is the
only one that will run down a verti-
cal trunk head foremost.

When a sailor notices the deck
covered with dew he knows that his
ship is within 30 miles of land. Out-
side that distance dew is not deposit-
ed.

London's water consumption per
day is not less than 269,000,000 gal-
lons, and an expert estimates that at
least 4,000,000 gallons a day are ab-
solutely wasted.

The young King of Siam speaks
English, French and German, and
has written books in all these lan-
guages as well as in Siamese. He is
a clever amateur actor, and is the
author of several plays and dramatic
sketches.

No other race of animals can show
such a history as the black oxen
that draw the funeral cars of Japa-
nese emperors. They are of a special
breed, and for centuries have been
kept for the sole use of the imperial
family.

In the prison at Lyons, France,
there is a curious collection of pens.
They are the pens with which the
executioners signed the regulation
receipts for the prisoners handed
over to them to be guillotined. At
each execution a fresh pen is used
for the purpose, and the ink is left
to dry upon it.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

In every 1,000 marriages performed
in Great Britain 21 are between first
cousins. Among the nobility the
rate is much higher, amounting to 45
in 1,000.

It is believed the Nile contains a
greater variety of fish than any
other river in the world. An expedi-
tion sent by the British Museum
brought back 8,000 specimens.

The Araucanians, of the southern-
most province of Chile, use a crab
shell as a barometer. In dry, fair
weather it is white, but when rain
is approaching red spots appear on
it, and when excessive moisture is
present in the atmosphere it be-
comes red all over.

Many great musical composers had
exceptionally large appetites. When
Handel dined alone at a restaurant
he usually took the precaution of
ordering a meal for three. Haydn,
yet more voracious, was known to
consume a meal that would have
satisfied five ordinary appetites.

POLICE POSITIONS DECLARED VACANT

COMMISSIONER ANNOUNCED HE
WILL FILL ALL POSTS DE-
SERVED BY BOSTON
STRIKERS.

By Associated Press.
Boston, Sept. 13.—Police Commis-
sioner Curtis today announced that
the posts deserted by striking police-
men were vacant and that he would
proceed to fill them. A man and a
woman were shot when the guards
attempted to make loiterers move on.
The man was killed and the woman
wounded in the knee. The man was
engaged in an argument with one of
the state guards trying to clear the
street entrance to the subway.

COTTON CONSUMPTION.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 13.—Cotton con-
sumption during the month of August
amounted to 502,536 bales of lint and
21,171 bales of linters, the census
bureau announced today. This is
somewhat under last year's August
consumption.

UNITED MINERS IN FAVOR PLUMB PLAN

OFFER TO JOIN RAILWAY BROTH-
ERHOODS FOR ACTION AND
LATER WITH OTHER
UNIONS.

By Associated Press.
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 13.—The
United Mine Workers convention en-
dorsed the Plumb plan for national-
ization of the railroads, pledged the
support of the miners to secure its
enactment and invited the railroad
brotherhoods to join with them in an
alliance for joint action later to be
extended into an economic alliance
with labor organizations in the basic
industries.

Accept Proposal.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 13.—The rail-
road administration will accept the
proposal of the railroad maintenance
and shop laborers for a new working
schedule, thus avoiding a strike.

WAR ON MOSQUITOES.

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 13.—State
Health Officer Goddard today an-
nounced that preliminary surveys
would be made to determine the cost
of exterminating mosquitoes and sup-
pressing malaria in twelve towns, in-
cluding Bryan, Longview, Lufkin, Na-
cogoches, Navasota and Palestine.

HOOVER ARRIVED TODAY.

By Associated Press.
New York, Sept. 3.—Herbert Hoov-
er, with his wife and son, arrived to-
day on the liner Aquitania.

REWARDED.

A venerable justice sat in the place
of honor at a reception. As a young
lady of dazzling charms walked past
he exclaimed almost involuntarily:
"What a beautiful girl!"
The young woman overheard the
justice's compliment turned and gave
him a radiant smile. "What an ex-
cellent judge," she said.—Pittsburgh
Chronicle-Telegraph.

STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, June 30, 1919, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency
CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$1,584,161.66	Capital Stock \$20,000.00
United States Bonds 266,200.00	Surplus Fund 100,000.00
U. S. Treasury Certificates 100,000.00	Undivided Profits 109,816.93
Other Bonds and Securities 20,668.84	Interest collected, not earned, approximate 28,641.01
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 9,000.00	Dividend payable July 1st, 1919 20,000.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer 10,000.00	Reserved for Taxes 10,000.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 50,000.00	Circulation 194,800.00
Interest earned, not collected, approximate 14,866.34	Other Liabilities 857.01
Cash and Exchange 945,976.27	Deposits 2,336,758.16
Total \$3,000,878.11	Total \$3,000,878.11
J. K. Beretta, President	M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cashier
B. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres.	A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cashier
Sam W. Brown, Cashier	J. R. Fasnacht, Asst. Cashier

HUNTERS

We have a line of Hunting coats, trousers,
leggings, hats, cartridge belts, game bags,
game carriers, cleaning rods and gun cases at
a price that cannot be duplicated at the
factory today.

It will pay you to look these over if in need
of a hunting outfit.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

Winchester oil and Grease.

Watches, Bracelet Watches.

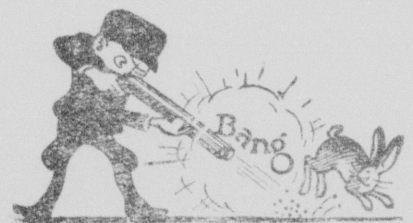
Is something you can not do without.

We have a very large line of all makes. ELGIN,
WALTHAM, HAMILTON, HOWARD, ILLINOIS, and
the GRUEN VERY THIN.

We are still selling them at the old price. It will be to
your own interest to make your watch purchase now. We
save you the new price.

Each watch is fully guaranteed.

L. DAICHES, The Jeweler



MAYBE YOUR SHELLS ARE NOT FAST ENOUGH!

When a fellow aims STRAIGHT and MISSES—he wonders
WHY.

Then he blames himself for being a poor shot.

But if he had used "Arrow" or "Nitro Club"—the STEEL
LINED Remington UMC Speed Shells—it would have been
a different story.

The shot would have GOTTEN THERE QUICKER. That's
the duty of the steel lining.

We always carry a full stock of "Arrow" and "Nitro
Club"—and if you have not as yet tried them, get busy and
avoid "guessing" with other kinds.

JOSEPH NETZER

HARDWARE COMPANY.

1311-13-15-17 LINCOLN St. TEL. No. 127.

**ROYAL OPERA
HOUSE**

WHERE EVERY BODY GOES

Today—Evelyn Greeley in "BRINGING UP BETTY," a typical
summer comedy, with scenes at a garden party and on the water, and
abounding in lots of bright, sparkling funny situations.

"A PAIR OF DEUCES," comedy.

Royal Concert Orchestra, 14 soloists.

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: "OH, BOY!"

From Friday's Daily.

A CLOSED CHAPTER.

It is claimed by the majority report of the foreign relations committee on the treaty ratification that the peace conference has the power to bring the German representation back to Paris to discuss—and presumably accept—the changed treaty with the eliminated or emasculated league of nations covenant.

The minority report, which was signed by all the Democrats except Senator Shields of Tennessee, calls attention to the fact that the Germans have closed that chapter by promptly signing and ratifying the treaty, which it is to be presumed they entered into in good faith.

What right has our nation, apart from all the others that signed the treaty, to make it necessary to re-enter into negotiations with the enemy, and to cause a delay of many months, to say nothing of the prospect that some of the nations concerned may enter into separate negotiations with Germany and leave the United States out?

If the senate is right in its contention that it has the power—to say nothing of the right—to refuse its assent to the treaty on the ground that it had no hand in the making of it, and its further claim that it has the right to so mutilate and change the treaty that none of the nations concerned would be willing to accept it, then our own constitution, upon which so much stress has been laid by the opponents of the administration, certainly needs changing.

If the president has not the power to make treaties with other nations, especially a treaty of peace concluding a costly and disastrous war, then he should step down and out and let whatever branch of our government is so empowered make the treaty.

It was with a belief in his ample powers under the constitution that President Wilson went to Paris and helped write into the treaty the provisions which he thought the best, not only for our own country but for all concerned. If he is to have less power than the German delegates, with their doubtful government behind them, then all his labors have been in vain, and while the Germans certainly hold the United States bound by the terms of the treaty which was signed, we have no prospect of deriving any advantage from that treaty, because the senate is bent upon preventing its ratification, or at least upon so modifying it that Germany would have a right to refuse to abide by its terms.

We are in the situation of being bound to Germany for the fulfillment of our pledges, while the senate, by its refusal to ratify the treaty, places it beyond our power to demand fulfillment of any pledges on the part of Germany.

It is this senseless quibbling that has frequently made our nation a laughing-stock abroad and the object of contempt at home, for if we really have no government worthy of the name—and the senate would seem to imply so by its actions—then we cannot expect other people to respect either our government or our people.

Other governments demand respect for their rulers or their chief executives. Ours appears to belittle our executive. Other governments show by their obedience and their loyalty that they respect the law of their own country and the person by whom it is administered. Ours not only makes our laws ridiculous but holds up our leaders to contempt.

All this is politics. There is not a single one of the opponents of the present administration who will dare to say that he believes the president was actuated by an unworthy motive in making the treaty, yet each one of them claims for himself a superior knowledge and a capacity for doing better than the president.

If we are to retain the respect of our allies and our own self-respect, we must do something besides talk. We must keep our own pledged word, given long before the treaty was formulated, or stand convicted of being less than the German nation, which looks to us for fulfillment of treaty obligations.

THE MEXICAN MESS.

Sometimes the more one stirs up the Mexican mess the worse it appears. Just now the congressional committee is investigating the financial end of it, including the alleged activities of the petroleum interests in fostering revolution.

But while it appears that there was considerable crooked work on the part of others, there seems to be no guilty connection of the oil interests with the grafters, or any activity in stirring up or supporting revolutionary factions against the government.

It was shown that Dr. Henry Allen Tupper, the chief of the international peace forum of unsavory memory, had received a check from the Carranza government for over three thousand dollars, and that this money originally came to the Mexican government from the Huasteca company. But the oil company paid the check to the government and did not know for what services rendered or "value received" it had been paid to Dr. Tupper.

The oil companies denied paying any graft or subsidy to the rebels in control of the territory in which they were operating, but said that both John Lind and Consul Silliman had advised them to pay taxes to the faction which might be in control, and

the companies had done so.

Mr. Doheny, dean of the oil men in Mexico, did not add that his company, as well as the others, had also paid taxes, including the export tax on petroleum, to the Carranza government, but such was the case.

It had been charged by the Carranza government that the oil companies were fostering rebellion in Mexico by furnishing arms and munitions to the Pelaez rebels, but this was denied, although the oil men acknowledged paying the "contributions" which were levied by Pelaez, and which were in effect the taxes paid to the faction in control of the oil fields.

In Tampico, which was nominally under control of the Carrancista garrison, taxes were paid to the Carranza government, and had the Carranza forces been able to dominate the oil fields, the foreign companies would have been saved the necessity of paying taxes to the rebels, in whom they had no interest other than asking them to refrain from damaging the properties.

But it might be noted in passing that the rebels kept faith better than did the Carranza government, for in no case was an American or other foreign paymaster robbed or killed in Pelaez territory by Pelaez men, while it was a frequent occurrence in the Carranza controlled territory.

During the revolutionary period in Mexico, dating back to November of 1910, every foreign interest in the country has had to pay contributions, which is but the Mexican name for taxes, to the party in control in the district in which they operated. In addition they have had, as a rule, to pay the government taxes if they were operating in a district controlled by the rebels.

The government, such as it has been, has attempted to penalize the foreign companies for paying taxes to the rebels, alleging that it was an act of aid and comfort to the enemy of the government. The rebels, on the other hand, have insisted upon their taxes being paid or the retirement of the foreigners from their territory.

When Carranza first began his campaign against the Huerta government, his officers collected taxes in every section which they held, even temporarily, and made forced "loans" the rule, rather than the exception. Villa did the same, and it is likely that all the other rebel leaders did likewise.

So the claim of the present Mexican government that the foreign interests were aiding the enemies of the government falls to the ground, for it was either pay or leave the country, in the latter case to lose all they had invested.

J. G. PARKER SO RUNDOWN HE HAD TO GIVE UP WORK

SAYS HE HAD NO HOPE OF EVER BEING WELL MAN AGAIN.

After Trying Other Medicines Without Being Helped, Takes Tanlac and Health is Restored.

"I have not only gained fifteen pounds since I commenced taking Tanlac, but for the first time in four years I am able to eat three square meals a day without suffering afterwards," said James G. Parker who lives at McCloud, Cal., and who is connected with the McCloud Lumber Co., of that place, while in the Owl Drug Store in Portland, the other day.

"When I commenced taking Tanlac," continued Mr. Parker, "I had been in bad health for four years, and hadn't been able to hit a lick of work for over three months. I had been suffering from stomach trouble during all this time, and I had reached the point where everything I ate would give me indigestion and cause gas to form so bad that I would be in misery for hours at a time. I just got weaker all the time, and finally got to where I was hardly able to go to all. Then, last January, I had a severe attack of the 'flu' and after getting over that, my stomach was in worse condition than ever, and I also found my kidneys were in bad condition. I suffered so much with pains in my back that I could hardly sleep at all, and could not turn over in bed without some assistance. The different medicines and treatment I had didn't do me any good at all, and I finally had to give up work altogether, and had given up all hope of ever getting well again.

"Well I decided to make one more effort, and give Tanlac a trial. I had read so much about the good it was doing others who suffered as I did, and I saw no reason why it should not help me just as it had these other people. Why, it turned out to be the very thing I needed, and I commenced to pick up right away, and I just continued to improve until all my troubles were overcome. I have been in perfect health ever since, and am now as well and hearty as any man. I went back to work and have been steady at it until now, and I am taking a vacation during the rainy season. I never have the least sign of stomach trouble any more, and my kidneys seem to be in perfect condition. Tanlac is a wonderful medicine, and I praise it everywhere I go."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF CITY BEGIN TERM NEXT MONDAY

EVERYTHING IN READINESS FOR USHERING IN SCHOOL DAYS.

All Grades in City Schools Will Be Supplied With Teachers and All Will Get Down to Real Work.

On next Monday morning, September 15, the familiar notes of the old school bell will peal forth its tones in Laredo, for on that morning all the public schools of the Laredo Independent School District will begin their sessions for a term that will last until the ushering in of the summer season of 1920. The indications are that the largest enrollment in the history of the Laredo public schools will be recorded during the coming term.

City Superintendent Christen announces that all vacancies created in the different schools by the interference of Cupid or the removal of teachers from the city since their election have been filled, and that all grades will be ready to begin work Monday morning. The first thing to be done after the opening of the schools will be enrollment, organization of classes and laying out of study work for the term in each grade. Children will receive their supplies of necessary books and material after being given their grades and by the day following opening of the school everything will be laid out and teachers and pupils will get down to the real work before them.

The county and convent schools of Webb county and Laredo began their terms last Monday, and in each there are increased enrollments over that of last year, indicating that the scholastic population of this section is fast growing and that many new people are coming to Laredo and Webb county to cast their lot and make their future homes.

"LIVE WIRE" IS SURCHARGED WITH "PEPPY" SCHOOL NEWS

Volume 2, Number 1 of Laredo High School Publication Will Make Its Appearance Next Monday.

Volume 2, Number 1, of the "Live Wire," a bi-monthly school paper devoted to the interests of the pupils of the Laredo High School, and a publication that is spicy with news (electrifying news items, as the name signifies) and neatly printed, with a liberal advertising patronage, will make its appearance on next Monday morning, the "Live Wire" being printed in The Times office.

The complete managerial and editorial staff of the "Live Wire" has not as yet been selected, but the first issue is being put out with Miss Rosalie Biggio and Valentin Puig, Jr., as the editors, and these young people have devoted considerable time and thought to making the first issue of the second volume of the publication the best so far issued by the Laredo High School. The price of the "Live Wire" is five cents per copy and it will be issued every two weeks, although the issue appearing next Monday will be the smallest edition, as in future it is proposed to make it an eight-page paper.

WATCHING THE HURRICANE THAT CENTERS IN THE GULF

What Direction it Will Take From One Moment to Another is of Great Concern to the Coast Cities.

The progress of the hurricane which swept the Florida coast on Wednesday night is causing the usual interest among the residents of the Texas coast, as these treacherous gales, swirling and spinning never take a definite course and are liable to veer from one direction to an opposite one at any moment and strike and destroy a place. Nineteen years ago on Sept. 8 Galveston lost 10,000 of its residents as a result of a terrible hurricane, besides the loss of property that ran into the millions of dollars.

Since the Galveston storm there have been several other Texas coast cities that have suffered at the hands of the storm king, including Corpus Christi, Point Isabel, New Orleans, and now several Florida cities and Havana. Where the storm will go as it whirls around in the gulf is a matter of great concern to coast cities, while marine commerce is keeping an eye on the disturbance.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

Rt. Hon. H. H. Asquith, former British prime minister, born in Yorkshire, 67 years ago today.

Sir George Perley, Canadian High Commissioner in London, born at Lebanon, N. H., 62 years ago today.

Dr. Francis E. Clark, founder and head of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, born at Aylmer, Quebec, 68 years ago today.

Henry J. Allen, the present governor of Kansas, born in Warren County, Pa., 51 years ago today.

Milton H. Smith, president of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, born in Chautauqua County, N. Y., 83 years ago today.

OVER 400 BALES OF COTTON ARE GINNED IN THIS CITY

GIN ON THE HEIGHTS TURNING OUT BALES AT LIVE RATE.

Much Cotton is Being Brought Here From Points in Zapata County to Be Ginned and Marketed.

Up to 10 o'clock this morning, when The Times made inquiry by phone as to the number of bales of cotton that had been turned out by the Laredo Cotton Gin Co. on the Heights up to that time, the response came that bale No. 335 had just been put on the platform. Before The Times is issued this afternoon, however, the ginnings will be in excess of 400 bales.

For the convenience of cotton farmers and others in this section interested, the Times is furnishing the latest wire quotation of the cotton markets each afternoon, this report being furnished The Times by T. A. Austin & Co., and the report comes to the Times "hot off the wires" as soon as received. This firm, as the representatives of George H. McFadden & Bros. Co., is handling considerable Laredo cotton and giving the best market prices therefor.

Besides the cotton grown in the country immediately around Laredo, the local gin is handling a quantity of cotton being brought here from a distance, as such places as San Ignacio, forty-five miles down the Rio Grande from here, which has no cotton gin in that section, is sending seed cotton here, while cotton from the Randado and portions of Zapata and Jim Hogg counties will also be brought here for ginning and marketing. In other words, Laredo is this year an important cotton center, and it promises to grow in importance from now on, as cotton has proven a profitable crop and has done well here this season.

WHY COOK IT

When you can get it ready for serving? I have bought out the delicatessen line at the Sanitary Grocery and will run it entirely separate from the store. Fresh roasts of all kinds cooked daily. Salads, veal loaves, home-baked hams, breakfast bacon, boiled hams, lunch tongue, sausages, cheese, everything in the way of something good to eat. Pies, cakes, jelly rolls, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays after 4 p. m. Call 666 or 665. Ask for the Delicatessen Man. Cash only.

O. E. KENNEDY, 9-10-6t.

TEACHERS INSTITUTE ENDS ITS SESSION HERE TODAY

Number of Interesting Papers Were Read, While Teachers Also Listened to Interesting Talks.

The following program was carried out today at the final session of the City Teachers Institute of the Laredo Independent School District:

Paper, "Reading in the Primary Grades," by Miss Sanchez; paper, "School and Home Gardening—Past and Present," by Miss Margaret Jarvis; paper, "Training Pupils to Use the Library," by Miss Josephine Roberts; paper, "Training Children in Attention," by Mrs. Strain; paper, "Possibilities of Third and Fourth Grade Geography," by Mrs. MacGregor; paper, "What Free Text Books Will Do For the Public Schools," by Miss Z. de la Garza; paper, "How Thinking May Be Stimulated," by Miss Sharkey; paper, "Importance of Habit Formation in the Primary Grades," by Miss M. Cardenas; paper, "What Shorthand and Typewriting Mean to the Pupil," by Miss Kline; paper, "Latest Methods in School Management in Our Normals," by Miss Sue Brennan; paper, "A Teacher's Experience in War Work," by Miss Pierce; paper, "Uses of the Five Senses for Foundation Work in Primary Grades," by Miss E. Bunn; paper, "Introduction of the Study of Stenography in the Public Schools," by Miss Aminta Gonzales; paper, "Benefits Derived From the Co-operation of Teacher and Parent," by Miss R. Diaz; paper, "A Better America," by Mrs. Lobdell.

Mrs. Adelaide Gebhardt Macdonald spoke on "Music in the Schools," while Mrs. A. C. Richter spoke on "Importance of Music in the Curriculum." Dr. M. P. Cullinan spoke on "Relation Between the Teachers and the School Board," and Miss Julia Schuitz held a class demonstration in "First Grade Work," with Master Richard Bryant answering questions put to him by Miss Schultz.

THE SENATE NINE PATRIOTS.

The nine Senators who voted for the Lodge amendment restoring Shantung to China are nine patriots, who if they stand together, will supply a leadership that time and events will soon show to be invincible. Let us call the roll and keep the names of the illustrious nine before us, and take heart in the courage that enabled these Senators in a great crisis to forget self and serve America:

Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, chairman.

William Edgar Borah of Idaho.

Frank B. Brandegee of Connecticut.

Albert B. Fall of New Mexico.

Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania.

Warren G. Harding of Ohio.

Hiram W. Johnson of California.

George S. Moses of New Hampshire.

In the years to come it will be remembered of these nine Senators that neither threats from the White House nor whispers from Wall Street could budge them from their duty to America—and that they called Japan's bluff in Shantung.—Boston Transcript.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

FUNERAL HELD YESTERDAY IN THE CITY OF HER BIRTH

Remains of Mrs. Emily Brewster Bachelor Laid to Rest in Cemetery at Corpus Christi Yesterday.

The funeral of Mrs. Emily Brewster Bachelor, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. C. G. Brewster, who died in San Antonio on last Saturday evening, was held in Corpus Christi, the city of her birth, yesterday afternoon. The Corpus Christi Caller of yesterday morning contained the following announcement concerning the preparations for the funeral:

"The remains of Mrs. Emily B. Bachelor, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. C. G. Brewster of Laredo, who died at a San Antonio hospital at 8:30 o'clock Saturday evening, will be brought here for interment in the Old Bay View Cemetery. Mrs. Bachelor was a native of Corpus Christi, having been born here September 30, 1869. For the last five years she has resided at San Antonio. Surviving are her parents and three sisters, Mrs. Alma K. Hansen, wife of Col. L. E. Hansen, of Washington; Mrs. Lamar Potter, wife of Col. Paul C. Potter of New York; Mrs. Vivian A. Arnold, wife of Maj. A. C. Arnold of New York. Mrs. Potter arrived in San Antonio Tuesday night. Mrs. Brewster and Mrs. Hansen are expected to reach San Antonio today and will accompany the body here, arriving tonight or Friday.

"Funeral services will be held at San Antonio. The body will be met at San Antonio & Aransas Pass depot here and escorted to the cemetery for interment.

"Mrs. Arnold will not be able to attend the funeral on account of the illness of her husband who recently returned from France, where he was gassed and wounded.

"Colonel Brewster reached here Wednesday morning from Laredo to make funeral arrangements. Mrs. Brewster is a sister of Postmistress Georgia B. Welch. The family has many friends in this section.

"Following are the pallbearers: Maj. J. H. C. White, E. T. Merriman, Thos. B. Southgate, Herman Meuliy, B. G. Blossman and C. J. Macmanus. The exact time of the funeral will be announced later.

LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Seven carloads of lead, one carload of ixtle and one carload of baskets. Besides these there were a number of carloads of goods crossing over the international bridge.

—The fight fest at Fort McIntosh this evening beginning at 9 o'clock, in which there will be four different bouts, promises to attract one of the largest crowds of fight fans ever assembled on the military reservation, for there are some real good bouts on the program.

—Next Tuesday is Mexico's Fourth of July—"El 16 de Septiembre"—but no elaborate celebration of the event, like in former years, is announced for these parts. However, Nuevo Laredo will stage the usual parade, hold a grand "Jamaica" and have a bullfight as a part of the observance of the occasion.

—A light shower of rain fell here at noon today, and the condition of the clouded sky would indicate that there is more rain in prospect for either this afternoon or tonight.

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UNAPPRECIATIVE.

Small Girl (to her little brother)—Why can't you enjoy yourself? Yerve seen two fights an' a accident, an' been trod on by a V. C. Yer wouldn't ad treat like them if the Germans ad won. Ungrateful little monkey!

NOT ENOUGH TO GO AROUND.

"Suppose that, by a subscription of the rich, the 18 pence a day men earn now was made 5 shillings, it might be imagined that they would then be able to live comfortably and have a piece of meat every day. But this would be a very false conclusion. The transfer of 3 shillings and 6 pence a day to every laborer would not increase the quantity of meat in the country. There is not at present enough for all to have a decent share. What would then be the consequence? The competition among the buyers in the market of meat would rapidly raise the price from 6 or 7 pence to 3 shillings a pound."

These illustrations should show that what we need at this time is not wage increases, but increased production. More money will not solve our problem. Money can't buy what does not exist—an abundance for everybody. That can come only through hard and earnest work. If money could provide the remedy, bolshevik Russia would be rolling in plenty instead of starving while the peasants scorn the rubles offered in change for their precious wheat.

New Germany is preparing to meet the issue by legislating for a minimum working day of ten hours with no maximum. Italy, dauntless in peace as in war, shows her fine quality in the offer of her workers to lengthen hours of toil to any degree essential to rebuild the nation.

Is it possible that the powers that be in American labor circles are so blind as to disregard this supreme crisis in the world's economic state? Europe is in desperate need of at least 100,000,000 tons of our coal this winter to avert cold, disease and industrial prostration. Yet our coal miners announce their program for higher wages, a six-hour day and a five-day week. This means higher coal for this country, and perhaps a production insufficient for domestic needs. Does this look as if labor was cooperating to reduce living costs?

The railway shopmen, through their leaders, announce a rejection of President Wilson's wage adjustment. Through a persistent fight against piece work these same shopmen have shown a reduction in efficiency of 40 per cent in less than three years. Their lowered output has cost the country many millions of dollars, and now they threaten a national strike unless they are given more pay for less work.

No one denies that the rising cost of living is weighing heavily on all classes of our people except the very wealthy. But we are all beginning to realize that higher wages will not produce more food, more cotton goods, more clothing, more shoes, more transportation—more, in fact, of all the things that go to make up the sum of our daily requirements. Higher wages merely give increased buying power in a market already unable to meet the demands of purchasers.

The crisis now before us is not a conflict between capital and labor, or employer and employee. It is a conflict between producer and consumer. All of us are consumers and most of us who are able-bodied are producers, or ought to be. Wage demands of one group of producers react upon other producers in their dual capacity of consumers. We are all in the same boat. The time is past for special concessions to any one group. The motorman who strikes makes the bricklayer walk or pay higher fare. The bricklayer who strikes makes the motorman pay higher rent. You can carry the illustration through all the trades and industries. The reaction hits every member of the community.

The pendulum has reached the extreme of its swing. We have reduced working hours until production will not meet the demands of the world. Higher wages will be merely an aggravation. The needs of the people call for enlarged minimum—and not a lessened or restricted maximum—working days. If workers want higher pay, let it be on the basis of individual output. Restore piece work to stimulate effort. Permit the zeal of the illustrious nine before us, and take heart in the courage that enabled these Senators in a great crisis to forget self and serve America:

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City Drug Co.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

1819—Field Marshal von Bluecher, who commanded the German troops at Waterloo, died in Silesia. Born in Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Dec. 16, 1742.

1848—Switzerland adopted a new federal constitution.

1908—Orville Wright made an aeroplane flight of 2 hour 10 minutes and 24 seconds at Fort Myer, Va.

1910—The chief officials of several of the big packing companies were indicted by a Federal grand jury at Chicago.

1911—An eruption of Mount Etna, Sicily, caused thousands in the neighboring villages to abandon their homes and flee in panic.

1915—Austria rushed reinforcements to the Italian front.

1916—Russians made heavy attacks in East Galicia and on the lower Stokhod River.

1917—Steamship Minnehaha sunk off Irish coast, with loss of 59 lives.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

Sir Horace George Montagu Rumbold, who has been selected to be the first British minister to Poland, has a varied diplomatic experience. He is fifty years old and a son of the late Sir Horace Rumbold, who occupied many high posts in the British diplomatic service. Educated at Eton, the son began his career in 1888 when he was appointed honorary attaché at The Hague. Three years later he was transferred to Cairo. In 1895 he went to Teheran, and in 1897 to Vienna. In 1900 he was again in Cairo, where he became first secretary in 1904. In 1906 he went to Madrid, and from Madrid, two years later, to Munich. He was transferred to Tokio in 1909, and in 1913 went to Berlin, where he remained until the outbreak of the world war. Sir Horace is an accomplished linguist, and has been granted special allowances for his knowledge of Arabic, Persian and Japanese.

GERMAN TRADE.

France has resumed commercial relations with Germany. A year ago the French were declaring they would never, no never, again have any dealings whatsoever with the Germans. Despite the hatreds and prejudices of people, no matter what theorists may say, the trade dollar has no memory, nor has it a conscience. Hundreds of thousands of Americans are hoping the peace treaty will be ratified at once, so free and full trade relations can be resumed with Germany. Southern people especially are anxious to replenish the German cotton factories with the fleecy staple.—Plainview News.

The dollar may have no memory, but sometimes it appears to be animated by the equivalent of an embryonic conscience. The haste of the French to resume business with Germany is not altogether inspired by sordid motives, very likely. The sooner business is resumed the sooner will the French people begin to replenish their stomachs and to thatch their backs. This applies to the very poorest people of France as well as to the commercial class. Trade and industry make for the sustenance of the poor as well as of the rich, and the statesmen of the French republic realize full well that they can not in justice to France forbid traffic with their late enemies when such traffic promises advantages to Frenchmen as well as to Germans. And it is not discreditable that we of the South are very desirous of selling cotton to the German spinners. The German market is as much a part of our bread and butter as any other market is, and to deprive ourselves of butter in order to deprive the Germans of bread would be in keeping with the logic of the ancient individual who amputated his nose in order to bring humiliation to his face. However, the Germans are not able to buy much cotton, unless they can buy it on credit. Unless some arrangement is provided to that end, whereby they may be given dollar exchange without having to pay the ruinous exchange rate between their money and ours, they can have but little effect on the cotton market.—Galveston News.

OBEYING DOCTOR'S ORDERS.

She was the sort of woman who always tells everybody her business. With a cheery smile she settled herself at the counter of the gentlemen's furnishing shop and began: "My husband has been very ill—very ill indeed. So I have to do his shopping; and I want a nice shirt." "Certainly, madam," said the clerk, courteously. "Stiff front and cuffs?" "Oh, no!" she exclaimed, in horrified tones. "The doctor says he must avoid anything with starch in it."

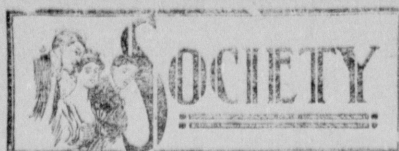
The coldest period of the day is usually a few minutes after sunrise. This is owing to the fact that when the sun first strikes the earth it causes the evaporation of a chilling moisture.

You're Sick! You're Tired! You're Nervous! Why?

To-day's call on the vitality is tremendous! Only those with strong nerves pull through with success! You need help! Something to renew wasted nerve tissues, put red corpuscles into your blood, and carry you through and "over the top." You need

SENSAPERSA

for this impaired condition. Stop the brain fog, the irritability, the nervous indigestion, the restless sleep, the tired and exhausted condition that is becoming habitual with you. Take Sensapera for ten days and your nerve health should double, try it and see how health and energy will come back and put you in the front ranks. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.
* Circle C. W. M. C. of the Baptist Church, will meet with Mrs. W. C. Beaman at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.
* Mrs. W. N. Young will entertain the Married Ladies Social Club Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock.
* The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton.
* The Boy Scouts will entertain with a party at Loma Vista Park on Thursday evening, complimenting their parents and friends.
Friday.
* The Blue Birds will meet at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl.
* Boy Scouts meeting in the evening at the headquarters hall.
* There will be a dance at Elks Hall in the evening at 9 o'clock.

The Celestial Surgeon.
If I have faltered more or less
In my great task of happiness;
If I have moved among my race
And shown no glorious morning face;
If beams from happy human eyes
Have moved me not; if morning
skies,
Books, and my food, and summer
rain
Knocked on my sullen heart in
vain—
Lord, thy most pointed pleasure take
Or, Lord, if too obdurate I,
Choose thou, before that spirit die,
A piercing pain, a killing sin,
And to my dead heart run them in!
—Robert Louis Stevenson.

General Mention.
Miss Estelle Kline returned home on Sunday from Breckenridge, Texas, where she visited relatives for two months.

Miss Ethel Friedlander has returned to her home in Tyler, Texas, after a pleasant visit to Mrs. F. Wormser and family.

Miss Emma Tharborn has returned from a week-end visit to relatives in San Antonio.

Mrs. J. R. Moore and little daughter, Mary Josephine, are still in California, where they will remain for a longer stay.

Miss Ruth Chamberlain and brother, Harry, who have been spending the summer with their grandparents, Judge and Mrs. J. M. Slaughter, will return to their home in San Antonio on Saturday. Judge Slaughter will accompany them.

Mr. Merle O'Keefe of California is in the city for a short stay.

Miss Maria and Angela Froboese of San Antonio, who have been visiting the Misses Rodriguez for the past two weeks, have returned home. Miss Eudelia Rodriguez accompanied them home for a few days' visit.

Mrs. C. M. de la Garza and little daughter left this morning for San Antonio to spend several days visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and children returned this morning from an extended visit to relatives in Ashland, Illinois, and after a short stay here will return to their home at Bruni, Texas. They report a very enjoyable trip and all returned in perfect health.

Approaching Wedding.
Cards are out for the approaching marriage of Miss Sofia, daughter of Mrs. Herlinda T. Vda. de Volpe and Mr. Jose Dodier. The wedding will take place in San Agustin church, Friday evening, September 12, 1919, at seven o'clock.

PERSONALS

C. H. Moore of Pine Bluff, Ark. is a visitor in the city.

A. D. Kutz of the Cia. Minerales y Metales with headquarters at Eagle Pass arrived in the city this morning on a short business trip.

Henry Woods and family of the La Josephine Ranch near Hebbronville left this afternoon for home after a short visit in the city.

T. Ayres Robertson, vice-U. S. Consul General at Monterey, arrived in the city this morning en route to San Antonio to place his son in college. They will leave on tonight's train for the Alamo City.

TIMES WANT ADS.

***** Money Makers *****

School Children Should Have Good Eyesight!



You owe it to your children to see they are not handicapped with weak eyes or poor vision! Future vision depends on the protection their eyes receive during the worst eye straining period of their life.

A graduate and registered optometrist in charge.
Kryptok Lenses Fitted.
Broken lenses quickly duplicated
L. DAICHES,
Jeweler and Optician
414 Flores Ave.

TIMES REPORTER EXONERATED.

Laredo, Texas, Sept. 11, 1919.

Editor Laredo Times.

Dear Sir:—I find that the correctness of your yesterday afternoon's report of the supposed action of the Chamber of Commerce, in reference to the pending charter amendments, has been challenged and that The Times is arraigned for publishing an "unauthorized and premature report" thereof. Now, just to keep the record straight, I desire to say that I am responsible, and The Times not, for the news item in question. In communicating to your reporter the fact that the committee, to which the proposed charter amendments had been referred, by the Chamber of Commerce, with request to report back such recommendations and conclusions as it deemed proper in the premises, had met and considered the amendments and had unanimously agreed to report them back to the Chamber, with a "recommendation that they do pass," to use a legislative phrase, I may have used, and probably did use, the term: "Chamber of Commerce," where I should have said Committee. I was so enthused and elated over the fact that such a recommendation, by a committee comprising broad-minded, influential men and women, spelled so much for the success of the proposed amendments, that I may have unintentionally, misled your reporter, and impressed him with my personal views of what the final course of the Chamber of Commerce, after due investigation and consideration, would be, for that which in fact had been. However this may be, the mistake is wholly mine, and I alone am responsible, and at the first opportunity afforded, will make my explanations and apologies to the Chamber of Commerce, to which explanation and apology is alone due.

Yours truly,
D. McN. TURNER.

FLOWER LEGENDS.

Human blood and tears are well known legendary sources of plants and flowers. Among the ancient Greeks such legends were common. The anemone, for example, was said to have sprung from the tears of Venus shed over the death of Adonis.

Among the Virginian tribes of Indians red clover was supposed to have sprung from the blood of red men slain in battle with the white invaders.

According to tradition, the Danish invasion was the cause of the Daneweed, a coarse astereous plant common in England, as it sprang from the blood of Danes slain in battle. It cut on a certain day in the year, the country people say, it bleeds.

In Sussex the lily of the valley is said to be a memorial of the battle of St. Leonard fought with a dragon. The holy man encountered the monster in the forest and battled with it for three days. At last the saint was victorious though wounded seriously, and wherever his blood dripped upon the ground there sprang up lilies of the valley in profusion. In France the lily of the valley is said to have sprung from the Virgin's tears.

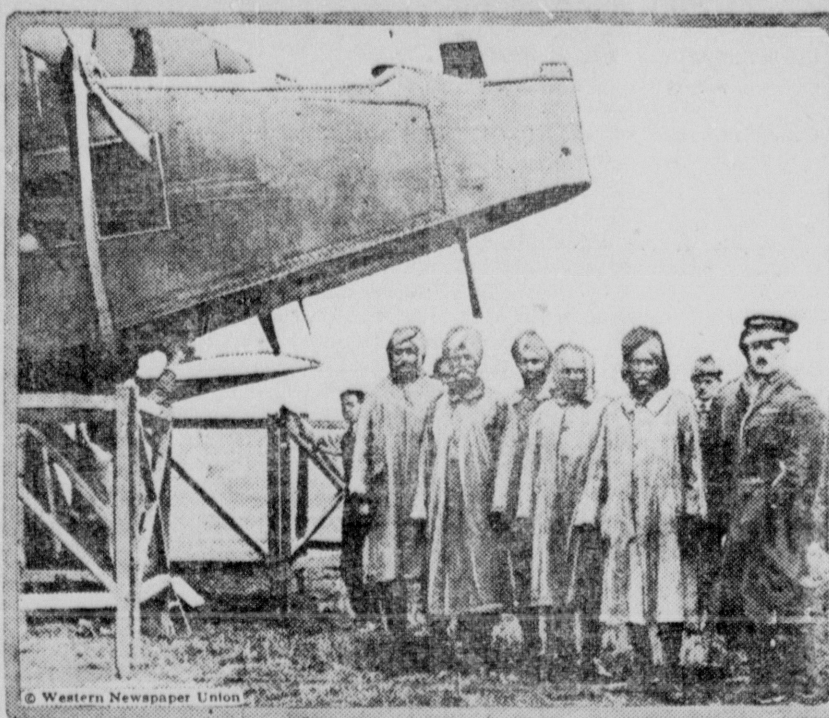
There is an amusing story told of the origin of the bramble. There were once three partners engaged in the wool trade. They loaded a ship with a large cargo but it was wrecked and the firm became bankrupt. All resorted to metamorphosis for protection. One partner became the bat, and so skulked about until midnight to avoid his creditors, and the second became the cormorant, and is forever diving into the deep to discover the foudered vessel; while the third became the bramble bush that sits by the roadside and seizes hold of every passing sheep to make up his loss by theft.

A rather humorous pedigree is assigned to the violet. These flowers were once girls who, having defeated Venus in a dispute she had with Cupid as to whether she or they excelled in sweetness, were beaten blue by the angry goddess and changed to violets.—Los Angeles Times.

Good for Bilioussness.

"Two years ago I suffered from frequent attacks of stomach trouble and bilioussness. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets advertised I concluded to try them. I improved rapidly."—Miss Emma Verbryke, Lima, Ohio.

INDIANS VISIT BIG AIRPLANE WORKS



Indian officers who visited and inspected the airplane works of the Handley-Page corporation, England, ready for their first airplane flight.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

About 760,000 men were employed in the coal mines in the United States during 1918.

The Anglican synod of Canada, by a large majority, refused to admit women as delegates.

More than 145 words a minute have been transmitted in English high-speed wireless telegraphy tests.

Norwegian government experimenters have succeeded in producing a bread containing 20 per cent of fish.

Needling no other preparation than cleaning, the inside bark of a tree is used in Ecuador for blankets.

A Texan is the patentee of new harness to hold a rod for a fisherman and leave his hands free for other purposes.

Holland will open an international aeronautic exposition at Amsterdam August 1 and continue it about six weeks.

A target invented by an Australian records the course of bullets in relation to both stationary and moving objects.

DALHOUSIE CELEBRATES.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 11.—Dalhousie University, one of the oldest and foremost institutions of learning in eastern Canada, today began a three day celebration of its centennial by ceremonies commemorative of its founding and the work it has accomplished during the century of its existence.

During the early morning scores of graduates and other friends of the university, together with distinguished educators from all parts of the Dominion who were invited to attend the celebration, joined in a tour of the campus and an inspection of the university buildings. This afternoon there were formal exercises, followed by the academic convocation in Memorial Library. The program for the remainder of the day called for a harbor excursion, followed in the evening by the centennial dinner, with addresses by many prominent guests.

The actual centennial anniversary of the university occurred last year, but owing to the war the celebration was deferred. It was in 1818 that Lord Dalhousie, who subsequently became Governor-General of Canada, founded the university in Halifax as an institution independent of class or sectarian control. The first sum provided for the establishment and maintenance of the university consisted of sixty thousand dollars, which represented duties levied on the captured American port of Castine, Maine, during the War of 1812.

A number of years elapsed before the university was ready for the reception of students. The first president was Rev. Thomas McCulloch, a Scottish minister, who had been identified with Pictou Academy. Besides the president there was a teaching staff of two, and a total enrollment of fewer than a score of students.

Not until the early eighties did Dalhousie become prominent in the educational world. Then, under the administration of President John Forrest, the college began to take a new life. Several liberal bequests and donations enabled the institution to build new buildings and extend its sphere of activities.

In recent years many Dalhousie graduates have risen to prominence in public life and in business and professional circles in the Dominion. Prominent among the number may be mentioned Hon. W. S. Fielding, Sir Richard McBride, who became premier of British Columbia; Duncan C. Fraser, late Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia, and Dr. A. Ross Hill, president of the University of Missouri.

President Hill of the University of Missouri is among those in attendance at the centennial celebration. Other noted educators from across the border who are at the celebration program for addresses are President Harry Pratt Judson of the University of Chicago and President Richard McLannin of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 7c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ALSO IN FLIGHT.

A bashful curate found the young ladies in the parish too helpful. At last it became so embarrassing that he left.

Not long afterward he met the curate who had succeeded him.

"Well," he asked, "how do you get on with the ladies?"

"Oh, very well indeed," said the other. "There is safety in numbers, you know."

"Ah!" was the instant reply. "I only found it in Exodus."

A man's hair, it is estimated, turns gray five years earlier than a woman's.

Health About Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Spell, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. . . . had us get Cardui. . . . I began improving, and it cured me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health. . . . can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

77a

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

FOUR KILLED IN BOSTON RIOT LAST NIGHT BY SHOTS FIRED MASSACHUSETTS GUARDS

Young Woman Died This Morning from Wound Inflicted Last Night—Governor Coolidge has Mobilized All Available Forces and Called on Secretary Daniels for More Men.

WRECKED SAILORS AT MERCY OF WAVES

Forty-five persons afloat in small boats as result of yesterday's storm.

By Associated Press.
Miami, Fla., Sept. 12.—A wireless today said 45 persons were adrift in small boats between the Fowey Rock lighthouse and Cape Florida, 15 miles from Miami. All were reported in distress. Details were unavailable, but it is presumed they are members of the crews of ships that went down during the hurricane yesterday. Boats have gone to rescue them.

Storm South of Pensacola.
Washington, Sept. 11.—The weather bureau reports today placed the center of the tropical hurricane at about latitude 22, longitude 86, making the center of the disturbance about 200 miles southeast of the mouth of the Mississippi river and 200 miles south of Pensacola. The movement is still toward the northwest.

Reach Gale Tonight.
New Orleans, Sept. 11.—The northeast storm warnings have been extended west to Morgan City on the Louisiana coast by the weather bureau. Northerly winds increased this afternoon and tonight probably will reach gale proportions in south Louisiana.

REPORT CAPTURE OF THREE AMERICANS

Held by bandits who blew up train between Tampico and San Luis Potosi.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 11.—The American embassy in Mexico City is investigating an unconfirmed report that three Americans, including two named Jones and Ferguson of Tampico, have been captured by bandits who blew up a train between San Luis Potosi and Tampico.

COTTON MARKETS.
The following reports are received by wire daily and give the quotations in the leading cotton markets:
Liverpool.

Opening—Spots good inquiry, prices easier. Sales 7,000, receipts 10,000, no American. Good middling 18.75 (English pence); middling 17.60. Quiet. Sept. 17.91-99; October 17.91-18.19; November 18.02-15; December 10.00-03; Jan. 17.97-18.20.

Close—Sept. 17.95; Oct. 17.96; Nov. 17.96; Dec. 18.00; January 18.02.

New York.
Opening—Spot 28.40; Oct. 28.35; Dec. 28.64; Jan. 28.50.
Close—Barley steady; Oct. 28.75-30; Dec. 28.90-29.00; Jan. 28.85-95. Spots quiet, 15 up. Middling 29c. Sales not given.

Houston.
Spots steady. Middling 29.50. Sales 800. To arrive 5.771.
Galveston.
Spots steady, unchanged. Middling 29.50. Sales none; f. o. b. 300.

Return to His Home Here
Earl Lake, son of Mr. and Mrs. George T. Lake of this city, who has been with the hospital corps overseas for the past seventeen months and was in the fighting zone most of the time, recently returned to this country and received his discharge from the army at Camp Travis yesterday.

This morning the parents of the young man were agreeably surprised when he returned to his home in North Laredo, looking in fine health and spirits.

By Associated Press.
Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—The death today of a young woman, believed to be named Margaret Walsh, brought the number of last night's riot victims to four. The young woman was shot during a disturbance in South Boston where the state guards fired into a crowd. Two men were killed at the same time. Another death occurred when a man tried to escape from state guards who rounded up dice game participants. He was shot through the neck. Governor Coolidge wired the secretary of the navy requesting that naval forces be held in readiness for a call to supply additional troops for Boston's protection. With six regiments of state guards under arms, the governor has mobilized all the forces at his command.

MINORITY REPORT DENIES THE CLAIM

Says Germany closed chapter by signing and ratifying the treaty.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 11.—Rejection of the peace treaty with the league of nations or adoption of the amendments means the sacrifice by the United States of all the concessions obtained from Germany under the dictated peace, the minority members of the foreign relations committee declared in a report to the senate today. Prepared by Senator Hitchcock, the report urged speedy ratification of the treaty without amendments or reservations. It deplored the "long unnecessary delay to which the treaty was subjected while locked up in committee, whose recommendations from the start were a foregone conclusion." It asserted that these recommendations could have been made in July. Senator Shields (Democrat) of Tennessee, did not sign, announcing that he favored the reservations. The other Democrats on the committee signed. The minority denied the majority claim that the peace conference was still in session and had the power to bring the German representatives to Paris, saying such power of compulsion was exhausted. "Germany closed the chapter by signing and by ratifying."

CONSTITUTION DAY.
By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 11.—In conformity with the plans of the National Security League for a nationwide celebration of the 122d anniversary of the enactment of the federal constitution, Governor Hobby today proclaimed September 17 as Constitution Day.

WEATHER FORECAST.
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Friday generally fair.

Local Weather Report.
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 91 degs.
Min. temp. 57 degs.
General direction of wind: East.
Clear.

INTERESTING ANNOUNCEMENT
"Come over to Gadsden's house right away."
"What's the occasion?"
"We are going to observe the passing of John Barleycorn by burying a corkscrew."
"I might be able to attend the exercises. Is—er—the corkscrew going to be buried in a cork?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 11.
British advanced near to Cambrai and St. Quentin.
Germans suffered heavy losses in counter-attacks on Franco-Americans.
Bolsheviks defeated east of Ural Mountains by Czechoslovaks and Siberian forces.

BOLSHEVIKI TOOK 12,000 PRISONERS

Wireless from Moscow declares surrender of Kolchak's army is imminent.

By Associated Press.
London, Sept. 11.—A Bolshevik wireless from Moscow claims the capture of nearly 12,000 prisoners from Admiral Kolchak's All-Russian forces in the region of Akhtubinskorsk. It is declared that the surrender of the remainder of Kolchak's army is expected.

Waiting for New Cabinet.
Paris, Sept. 11.—The Serbian delegation advised the peace conference that because the government at Belgrade had fallen it was unable to obtain instructions concerning the signing of the Austrian treaty. The delegation said it would have to wait for a new cabinet.

Agreed on Plebiscite.
Paris, Sept. 11.—Plans for the settlement of the question of the Teschen mining district, in dispute between Poland and Czechoslovakia, have been adopted by the supreme council, who agreed that a plebiscite be taken in that district.

Rioting at Fiume.
London, Sept. 11.—There are unconfirmed reports here of serious rioting at Fiume between Italian and Jugo-Slav troops, and it is said the allies were compelled to intervene.

WILL UNITED STATES FULFILL ITS PLEDGE

That is question, declared Mr. Wilson in speech on the treaty ratification.

By Associated Press.
Billings, Montana, Sept. 11.—Laying his appeal for the peace treaty before the people of Montana, President Wilson declared that the question of ratification was the question whether the United States would fulfill its pledges to its own people and the world.

Left for Helena.
Billings, Mont., Sept. 11.—President Wilson left for Helena at 11:10 this morning.

BRITISH NAVAL POLICY.
The personnel of the British navy, numbering 407,000 at the date of the armistice, has been reduced to 180,000, we learn from the debates in the House of Commons, and of the 302 warships and 806 auxiliaries under contract when the war ended only 84 warships and 110 auxiliaries are being completed. The ships on which work continued, the government explained, were either those needed to replace vessels used up by the war, or those craft on which construction had proceeded too far to be stopped without loss. Of the four battle cruisers three were among the ships cancelled. At the same time members declared that the League of Nations is too much of an experiment to permit any great reduction of the navy at present. Still the tone of the debate seemed to indicate a feeling that if the league proved its worth Great Britain would be glad to lessen its naval burden. Members expressed a hope that no British government would ever make it its naval policy to build against the United States.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Notice.
All pupils having conditions in High School work will report at Central School building for examination Friday, September 12. Pupils from outside schools desiring to enter High School will apply at superintendent's office at Central School any morning this week.
L. J. CHRISTEN, Supt.
9-83t.
Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

A FATAL RIOT.

Once more we have the example of what the ignorant foreign-born workman is capable of when led by riot-chief-making disturbances. The riot at Hammond, Indiana, in which five of the strikers were killed and fifteen others wounded, was due to the ignorance of the men engaged, and the lack of all respect for law on the part of the strikers.

No good can come out of disobedience of the law. Even though temporarily successful, every riot always results in injury to the people as a whole, especially as a successful riot encourages the lawless to repeat their attacks on the proper authorities.

The strikers who returned to work were entitled to protection at the hands of the officers. They were within the law, and they demanded the protection of the law. The rioting strikers were also entitled to their rights until they overstepped the boundaries of the law and took the punishment of the seceding workmen into their own hands.

The fault of the seceders was not against the law, even though it was resented by the strikers who remained firm in their strike as a disobedience of union law. And when a man takes up arms against the constituted authorities he places himself beyond the pale of the law.

The mistaken notion obtains among the ignorant that the law favors the rich as against the poor, but a moment's consideration will demonstrate the foolishness of this idea. The strikers were not fired upon because they were striking, but because by force they attempted to prevent others from working.

From attacking the returning strikers to assailing the police was but a step, and had they been successful in their assault they probably would have attacked the property of their former employers.

Whenever the strikers put themselves in the wrong they lose the moral support of the thinking people of any community. The strikers have no more right to attack those who take the positions they have vacated than the employers would have to attack the strikers in their homes. It is not true that the relation between employer and employee means industrial war, nor is it true that the capitalist has the support of the law, no matter what he does.

But the capitalists have the shrewdness to keep within the law, although sometimes they hide behind its technicalities, and the strikers are easily led by unscrupulous leaders to go outside the law in their attempts to win the fight.

There is no attempt on our part to support either side to the original contention. The strike may have been justified by conditions, or the employers may have been in the right. But the strikers placed themselves in the wrong when they attacked the officers of the law.

The idea of the ignorant Europeans is that nothing wins but brute force. In their own country the force is on the side of the government, and it is used brutally. In this country the mildness of punishment for infractions of the law is considered by the ignorant as proof of weakness, whereas it is really the reverse. The strong government does not have to use force, while the weak government always has to depend upon it to conceal its weakness.

It is unfortunate that men have to be killed because they resist the lawful authority of the preservers of the peace, but it would be still more unfortunate if our government were to be so weak that it could not prevent disorder.

Russia is giving us daily examples of what lawlessness can accomplish against the will of the people, which is the foundation of all law. And it were better that every rioter in our country were killed than that we should descend to the level of the Russia of today.

THE JUDAS CULT.

A Christian worker among the slum children in New York told his class the story of Judas and then asked one of the boys: "Mike, would you say Judas was a good man?" The answer came hesitatingly: "Well, he never done nothin' to me!"

The Bolsheviks are improving on Mike's attitude of neutrality. They are planning to erect a monument to Judas Iscariot, who might well be called their patron saint!

The history of Bolshevism is one of betrayal, and it reeks with the odor of innocent blood betrayed for lucre. An ancient said of money that it did not smell (non olet), but the Judas money which the Germans paid the Bolsheviks for the betrayal of their own people certainly "smells to high heaven."

Of all the crimes that appall and frighten, there is one that is more disgusting than all the others, and that is the betrayal of the innocent for a price. In all recorded history there is no crime which calls forth the denunciation of all as does the betrayal of the Saviour by Judas Iscariot. Not merely because the Saviour was divine, but because He was innocent of any crime.

Bolshevism, anarchy, I. W. W.-ism—all are based upon betrayal. To those who believe in the virtue of treason toward the state, treachery to their fellow members comes natural. So it is perfectly comprehensible that the Bolsheviks revere the memory of

the greatest traitor the world has ever known—the one who betrayed his Master after dipping his hand in the dish with him.

There is something so revolting in the story of Judas that it has furnished the type for all acts of treason since that time. Even the Jewish priests who profited by the crime of Judas cast him forth from the temple when they had no further need for him. The money that was paid him—"the price of innocent blood"—was not considered fit for other uses and was paid over for the potter's field where the outcast dead were buried.

The story of Judas is finely told. There is not a single detail left out which could point out the complete and all-embracing treachery of Judas. The fact that the one who dipped his hand in the same dish with the Master was the one who betrayed him showed the full completeness of the treachery. For among the Oriental peoples, he who accepted the hospitality of anyone was bound to him by a closer tie than that of relationship, and to "eat salt" with one was to bind the two together in mutual defense.

The Bolsheviks were eager to attain power, and grasping after riches. They had sworn solemn oaths to work together for "Holy Russia," and their associates were Russian, whatever their political creed.

So the acceptance of money from the Germans in payment for the betrayal of their own country was the basest of all human crimes. There is no similar crime recorded in history since the arch saint of Bolshevism betrayed the Saviour of mankind.

But Judas still was capable of a human sentiment. His horror at what he had done, his remorse over being the instrument for the shedding of innocent blood, were so great that he went out and hanged himself.

So far, the only Bolsheviks who have committed suicide have done so for fear of being captured. Their crimes have been so many and so great that they dread falling alive into the hands of the avengers, so they sometimes cheat justice by suicide.

It is doubtful if the majority of the Bolshevik leaders—certainly none of the rank and file—are capable of feeling remorse for their evil deeds. Their only human sentiments are those of greed, sexual passion, love of power, and fear.

So these humble modern followers of Judas Iscariot cannot hope to emulate him to the fullest extent. They can only revere his memory, erect a shrine to him and do their best—or their worst—to follow his example.

Notice to Truck Owners.

Owners of trucks doing public hauling in the City of Laredo are hereby notified that their licenses expired on August 31st, and they are requested to call at my office in the City Hall at once and procure a new license for the ensuing year ending August 31st, 1920.

D. C. De LACHICA,
City Tax Collector.
9-9-15t.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 10.

Lord Brooke, who served as British aide to General Pershing, born 37 years ago today.

Dr. Lynn Harold Hough, the new president of Northwestern University, born at Cadiz, Ohio, 42 years ago today.

Dr. Stratton D. Brooks, president of the University of Oklahoma, born at Everett, Missouri, 50 years ago today.

Rt. Rev. Harry S. Longley, suffragan bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Des Moines, born at Cohoes, N. Y., 51 years ago today.

French closed on south end of Hindenburg line, approaching close to St. Quentin.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 10.

Steamer Berwind sunk by German submarine.

British airmen bombed submarine bases at Bruges and Ostend.

French closed on south end of Hindenburg line, approaching close to St. Quentin.

THE JUDAS CULT.

SEPTEMBER 10.

George M. Cohan, who has been taking a conspicuous part in the efforts of the theatrical managers to "break" the actors' strike, is one of the best known and most popular of American comedians and playwrights, who began acting when he was a lad in knickerbockers, made his first hit while still in his early teens, and later, in vaudeville, caught the crowd with a sketch called "The Four Cohans," in which he shared honors with other members of his family.

Later Mr. Cohan came to be the managing producer and popularizer of plays of his own and also those of other clever playwrights. As a writer of popular songs he has also earned an enviable reputation. From his efforts as actor, playwright, songwriter, producer and manager he has earned a fortune that, according to popular belief, has placed him in the millionaire class.

APPROVAL OF AMENDMENTS BY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Laredo Commercial Body Endorses the Proposed Amendments to the Charter of City of Laredo.

Several days ago Hon. D. McNeil Turner, acting on behalf of the city of Laredo, addressed the members of the civic improvements committee and board of directors of the Laredo Chamber of Commerce in behalf of the proposed amendments to the charter of the city of Laredo, laying stress on the importance of the proposed changes and their necessity to bring it up to the standard of efficiency that other municipalities enjoy—a modern charter.

The committee of the Chamber of Commerce took the matter of endorsement of the amendments under consideration, recommending that the Chamber of Commerce as a whole heartily endorse and support the proposed amendments, and this report has been unanimously adopted, which means that the Laredo Chamber of Commerce members will exert every effort in their power for the adoption of the proposed amendments by the tax-paying voters of the city.

To the Public.

I have sold to Mr. O. E. Kennedy my delicatessen department, and he will hereafter conduct it himself. I take pleasure in recommending Mr. Kennedy to my patrons, and assuring them of prompt and courteous service, as in the past.

O. H. GUINN.
9-19-2t.

FIELD ORGANIZER IS HERE BEHALF COMING CAMPAIGN

Plans Are Being Perfected For Salvation Army Campaign Which Will Continue for One Week.

A. J. Evans, field organizer of the Salvation Army campaign, is here in the interest of the national campaign to raise the sum of \$13,000,000 to finance the work of the Salvation Army throughout the United States during the coming year and do away with the old-time system of collecting money.

This campaign is endorsed by the president, ex-president, commercial, industrial and fraternal organizations and all religious denominations of the country and will be held from September 29 to October 6, inclusive. Governor Hobby of this state has issued a proclamation setting aside the week mentioned for a vigorous campaign in Texas, and he has also issued a proclamation making Sunday, Sept. 28, "Salvation Army Home Service Sunday" and calling upon the people of Texas to do their part and the ministers of all denominations to use the Salvation Army on that date as the theme of their sermons.

Ira O'Meara has accepted the county chairmanship of the Webb county campaign at the urgent request of the Elks and Laredo Chamber of Commerce, and these two organizations, together with all others in Laredo, will get behind the campaign to make it a success.

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L. J. CHRISTEN, Supt.
9-8-3t.

THIRD DAY OF INSTITUTE HAS GOOD ADDRESSES ON

City Teachers Listen With Interest to Short Talks and Also Papers Submitted by Teachers.

The third day of the City Teachers' Institute opened this morning with an excellent address on "Team Work" by Robert L. Bobbitt. In his remarks Mr. Bobbitt brought out some good points on the reconstruction of the country by honest and earnest team work of the people.

Dr. C. F. Kenney made a very good talk on "The Curing of Diseases by the Mind, Medicine and Mechanical Means." His remarks were of great value to all those who listened to him with interest.

Mrs. G. W. Derby spoke on "The Co-operation Between Teachers and Parents" and brought out some of the needs to that end. Mrs. Camp responded and earnestly endorsed Mrs. Derby's main points. Then an interesting discussion followed on this important subject.

Miss Schultz presided over the institute and the following interesting papers were read: "Modern Methods in History Work," by Miss Flora Bunn; "Patriotism Through Stories," by Miss Maude Mussett; "An Important Character in American History—General Pershing," by Miss Ochoa; "Methods of Teaching Spelling," by Mrs. Mains; "Why We Need Good Roads," by Miss Johnson; "Educational Use of Motion Pictures," by Miss Salinas. Prof. John Reynolds spoke to the Institute on "Wipe Out Illiteracy; Teach English to Foreigners."

TIMES WANT ADS.
Money Makers

A BIG FISTIC EXHIBITION AT FORT M'INTOSH FRIDAY

FIGHT CARD STARTS PROMPTLY AT NINE O'CLOCK.

Everybody Invited to Attend; Subscription Will Be Taken Up to Defray Expenses of Exhibition.

The big boxing exhibition at Fort McIntosh on a platform on the parade grounds on Friday evening will begin promptly at 9 o'clock, instead of 7:30 o'clock, as previously announced, and the indications are that the four bouts will be witnessed by several thousand soldiers and civilians, as everybody is cordially invited to attend and no charges of admission will be made, though a subscription will be taken up to defray expenses and those so desiring can make a voluntary contribution thereto.

If you appreciate good boxing do not fail to be at Fort McIntosh next Friday night promptly at 9 o'clock—better be on hand early and get a place from where you can view the fight from a point of vantage. Good purses have been hung up for the bouts and some dandy boxing is anticipated, this being made possible through the efforts of the soldiers' friends, the War Camp Community Service and the Knights of Columbus, who are always there with the bacon when it comes to helping the soldier boys.

The following is the fight card which will be carried out during the exhibition on Friday evening:

Young Peña vs. "Batling" Hansen, six rounds.

Pete Kouhoukas, the "terrible little Greek," vs. "One Round" Flores. "Bum Spears," the black demon, vs. "Black" Heaven, the dark terror.

The last bout on the program will be the feature exhibition of the evening, a ten-round go between "Bobby" Mason and "Sailor Boy," Billy Williams, two of San Antonio's premier lightweight.

Notice to Milk Producers.

We are now prepared to handle all the milk you can produce and will pay you on the butter fat basis at the wholesale price of butter fat and you can retain the separated milk to feed to your pigs and calves.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.
9-6-6t.

Diarrhoea in Children.

For diarrhoea in children one year old or older you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, followed by a dose of castor oil. It should be kept at hand and given as soon as the first unnatural looseness of the bowels appears.

T. A. AUSTIN & COMPANY

Representing as General Agents:

The Aggeler & Musser Seed Company, of
Los Angeles, California.

Now delivering the New Crop Bermuda Onion Seed, also Cabbage, Lettuce and Spinach Seed. Have a few hundred pounds of Imported Tenerife New Crop Bermuda Onion Seed unsold, for next week's delivery—Price Right.

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TWO PERSONS 25C
THREE PERSONS 40C
FOUR PERSONS 60C

Zone No. 2

ONE PERSON 25C
TWO PERSONS 30C
THREE PERSONS 40C
FOUR PERSONS 50C

AFTER 11 P. M. AND RAINING, PER PERSON 25C

R. ORNELAS, Prop

PIANOS, PIANO PLAYERS AND PHONOGRAPHS

TERMS IF DESIRED

ALAMO CITY MUSIC HOUSE

610 SAN AGUSTIN AVENUE

I. L. DIXON, Representative

COMITTEE MAY COME HERE FOR THEIR INVESTIGATION

Congressional Committee to Investigate Mexican Situation Have Started Work in Washington, D. C.

The congressional investigation into the Mexican situation has begun in Washington, according to information published in the newspapers of the country, and it is expected that within a very short time some interesting facts will be elicited in the investigation, as numerous witnesses from various points on the Texas-Mexican, Arizona-Mexican, California-Mexican borders will be asked to give testimony on matters that have taken place in their sections during the past few years.

Laredo will no doubt be called upon to furnish a number of witnesses before the investigating committee headed by Senator Fall, and they may come here to conduct their investigation. During the past few years quite a few incidents of international interest have taken place near here, including the murder of Clemente Vergara, the murder of Porfirio Laurel, the San Ignacio raid, the attempt to dynamite the railroad bridge at Webb, the battle between immigration and customs inspectors and Mexicans in which Hopkins and Hill were killed and numerous other incidents that will be investigated.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

All subscribers to the Capital Stock of "HOME ICE COMPANY" are hereby notified that the Board of Directors of said Corporation, at a called meeting thereof held on the 2nd day of September, 1919, pursuant to Art. 1169 of the Revised Civil Statutes of this State, and the By-Laws of the company, passed a resolution calling for a payment of fifty per centum of unpaid subscriptions to be made on or before October 15, 1919, and another payment of fifty per centum thereof, on or before November 15, 1919, and that notice of such call be published as required by law.

L. J. CHRISTEN,
Secretary Home Ice Co.
9-9-3t.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING
CHARMING CREATIONS IN
FALL MILLINERY

GAGE PATTERNS RECEIVED
WEEKLY

MISS M. SALLEE.
1209 LINCOLN ST.

LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: One carload of lead, one carload of hides and three carloads of ixtle.

—Dr. Lowry has returned and has resumed his practice. 9-10-12t.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROWS. 8-30-4t.

—Mrs. Adam, the dress-maker, has moved to 1419 Cortez street. 8-18-1m.

—The postoffice, in addition to handling regular mail, registered mail, parcels post, etc., is still engaged in selling army provisions to all applicants and deliveries are being made as fast as the goods arrive. And there are some real bargains offered, too, in these standard goods which were put on the market to combat the profiteers.

—Violin Studio reopens September 15th. Class and individual instruction. Phone 1016. A. J. Notzon. 9-10-6t.

—Limeade, the best summer drink. Windrow says so. 8-30-4t.

—We do all kinds of plumbing work, gas fitting and sewer work. Also making and repairing cess pools. For quick service phone 1203 day and night. B. Juarez, plumber. 8-12-4t.

—The great feature play at the Strand Theater yesterday and today, starring dainty Mary Pickford in "Daddy Long Legs," has attracted capacity audiences that filled the showhouse. Miss Pickford, the acknowledged favorite of all screen artists, is at her best in the play now on and everywhere in the country the production has met with an enthusiastic reception.

—Invitation dances at Elks Hall every Thursday evening. Invitations may be obtained at Elks Club Thursday evening. Gentlemen 50c, ladies free. 9-10-2t.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROWS. 8-30-4t.

—The Laredo Abstract Company, Mr. Walter Brown, manager, has opened an office in the Bertani Building, Room No. 25. 7-16-4t.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROWS. 8-30-4t.

—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1701 Hidalgo St. 6-18-4t.

—Pauline Frederick in "The Fear Woman," a strong drama, was the feature at the Royal last night, and those who are acquainted with the kind of acting done by this popular actress expected of her the high quality of histrionic work she did in the play yesterday and last night at the Royal.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 8-5-4t.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-4t.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-4t.

—The commissioners court, which was in special session yesterday examining the rolls of the county tax collector, completed their work late yesterday afternoon, approved the work of County Assessor B. J. Leyendecker and his able assistant and adjourned.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-4t.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-4t.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-16-4t.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-4t.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-4t.

WHY COOK IT

When you can get it ready for serving? I have bought out the delicatessen line at the Sanitary Grocery and will run it entirely separate from the store. Fresh roasts of all kinds cooked daily. Salads, veal loaves, home-baked hams, breakfast bacon, boiled hams, lunch tongue, sausages, cheese, everything in the way of something good to eat. Pies, cakes, jelly rolls, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays after 4 p. m. Call 666 or 665. Ask for the Delicatessen Man. Cash only.

O. E. KENNEDY,
9-10-6t.

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WITH

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PHONE 82

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes acid, dyspepsia, etc. Ask for booklet.

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Plumbing, gas fitting and sewerage.

201 Farragut St.

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WORK GUARANTEED

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN

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Builders' Hardware and all kinds of

Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

Attention Farmers!

I will have daily quotations from the leading cotton markets of the country. This service is for your benefit. Phone or call my office any time you wish. Will be glad to keep you posted. Some of the leading cotton firms of the country will have representatives in my office. Don't be in too big a hurry to sell your cotton or seed.

PHONE 687

Office 1217 Farragut St.

J. S. WESTBROOK

LIVELY SCENE ABOUT GIN ON HEIGHTS IN THIS CITY

Many Wagonloads and Truckloads of Cotton on Hand at All Times Awaiting Their Turn to Unload.

A visitor to the cotton gin plant on the Heights by one who has visited some of the big cotton centers of the state and observed the interesting scenes about the place, will have a reminder of old times brought back to them.

The gin here is running full blast to handle all the cotton brought there to be ginned. At all hours of the day the space about the gin for a block or more is crowded with wagons and trucks loaded with seed cotton awaiting their turn to get under the suction pipe and unload their cotton into the gin, which is done as expeditiously as possible. Up to this time nearly 300 bales of cotton have been ginned here.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

SEPTEMBER FIRST!

Time to get back to work. But are you ready to work? What can you do? It isn't a question of schooling; it's a question of knowledge. If you want to do anything well you have to learn how. When you start out to find a job, you'll meet it a good deal sooner if you have a good business training. The Laredo Business College is prepared to help you. We are issuing tickets on the Road to Success every day. Come in and get yours. The school that keeps pace with Laredo. Why go elsewhere?

THE PRESENT STATE OF PEACE.

An even dozen wars, according to current news, are disturbing the world's peace. The Roumanians happen to occupy the center of the stage, but the situation there is no more serious than that in Yugoslavia, Silesia, Poland, Ukraina, Hungary, Lithuania, Latvia, Russia and several other unregenerated sideshows of the present day version of the Holy Alliance.

Possibly the oddest of all these various complicated eruptive maladies upon the theoretically pacified earthy epidermis is in the Ukraine. Here is a self-constituted power which has not yet been officially recognized by the League of Nations. Yet it is waging a vigorous war in the southwestern corner of what formerly was Russia, and its troops have captured the important town of Kiev. A struggle impends with Roumania over that thin wedge lying between the Prut and the Dniester. The world powers—that be—are asked to step in and stop Ukrainian aggressions and massacres of Jews. A large section of what used to be Austrian Poland is now in dispute between the newly created Poland and the Ukraine; but at the same time Poland, like Ukraine, is waging war on the Russian Reds. Despite all the ethnological experts who helped delineate the boundaries of the new Europe there is no end of ethnological dispute and the Jugoslavs very much resent Roumania's effort to grab a piece of Hungary because, say these Jugoslavs, the people in that particular territory are more Slav than Roumanian or Hungarian; and therefore it should belong neither to Hungary nor to Roumania, but to Jugoslavia.

If things continue as they are about half the recognized as well as the unrecognized nations of the globe will be up for hearing before the bar of international justice, peace and honor, the moment the League of Nation's doors are opened for business.—Detroit Free Press.

The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c, and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from

THOUGHT SHE HAD MOVED.

Mrs. Clancey was a very sarcastic woman, and it was probably due to this fact that she had a falling out with her friend, Mrs. Murphy, who lived in the apartment just under her.

One day, while Mrs. Clancey was feeling particularly mean, she looked down from her window and saw Mrs. Murphy also enjoying the scenery. She could not resist the temptation to take a shot at her.

"Of say, Murphy," she called down in deep sarcasm, "why don't you take your ugly old mug out in the windy and put your pet monkey in its place? That'd give the neighbors a change they'd like."

Mrs. Murphy looked up.

"Well, now, Mrs. Clancey," she slowly said, "it was only this mornin' that I did that very thing, and the polecat came along, an' whin he saw the monkey he bowed and smiled and said: 'Why, Mrs. Clancey, whin did ye move downstairs?'"

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mrs. Mary D. Bailey, who has been chosen city treasurer, is the first woman to hold public office in Flint, Mich.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, the great French actress, will celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of the beginning of her stage career next year.

Mrs. G. M. Saltzger, whose husband is U. S. Pension Commissioner, has the distinction of being the first woman in Ohio to be elected to membership on a county health board. Her home is at Van Wert, Ohio.

If a measure introduced into Parliament by the present Government becomes a law all women in Great Britain will be required to serve as jurors, though with a provision that they may be released from service in objectionable cases.

Jean Webster, one of the most successful of American women playwrights, is a niece of the late "Mark Twain," and is said to possess much of her uncle's sense of humor. Her published stories and plays have been notable for their wit as well as for their originality.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.
The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.
The K. of C. will entertain with a Tacky Farewell Party at the hall at Fort McIntosh in the evening.
Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Per Aspera.
Thank God, a man can grow!
He is not bound
With earthward gaze to creep along
The ground:
Though his beginnings be but poor
and low,
Thank God, a man can grow!
The fire upon his altars may burn
dim.

The torch he lighted may in darkness fall,
And nothing to rekindle it avail—
Yet high beyond his dull horizon's rim
Arcturus and the Pleiades beckon
him.
—Florence Earle Coates, (From "Poems," Houghton-Mifflin Co.)

General Mention.
Rev. J. Ward left Saturday for San Antonio with his grandson, Edward Biggio, who will enter the West Texas Military College for the coming year.

Miss May Netzer is home from Austin, where she attended summer school. After visiting her parents until the latter part of the month she will return to Austin to re-enter the University.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. J. A. MacDonald from Wisconsin, where she and two little daughters, Mary Bease and Helen, are enjoying a most delightful stay near Butternut Lake.

Dick Derby has returned from Hebronville, where he visited Mrs. Armstrong and family.

A mention was made in the San Antonio Express of Sunday, of the departure of Mrs. H. M. Taylor from San Antonio en route to New York to meet Col. Taylor who is returning to the United States after a two years' stay in France.

Mrs. Shahady and children have returned from Corpus Christi, where they have been spending the summer.

Hugh Earnest and Louis Armstrong arrived in the city recently from Hebronville and after a short stay will go to San Antonio to enter school.

Mr. and Mrs. Breeze Burr and little daughter have returned from a week-end visit in San Antonio.

Mrs. E. Rex Tarver and children, who are visiting relatives in Austin, are expected home the latter part of the week.

Mr. Edmund Foster is on a surveying trip near Cotulla and will return home this week.

Mr. L. Lykins has gone to San Antonio on a short business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry G. Earnest returned home Sunday from several weeks stay at Mineral Wells. Mrs. Thaison, Mrs. Lattig and Miss Annie Thaison remained there for a longer visit.

Announcements.
Mrs. W. N. Young will entertain the Married Ladies Social Club Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton.

The Boy Scouts will entertain with a party at Loma Vista Park on Thursday evening complimenting their parents and friends.

Next week on Wednesday, September 17th, the Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold its first meeting of the season at the Rectory. A full attendance is urged, as matters of importance will be discussed and annual election of officers will be held.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Kelly announce the engagement of their daughter, Verna Josepha, to Corporal Richard Ivan Craig, of Fort McIntosh.

Entertainment.

Among the swimming parties noticed last evening was a happy crowd of young people, chaperoned by Mrs. Greene, who enjoyed a splash in the Bella Vista pool. The personnel included Misses Courtney Slaughter, Judie Blackman, Hazel Merriman,

WOMAN AIR MAIL CARRIER



The distinction of being the first woman to act as an aerial mail carrier fell to Aviatrix "Fanchon." She is here shown receiving the mail sacks at San Francisco.

Bettie Beene, Mr. William Merriman, Captain Gallagher, Lieutenants Cleveland and Virgin.

Enjoyable Dance.
The dance last evening given by the Woman's Club was very enjoyable and was well attended. The hostesses were Mesdames McKinney and Dr. Helene Kenney. During the evening a resolution recently adopted by the club was read to the guests. It prohibited "irregular" dances, and strongly condemned the sort of dances that have been indulged in elsewhere than Laredo, and asked the guests of the club to respect the wishes of the members as regards dancing in a proper fashion.

Farewell Dance.
The Knights of Columbus will give their dance tonight, instead of tomorrow night, and the occasion will be in the nature of a farewell to a number of the soldiers who are leaving for their homes tomorrow. The hostesses will be Mesdames Ryan, Mulally, Cullinan, E. H. Buez and Dr. Helene Kenney, and the chaperones are Mesdames Convery, Kenedy, Taylor and Wright. Refreshments will be served, and it is hoped to make the event one that will be long remembered by the departing soldiers.

Mrs. Macdonald Returns.
Mrs. Adelaide Gebhardt Macdonald returned Monday evening from a visit to Houston, Galveston and Corpus Christi. While at Houston Mrs. Macdonald was asked to sing at the weekly meeting of the Rotary Club. She also conducted a big sing song at Ellington Field for War Camp Community Service and contributed several solo numbers which were enthusiastically received. Stopping off at Corpus Christi, Mrs. Macdonald led Community Singing Sunday evening at the Soldiers' Seashore Club, which is one of the two clubs maintained there by War Camp Community Service. Here also her solo numbers were greatly enjoyed as were also those in which she appeared with Mr. David Griffin, song leader from San Antonio. Mr. Walter Dunham, an accomplished pianist and organist of San Antonio, officiated at the piano.

PERSONALS

Chas. E. Richter and Carlos Richter returned this morning from New York, where they went on a buying trip for Richter's Department Store.

FROM HERE AND THERE.

Over four million pens are destroyed daily.
Nearly thirty per cent of all flowers are white.
It is said that a fullgrown elephant can carry three tons on its back.
For hundreds of years the Nile floods have not varied ten days in their arrival.
By French law no physician may inherit property left to him by a deceased patient.
It is estimated that about one-thirteenth of the entire Jewish race is resident in New York City.
In some cantons of Switzerland all the dead, rich as well as poor, are buried at the public expense.

GOLF TERMS

Thompson, an enthusiastic golfer, was complaining bitterly to his friend Brown about the bad manners of some of the club members.
"Look at Jones, for instance!" he said. "The man actually crossed my tee just as I was going to drive. What would you have done if you had been in my place?"
"Well," said Brown, "seeing that he crossed your tee, I should have dotted his eye."

LOYAL CITIZENSHIP.

"Loyal Citizenship" is the title of a red, white and blue booklet compiled by Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts for school superintendents and principals and pastors and other leaders to aid them in promoting loyalty to law. Its keynote is: "There is no right of revolution where the people have the right to vote." It brings together brief utterances of Presidents Lincoln, Harrison, Roosevelt, and Taft and Governors, Folk and Paterson and others on the duty of officials to enforce, and of citizens to obey all laws. It contains several pages on teaching good citizenship in schools, and quotes loyalty oaths for teachers and pupils. Single copies will be sent free, on request, by The International Reform Bureau, 206 Pennsylvania Ave., S. E. Washington, D. C.

TIMES WANT ADS.

***** Money Makers *****

BAND CONCERT PROGRAMS WEDNESDAY-THURSDAY NIGHTS

Concert Tomorrow Night at Fort McIntosh By 37th Infantry Band; On Jarvis Plaza Thursday Night.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh tomorrow evening beginning at 8:30 o'clock:
March, "Waldmere," Losey
Overture, "Travelers Luck," Suppe
Waltz, "Loveland," Holzmann
Idylle, "Cannoeing," Pryor
Selection, "The Man Who Owns Broadway," Cohan
One Step, "Kiss That Made Me Cry," Gottish

Concert Thursday Night.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band on Jarvis Plaza Thursday evening beginning at 8 o'clock:
March, "The Olive Branch," Sherman
Overture, "Pest," Latann
Medley, "Popular Songs," Remick
Characteristic, "The Mill in the Forest," Ellenberg
Selection, "The Dollar Princess," Fall
One Step, "Road of No Man's Land," Caddigan

LAREDO PROOF

Should Convince Every Laredo Reader.

The frank statement of a neighbor, telling the merits of a remedy, bids you pause and believe. The same endorsement by some stranger far away Commands no belief at all. Here's a Laredo case. A Laredo citizen testifies. Read and be convinced.

Henry Morton, machinist, 2005, Victoria St., says: "I can highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from kidney trouble, for I know they are excellent. My back bothered me and my kidneys acted irregularly. I had sharp pains in the region of my kidneys, and at times I was dizzy. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me. I am glad of the opportunity to endorse this medicine."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Morton had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Centenary of the birth of Gen. Martin L. Smith, a celebrated commander in the Confederate States Army.
California keeps a holiday today in celebration of the sixty-ninth anniversary of its admission to the Union.
Alvey A. Ade, Second Assistant Secretary of State, today enters upon his fifteenth year of continuous service in the diplomatic branch of the U. S. Government.

President Wilson is scheduled to speak today in Minneapolis and St. Paul in behalf of the League of Nations convention.
Winnipeg has prepared an enthusiastic welcome in honor of the Prince of Wales, who is scheduled to begin his official visit to that city today.
His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire visits Winnipeg today in connection with a meeting of the executive of the Canadian Red Cross Society.

The annual meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, after an interval of two years, is to begin its sessions today at Bournemouth.

Governor Barlett has called a special session of the New Hampshire legislature to meet today to take action on the woman suffrage amendment to the Federal Constitution.

The great parade, the spectacular feature of the triennial convale of Knights Templar, will be held in Philadelphia today.

The question of a six-hour day and a new wage scale are to come before the international convention of the United Mine Workers, which meets today in Cleveland.
Second primaries are to be held today in the Sixth and Seventh congressional districts of South Carolina to fill vacancies caused by the death of Representative Ragsdale and the resignation of Representative Lever.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 9.—Many eminent leaders of the engineering professions in the Dominion are gathering here for the annual meeting of the Engineering Institute of Canada. The sessions of the meeting will begin tomorrow and continue until Saturday.

Notice to Truck Owners.

Owners of trucks doing public hauling in the City of Laredo are hereby notified that their licenses expired on August 31st, and they are requested to call at my office in the City Hall at once and procure a new license for the ensuing year ending August 31st, 1920.

D. C. De LACHICA,

City Tax Collector.
9-9-15t.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities.

60c. per month.

FIVE STRIKERS KILLED AND FIFTEEN MORE WOUNDED IN CLASH WITH POLICE TODAY

Mob of a Thousand Attacked Two Hundred Workmen Who were Going to Work and When Police Protected the Workers, Strikers Attacked the Officers, Resulting in Five Rioters Being Killed.

ROMANIA REFUSES TO SIGN THE TREATY

PEACE TREATY WITH AUSTRIA TO BE SIGNED BY INTEREST-ED POWERS TOMORROW MORNING.

By Associated Press.
Paris, Sept. 9.—The Rumanian delegation to the peace conference today announced that it would not sign the Austrian peace treaty, the signing of which by Austria and various other powers interested is set to take place at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Renner in Paris.
Paris, Sept. 9.—Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian chancellor and head of the Austrian peace delegation, who is to sign the peace treaty tomorrow, arrived in Paris from Vienna today.

Occupied Petropavlovsk.
London, Sept. 9.—The occupation of Petropavlovsk on the Ishim river about 75 miles west of Omsk by Bolshevik forces is claimed in a Russian soviet statement.

THE NATION'S DUTY STATED BY WILSON

COST OF LIVING GREW OUT OF THE SACRIFICES AND WASTE OF THE WORLD WAR.

By Associated Press.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—The cost of living, President Wilson told the Minnesota legislature today, is due largely to "a world situation" growing out of the sacrifices and waste of war. Back of that lay the fact that the world has not yet learned what the peace status will be. "The world is not going to settle down until it learns what part the United States is to play in peace," he said. "This is the only nation which will have enough free capital in the near future to rehabilitate the world economically. The legislature, in extra session to consider the cost of living and other subjects, received the president with cheers. The president congratulated the legislature on the ratification yesterday of the woman suffrage amendment. The president said the nation's duty was first to set the commerce of the world going by the establishment of peace. Having established the world settlement economically, he declared to be imperative an arrangement to insure that "no-body monkeys with the process" set up.

Busy Day for Wilson.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—President Wilson arrived here for a busy day, including an address in the Minneapolis armory this afternoon and an address in the auditorium here tonight, after which he leaves for Bismark.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 9.—Many eminent leaders of the engineering professions in the Dominion are gathering here for the annual meeting of the Engineering Institute of Canada. The sessions of the meeting will begin tomorrow and continue until Saturday.

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By Associated Press.

Hammond Ind., Sept. 9.—Five strikers were killed and 15 wounded today in a battle between a thousand former employees of the Standard Steel Car Company and the police. Two months ago 2,000 workmen struck for increased wages and improved working conditions. After a riot five weeks ago state troops were sent, but they were withdrawn two weeks ago. Yesterday 200 workmen returned to work, causing bad feeling among those refusing to return. Today when the 200 were on their way to work a crowd of a thousand foreign born strikers threatened them. Twenty policemen and 20 special guards ordered the disturbers to disperse. The crowd declined, yelling "Scab!" Captain Strong, commanding the police, ordered the leaders arrested, when the crowd attacked the police with sticks and stones. Capt. Strong says several strikers drew revolvers and fired a number of shots. The police replied, firing about 75 shots into the crowd, killing five and injuring 15 strikers. Later the strike leaders were taken into custody. None of the police were hurt.

CARDINAL MERGER HERE.

By Associated Press.
New York, Sept. 9.—Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, will reach New York late today aboard the transport Northern Pacific to thank America for the aid it sent his country during the war.

MINE WORKERS GATHER IN CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 9.—Issues of vital importance to the half million and more men who labor in the bituminous fields of the United States and Canada are to be dealt with at the international convention of the United Mine Workers of America which began its sessions in this city today.

It is expected that the largest wage increase ever demanded by American miners will be agreed upon by the convention for submission to the joint conference with the operators. Despite the general prosperity of the country, the miners declare they are in worse financial condition than ever before. While called upon to bear a full measure of the high cost of living, they say they have been denied their share of the prevalent high wages.

Resolutions to be presented by the district representatives for consideration and action by the general convention include demands for a six-hour day, five-day week and weekly pay; the right to arbitrate contracts on 30 days' notice by either party; the settlement by districts of all internal disputes relating to prices and conditions of labor; time and a half for overtime and double time for Sunday for all day labor; the elimination of all penalty clauses, and the abrogation of all present agreements with general strike as an alternative if the demands are not met.

BRITISH SCIENTISTS MEET

London, Sept. 9.—The British Association for the Advancement of Science opened its annual meeting today at Bournemouth. More than 2000 scientists were present. The new president, Sir Charles Parsons, took as the subject for his inaugural address, "Engineering and the War." Among the most interesting discussions in the twelve sections will be those dealing with the achievements of science in the war. The delegates will also give their attention to many sociological and political issues. These will include nationalization and the present labor unrest.

City Wide Revival.

Last night at the Presbyterian Church Dr. Wilson preached his second sermon to a large and appreciative audience. Dr. Wilson will be in Laredo only twelve days more and will preach each morning at the Methodist Church at 10:30 and each evening at 8 o'clock at the air dome of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Wieand is getting splendid results with his music and these services are going to prove a great benefit to Laredo.

TO BUY EVERY BALE AND HOLD FOR RAISE

CORPORATION TO BE FORMED IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE BELT TO HELP THE GROWERS.

By Associated Press.
New Orleans, La., Sept. 9.—Cotton producers from ten Southern states, including Texas, decided today to organize a buying corporation in every county and parish in the belt, with the object of buying every bale offered and then holding the staple until the minimum price to be recommended for the growers is offered.

COTTON LOSS BP WEATHER.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 9.—Cotton raisers are losing \$30,000,000 annually on the average from weather damage to bales of cotton left in the open, the department of agriculture declares. Southern farmers are being urged to store cotton, stopping this waste.

DRASTIC REPORT IN MINERS CONVENTION

LEWIS RECOMMENDS GENERAL STRIKE TO ENFORCE DEMANDS FOR NEW WAGE SCALE.

By Associated Press.
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 9.—Acting President John Lewis, in his report to the convention of the United Mine Workers of America, discussed the increased cost of living and the improbability of any sweeping reduction through "belated" federal action and recommended the cancellation of the Washington wage agreement in the bituminous fields by November 1, and negotiation of a new wage scale to be enforced in case of failure to reach a satisfactory settlement by a general miners' strike throughout the entire jurisdiction of the United Mine Workers.

It is expected that the largest wage increase ever demanded by American miners will be agreed upon by the convention for submission to the joint conference with the operators. Despite the general prosperity of the country, the miners declare they are in worse financial condition than ever before. While called upon to bear a full measure of the high cost of living, they say they have been denied their share of the prevalent high wages.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR ON PARADE.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 9.—A trumpet blazed, a thousand orders were shouted as one; out from acres of waving, glistening white plumes a steady, broad ribbon of gleaming white poured itself out into Broad Street with banners bearing heraldic devices and with cross-hilted swords at shoulder, and there began in Philadelphia today the greatest parade of Knights Templar ever witnessed in the history of the order. Every knight attending the thirty-fourth triennial convale who could get into the line was there, a part of the seemingly endless stream of white bonnetted, somberly attired knights. The parade was given in honor of all Americans who served in the war. Maj. Gen. Charles M. Clement, who trained Pennsylvania's famous "Iron Division," acted as grand marshal and assisting him were a number of other Knights Templar who saw active service abroad.

IMPROMPTU SPEAKER.

The new preacher was asked if he would like any special hymn to be sung to agree with his sermon.
"No," he replied. "The fact is, I hardly ever know what I am going to say until I arrive in the pulpit."
"Well, in that case," said the vicar, "we had better have the hymn, 'For Those at Sea.'"

Last night at the Presbyterian

Church Dr. Wilson preached his second sermon to a large and appreciative audience. Dr. Wilson will be in Laredo only twelve days more and will preach each morning at the Methodist Church at 10:30 and each evening at 8 o'clock at the air dome of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Wieand is getting splendid results with his music and these services are going to prove a great benefit to Laredo.

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From Monday's Daily.

A REAL STATESMAN.

The recent open letter of a Mexican statesman with regard to the situation in his unfortunate country should cause thinking people of both nations to consider what the real facts are concerning conditions in Mexico.

The Mexican writer—General Salvador Alvarado—has been a consistent supporter of the Carrancista movement from the start, so he cannot be easily set aside as a "reactionary," which is the usual procedure in Mexico when one differs with the constituted authorities.

Señor Alvarado declares that the present daily death list in the scattered fighting between federal troops and rebels averages 100, and that in Mexico City alone 80,000 children die each year for want of proper food, clothing and shelter. Add to this the thousands who die in various parts of the country from lack of food, as well as those "executed" by the various fighting units for giving aid and shelter to the enemy, and it becomes a staggering total.

Señor Alvarado says present conditions must change, and there is no one who can contradict his statement. For the Mexican people themselves are awakening to the fact that their government should do something besides quarrel with foreign investors, and that they are being taxed to the limit without receiving any of the benefits of good government in return.

His declaration that Mexico has passed from one extreme of an irresponsible obstructionist congress to the other, a despotic, corrupting and ultra-personal presidential regime without responsibility or restraint, will find an echoing response in the hearts of most of the Mexicans, and all will realize that something must be done to prevent the country from sinking into a despotism alongside which that of Porfirio Diaz would be mild.

He called upon Carranza, Obregon and Gonzalez to drop personal politics and unite with the revolutionary elements in one great party to solve national problems, among which he names the following: Organization of the army; pacification of the country; settlement of internal and foreign debts; settlement of claims for damages caused by the revolution; organization of the railways and settlement of the banking question.

This review of the situation proves that Alvarado is a thinker; that he realizes the greatest difficulties with which his people have to contend, and that he does not claim to be able with a stroke of the pen to solve these problems, but calls upon all to unite in their solution.

His closing statement is significant: "The European war is ended. The three most powerful nations of the globe are our creditors and demand an early settlement of their account, and in like manner they ask for sufficient guarantees for the lives and interests of their nationals. If we show ourselves incapable of complying with our duties, they will take over the task of guarding and protecting the lives and interests and we know what that means."

Of course, the present government will accuse General Alvarado of being an interventionist, but he merely points out the danger of bringing about intervention. He warns his people that something must be done in Mexico, or else something will be done by the United States, Great Britain and France.

His warning that President Wilson will change his policy of "watchful waiting" if every protest from the United States is answered by news of a new assault, a new assassination or a new blowing up of a train should cause the Carranza government, as well as the factions now preparing to support their candidates for the presidency, to consider what is best to be done.

The Mexican party which, by guarantees of a change in policy, staves off intervention and enables Mexico to rise again to her former proud position will be the winner in the coming contest. And all of the fac-

tions have it within their power to accept this policy.

THE NECESSITY OF PEACE.

It is a fact that, although the fighting has been finished for nearly a year, the cost of the war is still going on. An English paper speaks of a young lady who has been home on leave from Italy. She gets \$50 a month besides her keep, and all she does, according to her own story, all that her corps of girl motor drivers is doing, is "taking wounded soldiers to different hospitals, running generals about and plenty of lawn tennis!"

There never was a more urgent need of full and complete peace, with the restoration of civilians as well as soldiers to their homes. It is likely that we have many civilian employees with no greater justification for the salaries they are getting than the sort of work these English girls are doing.

The war provided fat jobs for many people, besides bringing out the best that was in many thousands of people who cheerfully sacrificed their own affairs in order to serve their country.

But now the war is over, at least, the strenuous part of it, and as soon as the peace treaty is ratified and the bulk of our forces are restored to their homes, there will be no further need for the sinecures which are costing the people of our country so much.

It is true that the government did not pay for the welfare work that was carried on, but our people did. It is also true that a great deal of good was accomplished, but it is none the less true that a great many people have benefitted financially—and still are—through the jobs they sought—at good salaries—while the fighting was going on.

The Red Cross, the Ys, the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish Welfare Board and the Salvation Army all did good work, but they had real workers drawing pay—when they were paid and not volunteering their services—and among them all there are few if any who have been drawing pay for mere social amenities.

But it must be remembered that there are still many who are doing work of some sort in foreign countries who will be returned home as soon as the ratification of the peace treaty makes it possible to materially reduce our forces abroad.

It is disheartening to know that the war is still costing the country an enormous sum daily. More is being spent upon our forces abroad at the present time than was usually spent in normal times on the entire army. And it need not be stated that soldiers on foreign services always cost more than those at home.

We need a larger army than we have had in the past. This is shown to be imperative, and when congress gets through debating non-essentials it probably will make a virtue of necessity and make the regular establishment of the proper size.

But our troops abroad will need reducing to the absolutely necessary police force to enforce the peace treaty requirements, and all the others, including the welfare people employed to cheer them up, will then be able to throw up their jobs and come home.

In the stress of war times, the soldiers needed a great many things which were not provided by the war department. It was for this reason that so many organizations were formed to look after the soldier and keep up his morale. But in peace times the soldier, if left to his own devices, usually manages to get a great deal of enjoyment out of life, and he does not feel that he is beholden to anyone when he looks after himself.

The greatest enjoyment that was given the soldiers was that made possible through the efforts of people who had nothing but the welfare of the soldier in sight, and who were not drawing a salary and expense allowance for service abroad or at home.

The people, especially in Laredo, are still doing all they can for the enjoyment of the soldiers when off duty, and they do not ask a cent of pay for it. They are the real welfare workers.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between A. E. Younklin, of Laredo, Webb County, Texas, and C. L. D. Younklin, of Boston, Suffolk County, Massachusetts, under the firm name of A. E. Younklin & Brother was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said partnership are to be received by the said A. E. Younklin and all demands on said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

A. E. YOUNKLIN,
C. L. D. YOUNKLIN,
Laredo, Texas, July 29, 1919.

Sure Relief



BELL'S

WRIGLEY'S

5c a package before the war

5c a package during the war

5c a package NOW

THE FLAVOR LASTS SO DOES THE PRICE!



ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 8.
Allies advanced three miles toward St. Quentin.
United States refugees from Russia reached Stockholm.
Secretary of War Baker arrived in Paris for war conference.
For a Weak Stomach.
The great relief afforded by Chamberlain's Tablets in a multitude of cases has fully proven the great value of this preparation for a weak stomach and impaired digestion. In many cases this relief has become permanent and the sufferers have been completely restored to health.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 8.
Bertha Kalich, celebrated actress and photoplay star, born at Lemberg, Galicia, 45 years ago today.
Howard Sutherland, senior United States senator from West Virginia, born near Kirkwood, Mo., 54 years ago today.
Rt. Rev. Charles P. Anderson, Episcopal bishop of Chicago, born at Kempville, Ont., 56 years ago today.
James V. McClintic, representative in Congress of the Seventh Oklahoma district, born near Bremond, Texas, 41 years ago today.
Walter R. Cox, one of the best known American harness drivers, born at Epsom, N. H., 51 years ago today.

Fall Sale Electric Fans

Our entire stock of Emerson Fans at Cost.
Buy your Fan now for next season at these Bargain Prices and derive benefit of same for the remainder of this season.

16' 4-Blade Oscillating Fan, now . . \$30.00
12' 4-Blade Oscillating Fan, now . . 25.00
9' 4-Blade Oscillating Fan, now . . 20 00
16' 4-Blade Stand Type Fan, now . . 23.00
12' 4-Blade Stand Type Fan, now . . 19.00
9' 4-Blade Stand Type Fan, now . . 15.00

Call at our office, 1211 Farragut Street, and let us show you our stock, or 'phone 126 and we will deliver to any part of the city.

THE LAREDO ELECTRIC & RY. CO.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

DR. J. T. HALSELL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office:—Richter Building.
Hours:—11 to 12 and 4 to 5.
Phones:—Office 104; Res. 190.

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 634.

DR. J. L. CRAWFORD,
Physician and Surgeon.
Diseases of children and obstetrics a specialty.
Office:—Laredo National Bank Bldg.
Phones:—Office 1170; Res. 132.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office:—Richter Building.
Hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.
Phone 699.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY.
Osteopaths.
Residence and Office
1602 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hicks Building, San Antonio, Valls Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—Room 35, Bertani Bldg.
Tel. 1415.

WARD & O'MEARA,
Lawyers.
Offices:—218-20-22 Alexander Bldg.
Phone 1047.

E. A. ATLEE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—New Alexander Building, next to Laredo Nat'l Bank.
Phone 771.

D. McNEIL TURNER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms 37 and 38 Bertani Building.
Phone 1415.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,
Dentist.
Office:—Wilcox Block,
Telephone 299.

J. K. THOMPSON,
Dentist.
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza.
Phone 645.

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Valls Bldg., over People's Pharmacy.
Telephone 746.

DR. A. G. THOMPSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Over City Drug Co., cor. Hidalgo St. and Flores Ave.
Phones:—Office 645. Res. 672.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Complete Auto Equipment,
Jarvis Plaza, Phone 65.

MUSIC.

Adelaide Gebhardt Macdonald, B. M.
Pianist—Soprano.
Director Royal Concert Orchestra.
Phone 1062.

PROF. JULIAN M. DE VILLAR,
Teacher of Piano,
Orchestra for all Classes of Entertainments.
402 San Dario Avenue.

MISS ANNIE THAISSON,
Teacher of Music.
1320 Houston St. Phone 220.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 8.

Lieutenant General Jan Christian Smuts, who has been invited to become premier of the South African Union in succession to the late General Botha, has a record of past achievements in many directions, as student, lawyer, soldier, and statesman, such as few men can show. He is a native of Cape Colony, and began the practice of law in Johannesburg, after a brilliant career as a student at Cambridge university. At the outbreak of the South African war he joined the Boer forces and rose to the supreme command in Cape Colony. After the conclusion of peace he played a most important part in the work of reconstruction. During the world war he rendered most valuable services to the empire, first as Gen. Botha's able second in command of the campaign in German Southwest Africa, and later as commander of the imperial forces in the East Africa campaign. In the later part of the war he was called to England to serve as a member of the Imperial War Cabinet.

DISCUSS CHARTER CHANGE WITH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

HON. D. McNEIL TURNER MADE TALK TO THE DIRECTORS.

Explained the Various Advantages of the Proposed Changes in the City Charter as Now Outlined.

As the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Laredo are of great concern to every citizen of this city, and they should read the proposed changes and digest them intelligently, propaganda to enlighten Laredo people on the intended modifications has been undertaken and it behooves all to get a copy of the proposed amendments and study them and see where many future improvements are held out for the city of Laredo, whereas at the present time the charter contains many handicaps.

On Saturday afternoon Hon. D. McNeil Turner, former district attorney of this judicial district and who returned here some time ago with his wife to make his home and was selected by the city council to draft an ordinance with a number of proposed changes to the city charter and has prepared a document of great importance in that regard, addressed the members of the publicity committee of the Chamber of Commerce, together with other members of the directorate, discussing at length the proposed change and what it meant for the municipality. He showed where the various proposed changes in the charter would give Laredo a strictly modern and better operating charter for the administering of municipal affairs, civic improvements, etc.

Those who heard the able speaker explain the amendments were very much interested in the matter and while the Chamber of Commerce as an organization will take no hand for or against the proposed amendments, individual members of the organization will assist in the propaganda to enlighten Laredo people on the vital importance of voting in favor of the amendments to give Laredo a better and modern charter to work under in the future, and it is very probable that when an election is held to vote on the amendments the intelligent and up-to-date voters of the city of Laredo will be unanimous for the proposed changes in the city charter.

CITY TEACHERS INSTITUTE BEGAN WORK THIS MORNING

The First Day of the Session Finds a Number of Interesting Subjects Dealt on By City Pedagogy.

The institute for teachers of the Laredo Independent School District began this morning at the Central School building and will continue in session until Friday afternoon. On next Monday the schools of the city will begin their sessions. The institute was opened this morning with an address by City School Superintendent L. J. Christen, who welcomed the teachers in a few well chosen words, President M. S. Ryan of the school board, who was scheduled to make an address being unavoidably absent. Miss Kate Tarver, principal of the Laredo High School, presided over the institute.

Superintendent Christen made some remarks on free text books and told the teachers of their duties in regard to them.

Rev. C. W. Cook made an excellent address on "The Effects of the War," and his remarks were listened to with keen interest.

Prof. F. W. Mally gave a talk on "Home Gardening" and furnished the teachers with some valuable information on the subject.

Miss Tarver spoke on "Super-Used Study," Miss Bunn explained her plan of study in the schoolroom, Miss Gribble gave a demonstration of "Illustrative Teaching of Common and Decimal Fractions," Miss Benavise gave an excellent paper on "First Steps in Problems," and Mrs. Pinder read an interesting paper against "Pensions for Public School Teachers."

SCHOOL DAYS ARE AT HAND AND SCHOOLS ARE OPENING

Catholic and County Schools Began Their Sessions This Morning; City Schools Open Next Week.

The familiar notes of the old school bell were heard this morning in various portions of the county and in Laredo, for here in this city the Ursuline Convent, St. Peter's School, the Holy Redeemer School and Guadalupe school, all Catholic schools, began their sessions with large attendances and the various rural schools of Webb county also started work.

Reports from the county schools show all of them at work with increased enrollments over that of last year at their opening, while it is expected that by the end of the month they will reach their maximum enrollment.

This week the teachers of the Laredo Independent School District are holding their institute at the Central School building, concluding their work on next Friday afternoon. On next Monday morning the schools of the Laredo Independent School district, comprising the Laredo High School, the Central school, the Urbahn Grammar School, the Heights School, the First Ward School and the Fourth Ward School, will open.

CAPTURED MORE SUSPECTS IN J. W. CORRELL'S MURDER

GENERAL GONZALES NOW HAS TOTAL OF 9 MEN IN CUSTODY.

Last Four Arrested Profess Innocence, But Gonzales Asks Mrs. Correll to Come and Identify Men.

Additional advices received here from Tampico announce that General Gonzales, commander of the Carranza garrison at that place, has taken into custody four more men besides "General" Diaz, the two lieutenants and two privates recently arrested in the Tampico section charged with the assassination of John W. Correll, the American farmer from Oklahoma, who was killed on his farm in the Tampico oil district.

The four last men arrested profess their innocence of any connection with the murder of Correll, but aver that the American was murdered by the two lieutenants and two privates who were previously arrested and who have confessed to the crime, alleging that the deed was committed at the orders of "General" Diaz, a leader of the Caraveo rebel forces, who inveigled them into the crime and they did as he bid.

General Gonzales, the commander of the Tampico garrison, announces that he expects to soon have in custody every man implicated in the murder of Correll, and has requested that Mrs. Correll and her son, Joseph Correll, both of whom were assaulted by the men who murdered Correll, come to Tampico immediately and identify the nine men who are now held prisoners there. This request has been made by General Gonzales through the American consul stationed at Tampico.

Notice to Milk Producers.

We are now prepared to handle all the milk you can produce and will pay you on the butter fat basis at the wholesale price of butter fat and you can retain the separated milk to feed to your pigs and calves.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.
9-6-6t.

LEFT HERE THIS MORNING AFTER VISITING OLD HOME

Lieutenant Commander A. M. Penn Goes to New York to Join His Ship, While Wife Goes to Colorado.

Lieutenant Commander Albert M. Penn and wife, who have been sojourning in Laredo for the past week as guests of Justo S. Penn and Miss Amar Penn, brother and sister of Commander Penn, left this morning, being accompanied as far as San Antonio by Miss Amar Penn. At San Antonio they will meet Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Donald (Mrs. Donald formerly being Miss Viola Penn) and spend the day as their guests.

From San Antonio Commander Penn will proceed tomorrow to New York to join his ship, the U. S. Battleship Pennsylvania, which is stationed at the New York navy yard, while Mrs. Penn will go to Las Animas, Colorado, to visit her brother, Frank Smith. During their visit in Laredo Commander and Mrs. Penn were the recipients of numerous hospitalities by friends of the young officer who left his home here fourteen years ago to enter Annapolis Academy and begin his career in the United States navy. It is hoped that his next visit to his old home town will be in the near future.

FIRST SERMON DELIVERED BEFORE A LARGE CROWD

Dr. J. C. Wilson, Noted Evangelist, Spoke on Vacant Lot Adjoining Presbyterian Church.

Perhaps the largest crowd that ever greeted a visiting minister in Laredo, last night welcomed Dr. J. C. Wilson as he preached his first sermon. The service was held where all the night services will be held on the lot adjoining the Presbyterian church and the lot was filled to overflowing. Preparations are being made to increase the seating space so as to give a chance to every one that will wish to hear Dr. Wilson.

The music was under the direction of Mr. Wieand, a professional song leader now in Y. M. C. A. service after many years of service with some of the leading evangelists of the country. Mr. Wieand had a large chorus to lead the singing and that chorus will become larger each evening. Dr. Wilson preached on the subject, "The Wages of Sin Are Death" and held the close attention of his large audience through his sermon.

These services will continue for two weeks. Dr. Wilson will preach each morning at the Methodist Church at ten thirty and each evening on the lot adjoining the Presbyterian Church at eight o'clock.

Notice.

Mr. A. C. Hardin is in Laredo representing the South Texas Music Co. and The Walthall Co. Mr. F. Riva-

dulla is no longer connected with our house and is not authorized to transact business for us.
South Texas Music Co.,
The Walthall Co.
By J. A. MERCHANT, Sec'y.
9-5-3t.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

LOCAL NEWS

—The importations through this port from Mexico this morning consisted of one carload of lead, one carload of baskets, two carloads of itxle, one carload of copper, two carloads of corn and one carload of manganes.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROW'S. 8-30-tf.

—Dr. Keeley, specialist, chronic and nervous diseases. Office over Woolworth's. 8-9-1m.

—Limeade, the best summer drink, Windrow says so. 8-30-tf.

—A tame bull fight, held in a back lot in Nuevo Laredo, took place yesterday afternoon, but as the "toro" was not of the rebel or bandit brand, it is said that he did not put up much of a fight, although the torero tried to make him fight by calling him "Villa" several times.

—Mrs. Adams, the dress-maker, has moved to 1419 Cortez street. 8-18-1m.

—We do all kinds of plumbing work, gas fitting and sewer work. Also making and repairing cess pools. For quick service phone 1203 day and night. B. Juarez, plumber. 8-12-tf.

—The many friends of W. F. Galbraith, master mechanic of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. Co. in this city regret to learn that he is seriously ill at his home in this city.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROW'S. 8-30-tf.

—The Laredo Abstract Company, Mr. Walter Brown, manager, has opened an office in the Bertani Building, Room No. 25. 7-16-tf.

—LIMEADE 5 CTS. WINDROW'S. 8-30-tf.

—George W. Derby, who has been critically ill at his home in this city and threatened with pneumonia, is now much improved and his many friends hope that he will soon be up and about again.

—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1701 Hidalgo St. 6-18-tf.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 8-5-tf.

—Nereo G. Navarro, Notary Public with Webb County Lumber Co. 6-5-tf.

—Probate court finished its business on Saturday afternoon and was adjourned for the term by Special County Judge John L. Dannelley.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-tf.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-tf.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Aniceto Martinez and Miss Bessie Fort. 6-15-tf.

—The Belmont rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—A copy of the Beacon Herald of Camden, Ark., received by The Times contains mention of the organization of a "Lion's Club" in that city, and among the officers elected are Frank E. Scovill, who is vice-president. Mr. Scovill since his removal to Camden, Ark. is becoming intimately associated with the commercial and social life of that community.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

Office of Deputy Collector of Customs, Port of Laredo, Texas, September 8, 1919. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on August 12, 1919, at 10 o'clock at the Customhouse, one horse and wagon, seized for violation of Section 3082, Revised Statutes. A. R. Kahn, Deputy Collector of Customs.

MRS. EMILY BATCHELOR DEAD FOLLOWING SHORT ILLNESS

Deceased Spent Most of Her Life in Laredo, Being Eldest Daughter of Col. and Mrs. C. G. Brewster.

The sad news has been received in Laredo announcing the death at the home of Dr. Chas. Reese, 1120 Woodlawn Avenue, San Antonio, on Saturday night at 8:30 o'clock of Mrs. Emily Batchelor, eldest daughter of Col. and Mrs. C. G. Brewster, who was well known in Laredo, where she spent most of her life, the family being one of the pioneer families of this section.

Mrs. Batchelor was taken suddenly ill on Saturday last and succumbed to her illness several hours later. She is survived by her parents, Col. and Mrs. C. G. Brewster, and three sisters, Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Hansen and Mrs. Potter. The father left here yesterday morning for San Antonio. Funeral arrangements had not been announced up to this morning.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

There will be a dance at the Woman's Club in the evening.

Tuesday.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The K. of C. will entertain with a Tacky Farewell Party at the hall at Fort McIntosh in the evening.

Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

General Mention.

Cards have been received from Mrs. R. K. Mims from Corpus Christi. She is having a pleasant visit, as the weather has become delightfully cool.

Mrs. Lee Vollmer and little son of San Antonio are expected in Laredo this week to be the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Irwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodolfo Zaffirini and little son returned yesterday from a few weeks pleasure trip to New Orleans.

Pharmacists' Mate Reese Shanks, U. S. N., who has been on furlough visiting his parents, left last night on his return to Great Lakes, Illinois. Mr. Shanks has been for the past six months in the Hospital Training School at Great Lakes and upon his return he expects to go to sea.

Mrs. H. H. Halsell of Decatur, Texas, left last night for home, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Shanks, and her sister, Mrs. W. L. Barr.

Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Puig, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Bruna, and two nephews, Luis and Baldo, leave tomorrow night for the north, taking Miss Bruna Puig to St. Louis, where she will be placed at school, while the two boys will be taken to Dayton, O., where they will enter college. Mr. and Mrs. Puig will be absent from Laredo for about three weeks.

A. C. Hamilton, Esq., accompanied his mother, Mrs. Kate S. Hamilton, left this morning for San Antonio for a short visit and they will return Thursday in Mr. Hamilton's automobile.

Miss Antoinette Ligarde left this morning for Austin to resume her studies in college.

Mrs. F. H. Lusk left this morning for Buffalo, N. Y., for a two months' visit to relatives and friends.

Mr. Fred P. Montes of San Antonio arrived in Laredo Friday on a short visit, and Sunday evening he returned home, accompanied by his wife, who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perfecto Rodriguez.

Dr. and Mrs. M. P. Cullinan have received a telegram announcing the safe arrival of their son, Lieutenant Frank Cullinan, in New York City from overseas. He will reach home shortly.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Devine and children of Pharr, Texas, are in the city visiting relatives.

Mrs. S. J. Jordan and daughter, Mrs. P. P. Leyendecker, Jr., left today on a motor trip to Corpus Christi, where they will spend a week.

Lieut. Wilbur Riland returned to San Antonio after a pleasant week-end visit to Mr. and Mrs. George Scratchley.

Miss Clara Hall went to Bruni today to resume her school duties.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. Frederick Gilbreath from France. She is having a most delightful time; she has visited a number of summer resorts, and is anticipating much pleasure in her first visit to Paris, where Colonel Gilbreath will be stationed during the remainder of his stay overseas.

Greetings have been received recently from Mrs. A. C. Hamilton, in which she says "all California is beautiful, only some parts more so than others. We are having a lovely time with our many relations and dear old friends of long ago."

Miss Christine Siros returned home yesterday from San Antonio, where she visited Mrs. Reese for the past six weeks.

The Boy Scouts will have a party at Loma Vista Park on Thursday evening, complimenting their parents and friends.

Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl returned yesterday from a delightful week in San Antonio, where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Gillette.

An entertainment will be given at Fort McIntosh this evening at 8:30 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. hall for the soldiers, by a number of Y. M. C. A. entertainers who arrived in the city yesterday. They were accompanied by Mr. T. A. Gullett, district secretary, who is supervising all border work. The party is composed of Mrs. J. L. Slaughter, cornetist and pianist; Miss Lucille Hale, vocalist; Miss Mary Barnhardt, celloist and vocalist, and Miss Alma Wright, violinist. They have given twelve programs during the past week. Their circuit includes every outpost along the border from Brownsville to Eagle Pass, and they have given splendid programs at every stop.

Announcement.

Mrs. William Simpson announces the wedding of her daughter, Lillian Marie, to Mr. Jewell Isaiah James, which took place Thursday, September 4.

Entertainment.

Mrs. Henry Ward entertained a number of young friends very delightfully on Saturday afternoon in honor of Misses Rosita Barlow and Marjorie Lou Fish. Outdoor games were enjoyed, after which the hostess served a delicious picnic supper on the lawn. Besides the honor guests, the occasion was enjoyed by Misses Emilie Halsell, Mary Cook, Roberta and Rebecca Biggio, Ralph Cook, Nellie and Jamie Ward.

Monday Bridge Club.

Mrs. L. A. Lafon was hostess to the members of the Monday Bridge Club and a number of guests on Saturday afternoon and entertained them most delightfully. The rooms were made attractive with American Beauty roses and ferns. In the series of games of bridge played the high score club prize went to Mrs. John M. Martin, who received a dainty cut-glass loaf sugar holder. The guest prize, a set of hand-made doilies with crocheted edges, was awarded to Mrs. C. M. Fish. After the games, the hostess served a prettily appointed two-course luncheon. Those enjoying the gracious hospitality were: Club members—Mesdames J. S. Penn, Moser, Jefferies, Leyendecker and Martin; the guests included Mesdames Vidales, Fish, Albert M. Penn, Muller, Cluck, Smith, Sauvignat, Bobbitt, Buenz and Misses Alma Pierce and Maria Mowry.

Infant Baptized.

Albert Laurence, infant son of Charles Ernst, was baptized yesterday morning at Christ Church, Rev. Chas. W. Cook officiating. The sponsors were Mrs. Geo. C. Woodman, Messrs. Robt. Muller and Herman Ernst.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This is not only one of the best and most efficient medicines for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, but is also pleasant to take, which is important when a medicine must be given to young children. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been in use for many years and has met with much favor wherever its good qualities have become known. Many mothers have given it their unqualified endorsement. Wm. Scruby, Chillicothe, Mo., writes, "I have raised three children, have always used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and found it to be the best for coughs, colds and croup. It is pleasant to take. Both adults and children like it. My wife and I have always felt safe from croup with it in the house." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 8.

1860—Wreck of the steamer Lady Elgin on Lake Michigan, with loss of 225 lives.

1869—Rev. Joseph Barlow Felt, one of the most learned antiquarian writers and scholars in America, died at Salem, Mass. Born there in 1789.

1877—Louis Amadeus Rappe, first Catholic bishop of Cleveland, died at St. Albans, Vt. Born in France, Feb. 2, 1801.

1894—Comte de Paris, Pretender to the throne of France, died at Stowe, England. Born at Versailles, Aug. 34, 1838.

1897—A wreck on the Santa Fe railroad, near Emporia, killed and injured 30 persons.

1900—A tornado at Galveston, Texas, destroyed 7,000 lives and \$30,000,000 in property.

1906—President Palma appealed to the United States for intervention in Cuba.

1914—Belgian city of Mille was occupied by the Germans.

1915—Germans with poison gas shells and heavy infantry attack captured French trenches west of Verdun.

1916—Terrific cannonade by Allies along 30-mile front on the Somme.

1917—First National Guard Division, the 26th (New England) sailed for France.

o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. hall for the soldiers, by a number of Y. M. C. A. entertainers who arrived in the city yesterday. They were accompanied by Mr. T. A. Gullett, district secretary, who is supervising all border work. The party is composed of Mrs. J. L. Slaughter, cornetist and pianist; Miss Lucille Hale, vocalist; Miss Mary Barnhardt, celloist and vocalist, and Miss Alma Wright, violinist. They have given twelve programs during the past week. Their circuit includes every outpost along the border from Brownsville to Eagle Pass, and they have given splendid programs at every stop.

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1877—Louis Amadeus Rappe, first Catholic bishop of Cleveland, died at St. Albans, Vt. Born in France, Feb. 2, 1801.

1894—Comte de Paris, Pretender to the throne of France, died at Stowe, England. Born at Versailles, Aug. 34, 1838.

1897—A wreck on the Santa Fe railroad, near Emporia, killed and injured 30 persons.

1900—A tornado at Galveston, Texas, destroyed 7,000 lives and \$30,000,000 in property.

1906—President Palma appealed to the United States for intervention in Cuba.

1914—Belgian city of Mille was occupied by the Germans.

1915—Germans with poison gas shells and heavy infantry attack captured French trenches west of Verdun.

1916—Terrific cannonade by Allies along 30-mile front on the Somme.

1917—First National Guard Division, the 26th (New England) sailed for France.

HIS SUGGESTION.

She—I don't think father would ever hear of my marrying you.

All right, then, we'll tell him, ourselves.—Dartmouth Jack O' Lantern.

PERSONALS

Geo. R. Alexander of Palafox is in the city.

A. O. Coleman of Encinal is in the city.

Roy Campbell returned this morning from a short trip to San Antonio.

James Morlan of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning.

Ricardo Gonzalez returned this morning from a business trip to San Antonio.

Carl J. Ernst of San Antonio spent yesterday in the city and returned home this morning.

R. L. Woodul, auditor of the Texas Mexican Ry., returned this morning after a short absence from the city on business.

R. W. Davis, who has been on a visit to Milwaukee, Wis., returned to Laredo yesterday en route to his home at Dolores.

W. F. Jones of San Antonio is in the city in the interest of the Sammies Oil Corporation. Mr. Jones is a guest of his sister, Mrs. Seb S. Wilcox.

P. S. Devine, general manager of the Louisiana-Rio Grande Canal Co., with headquarters at Pharr, accompanied by his wife and three children is here on a visit to his old home as a guest of his mother, Mrs. Jennie Devine.

FOR SKIN TORTURES

Zemo, the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid, Just What You Need. Is Not Greasy

Don't worry about eczema or other skin troubles. You can have a clear, healthy skin by using Zemo obtained at any drug store for 35c, or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo generally removes pimples, blackheads, blotches, eczema and ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy and stains nothing. It is easily applied and costs a mere trifle for each application. It is always dependable.

The E. W. Rowe Co., Cleveland, O.

Will Receive Discharge Soon.

Lieutenant Alphonse Siros, who left here with the Milmo Rifles over two years ago, but who later attended an officers training camp and secured a commission and saw considerable service in France, is here on a visit to his parents and relatives for a few days. Lieutenant Siros is stationed at Camp Pike, Ark., but expects to receive his discharge from the army in a short time, when he will return to his home here.

Good for Biliousness.

"Two years ago I suffered from frequent attacks of stomach trouble and biliousness. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets advertised I concluded to try them. I improved rapidly."

—Miss Emma Verbryke, Lima, Ohio.

TWO WEEKS TERM OF COURT WILL BE HELD IN DIMMITT

Instead of Four Weeks, as Criminal Docket Finished First Week and Court Will Adjourn Saturday.

District Attorney John A. Valls returned to Laredo yesterday from Carizo Springs, Dimmitt county, where the regular four-weeks term of district court was convened on last Monday by District Judge Mullally.

District Attorney Valls reports a very light docket at this term of district court in Dimmitt county, the criminal docket being cleared in one week, while the civil docket will be cleared this week and court will adjourn next Saturday, ending in two weeks instead of four weeks, for which time the term was supposed to extend.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Laxative Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

GENERAL PERSHING LANDED AT NEW YORK TODAY AND RECEIVED ROUSING WELCOME

Greeted at Dock by Baker and Other Officials, Gen. March and Officers of Staff, and Mayor's Committee of Welcome—
Overcome by the Greeting and Could Say But Little in Return.

GINNINGS TO DATE ABNORMALLY SMALL

ATTRIBUTED TO LATENESS OF COTTON CROP THIS YEAR THROUGHOUT COTTON BELT.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The lateness of the cotton crop, ranging generally from two weeks or more throughout the cotton belt, has resulted in exceedingly small ginnings to date. The census bureau announced today that only 138,993 bales were ginned prior to September 1, about 87 per cent under last ginnings to the same date.

RUMANIA MUST SIGN IT UNRESERVEDLY

EITHER THAT OR MUST REFRAIN ALTOGETHER FROM SIGNING TREATY WITH AUSTRIA.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 8.—The supreme peace council has informed Rumania that she must sign the peace treaty with Austria without reservation or abstain altogether from signing.

British Evacuating Archangel.

London, Sept. 8.—The evacuation of Archangel by the British is progressing, it is officially announced.

Deny All Knowledge.

Paris, Sept. 8.—Members of the American delegation to the peace conference deny all knowledge of the agreement reported in the British press by which the United States and England guarantee Belgium against German aggression.

SURVEYING ZAPATA ROAD FOR COMING HIGHWAY WORK

County Highway Engineer Rollins Surveying Route of Roadway No. 12 From Laredo to Zapata County.

County Highway Engineer Rollins, with a force of men, is busily engaged in the work of surveying Highway No. 12, which extends from Laredo to the Zapata county line, and which at the present time is practically the same route as that which has been used for years.

This new highway is one of the numerous roads or modern highways that are to be constructed under the \$300,000 bond issue recently voted by the taxpayers of Webb county for good roads. After the Laredo-Zapata line has been laid out Engineer Rollins will go to work surveying other highways which are to be built from Laredo in different directions to the county line.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday partly cloudy to cloudy. Probably local showers.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 96 degs.
Min. temp. 58 degs.
General direction of wind: Southeast.

Teachers Certificates.

Another examination for all classes of certificates will be held in Laredo Oct. 3d and 4th. Intending applicants should notify the County Superintendent at his office in the courthouse.

Diarrhoea in Children.

For diarrhoea in children one year old or older you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, followed by a dose of castor oil. It should be kept at hand and given as soon as the first unnatural looseness of the bowels appears.

Notice.

All pupils having conditions in High School work will report at Central School building for examination Friday, September 12. Pupils from outside schools desiring to enter High School will apply at superintendent's office at Central School any morning this week.

L. J. CHRISTEN, Supt.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

By Associated Press.

New York, Sept. 8.—General Pershing is home again. Standing on the bridge of the huge Leviathan, itself symbolic of victory over Germany, the commander of the greatest host ever gathered under the Stars and Stripes came slowly up the bay today. World-famed and pallid as a conquering hero should be, sad of face, stern and impassive, a splendid figure of a soldier, he might have been thinking, as the familiar landmarks of New York came into view, of the day 27 months ago when he slipped secretly out of the harbor on his way to France to prepare the way for the hosts to follow. Then a major general, he came back today a general, the fourth man since Washington to have that honor under the American flag. Amid the tumultuous welcome of booming guns, shrieking whistles and cheering, the Leviathan docked at 8:43.

General Pershing stepped ashore at 9:20. Waiting for him at the end of the gangplank was Secretary Baker with hands outstretched. Behind Mr. Baker were Senator Warren, of Wyoming, Pershing's father-in-law, and Mrs. Warren, with William McAdoo, former secretary of the treasury. Behind this group were General March, chief of staff, a score of generals and members of the mayor's committee of welcome.

After the first greeting, General Pershing made this statement to the Associated Press: "There isn't anything of consequence to say in circumstances like these. It is overwhelming, overpower

PERSHING'S RETURN.

The welcome accorded General Pershing on his return from France was all that could be expected, although not so delirious or hysterical as it might have been a few months earlier. It expressed the natural love for noise and bombast of the citizens of New York, and it was composed mainly of something BIG—which is New York's idea of the appropriate on all occasions—big noises, big money expenditures, big talk and big promises.

It is doubtful if General Pershing was impressed with the welcome, so far as the New York people were concerned, half as much as he was by the handclasp of his associates in the army. He probably was as much bored as any other man who does things would be with the welcome address by the secretary of war. For the man who does things usually has little use for ineffectual noise and still less for talk.

So far as General Pershing is concerned, the war is over. He is not likely to be sent back to Europe under any probable circumstances. His work henceforth will be administrative, and it will be his duty to make as good an army as possible out of the material and the money which a normally parsimonious congress is willing to grant.

When he left for Europe, his experience had been very limited. As was stated by a critic of the army, he had never commanded in anything but bushwhacking, guerrilla warfare. His knowledge of military matters was confined to the theory of war which he studied in West Point. He had not even been in a high administrative capacity in the army, and with the exception of his two campaigns—one against the Filipinos and the other during the punitive expedition in Mexico—he had nothing to qualify him for the position to which he was appointed except the confidence of the administration in his ability.

He has justified the high opinion of the administration officials. In his daily intercourse with the highest ranking officers of our allies, he has won the respect and the confidence of all. He may not have originated new plans of campaign, as some hysterical admirers insisted after the battles at Cantigny and Chateau Thierry, but at least he convinced the British and French leaders that the Americans did not need to be pushed forward—they rather had to be held back.

It is due to the magnificent forces which General Pershing commanded that he won his laurels. Had he commanded inferior forces, soldiers who had to have every act of their daily lives planned out by a general staff, men who could not think for themselves and who were easily discouraged by reverses, he might have come back a great leader, but the probability is that his laurels would not have been so many nor so green.

General Pershing himself recognizes this fact, and above all the army officers he gives credit in his reports as well as in his unofficial utterances to the men who helped to make him what he is.

It was said of a noted Texas fighter that he would "charge hell with a bucket of water." Pershing says the same thing of his men, and the men who went through the terrible experiences of Belleau wood justify the statement.

Without taking anything from the credit due General Pershing, it must be said that his subordinates, down to the men of lowest rank, were all that could be asked for by any commanding officer. The men who but a few months before were mechanics, salesmen or office clerks became as good soldiers as any they faced on the field of battle. The American expeditionary forces proved the contention that all Americans are good fighters—some are better, that's all. Training was all that any of them needed, and the result of their work was such as to astound their opponents, as well as to excite the admiration of their allies.

Honor to Pershing, but let us not forget the men who helped to make him what he is today—an able leader of able men.

PRO-GERMANISM.

President Wilson declared in his Sioux Falls address that "Within the last two weeks the pro-German element in the United States again has lifted its head."

This is one menace we have to face today, as we faced it before our entrance into the war, and in some respects it is a greater menace than the German armies, for it is insidious and treacherous.

The pro-Germans do not want our nation to enter the league of nations. They do not want us to be on friendly terms with the nations which are opposed to German militarism, to Prussianism in its widest sense. They are doing all they can to prevent the consummation of peace on the proper terms, and they are aided by those who have partisan feelings instead of patriotism.

The pro-Germans are in favor of the old system, for under it they can at any time again precipitate war and threaten the world with anarchy. They are at present showing their power by keeping the treaty so long from consideration, and the opponents of the administration are playing into the hands of our enemies by delaying consideration of the league covenant.

Germanism is now shown in its truly ugly colors by the efforts of some of the leading Germans to help the Bolsheviks, by the concerted plan to keep up the disturbances in Silesia, and by the open attempts at evading the terms of the peace treaty which was signed by the German delegates.

Desiring to unite all of German blood and German ideals in their opposition to the rest of the world, the Germans are now trying to induce the German Austrians to become subjects—not citizens, for the German knows no such relationship—of the German empire with its misleading title of republic.

It is because of this that the pro-German menace in our own country becomes one that should be fought with our whole strength. If we are to permit pro-German sentiment to dominate our government, the war might just as well have been left unfought, and we shall have to fight it all over again some day, perhaps in the near future.

Already there is an insidious propaganda being carried on to induce Americans to believe that the terms of the peace treaty are too hard. It is true that they are hard, but they are just. If anything, they err on the side of mercy. And if anyone thinks they are too hard, just remember what the terms of the Germans were in case they had won.

We hear on all sides the statement that we are fighting the battles of England and France; that we are pulling Great Britain's chestnuts out of the fire. This is all a part of the treacherous pro-German propaganda. It is meant to weaken our affection for our allies, and it is going to succeed to a certain extent if we are not careful.

Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy did as much for us as we have done for them. They held back the foe that was springing at our throat until we were prepared to fight for ourselves. And even now they are offering to form the first line of defense in the impregnable system that will prevent Germany from ever again attacking Europe or America.

The pro-Germans are doing some very effective work in Mexico, and the attempt to make the Mexican believe that we are actuated by a desire for Mexican territory is only another effort to breed strife between the two countries.

At the same time the same dangerous propaganda is being carried on in this country along somewhat different lines. We are asked to believe that our only hope for the future is to absorb Mexico—which we do not want under any circumstances—and that we should at once declare war upon that unfortunate country.

Once the peace treaty is ratified, our government will be in a position to look after the pro-Germans, and with the help of the people the government can dispose of the menace once and for all.

SAYS SHE DIDN'T HAVE A WELL DAY IN FIVE YEARS

MRS. CRAWFORD IS SOON RESTORED TO HEALTH BY TANLAC.

Peoria Woman Says Since Taking This Medicine She Is As Strong and Well As She Ever Was.

"I have been under treatment for about five years, and have taken many different kinds of medicines, but Tanlac is the only thing that has done me any good at all," said Mrs. B. Crawford, who lives at 3122 North Madison St., Peoria, Ill., the other day.

"It would be impossible," continued Mrs. Crawford, "for me to describe the suffering I underwent and I didn't have a well day in five years. Everything I ate disagreed with me, and I would have bad spells of indigestion after every meal. I was very nervous, too, and I never got a good night's sleep. Sometimes I would get so dizzy that I was hardly able to stand on my feet. These troubles just getting worse all the time, and I finally got so weak and run down that I was not able to do any of my housework."

"I was a long time making up my mind to take Tanlac, but after reading the statements from so many good people right in Peoria, that I decided to see if it would do me any good. Well, I must say that Tanlac is the best medicine I have ever seen. By the time I had finished my first bottle I was feeling like a different person. I have taken four bottles so far, and now I am as well and strong as I ever was in my life. My stomach troubles have been completely overcome, and I can eat just anything I want now, and I never suffer afterwards, and I sleep like a child every night. I am telling everybody I meet about Tanlac, and have induced a good many of my friends to take it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

For a Weak Stomach.

The great relief afforded by Chamberlain's Tablets in a multitude of cases has fully proven the great value of this preparation for a weak stomach and impaired digestion. In many cases this relief has become permanent and the sufferers have been completely restored to health.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

LEAGUE CERTAIN WILSON DECLARES

SEPTEMBER 9.

1844—Maurice Thompson, author of "Alice of Old Vincennes" and other popular stories, born at Fairfield, Ind. Died at Crawfordsville, Ind., Feb. 15, 1901.

1869—Gen. William T. Sherman became Secretary of War in President Grant's cabinet.

1870—Nathan Lord, the pro-slavery president of Dartmouth College, died at Hanover, N. H. Born at Berwick, Me., Nov. 23, 1792.

1891—An earthquake in San Salvador destroyed many villages and lives.

1892—Mr. Gladstone's second Home Rule Bill was defeated in the House of Lords.

1898—The Ocean House, at Newport, R. I., was destroyed by fire.

1914—Emperor William protested to President Wilson against the use of dum-dum bullets by the Allies.

1915—German army under von Mackensen captured Dubno.

1916—British captured Ginchy village on the Somme front after severe fighting.

1917—German Crown Prince lost heavily in counter-attacks at Verdun.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 9.

Hon. Hugh A. Robson, chairman of the newly organized Board of Commerce of Canada born at Barrow-in-Furness, England, 48 years ago today.

Maj. Gen. Guy Carleton, U. S. A., one of the recipients of the Distinguished Service Medal, born at Austin, Texas, 62 years ago today.

Edward W. Pou, representative in Congress of the Fourth North Carolina district, born at Tuskegee, Ala., 56 years ago today.

Victor F. Lawson, well-known Chicago newspaper publisher, born in Chicago, 69 years ago today.

Marguerite Snow, widely celebrated as a motion picture actress, born at Savannah, Ga., 27 years ago today.

KEEP TO THE FRONT.

"You may have been in business fifty years, but the buying public can forget you in a week," says The Metter (Ga.) Advertiser.

It points out that this is especially the case where the regular appearance of a firm's advertising in the home paper is, for any reason, interrupted.

For "that's the time when the other house makes good in its appeal for patronage, through the paper."

And another big mistake is made when one "permits the idea to remain in his head that he is merely doing the paper a favor by giving it some advertising now and then."

It goes without saying that the business results of steady, well-directed advertising sufficiently refute the idea that the financial benefits are all one way; the enterprising, up-to-date business man doesn't entertain it at all!

The editor of the little home paper in the small town has often heard this: "I'll give you an 'ad,' to help you along."

But he knows—and the town itself soon comes to know—that the help is mutual, and that the paper gives far more than it receives.

On hearing of a new town the first question of business is, "is there a paper published there?"

And, if answered in the affirmative, the next thing of interest is the advertising patronage of the paper, as an index of the town's business.

That's the way it goes. The paper, backed by the business of the town, puts the town "on the map," and business, from far and away, soon takes the road to it.

The national advertisers, who spend millions each year, know the value of "keeping everlastingly at it," so that the buying public will not ever miss them from the advertising pages. They can't afford to run the financial risk of being for a moment forgotten by a public that's likely to forget, and pass on to new fields of business opportunity.

The buying public is on the "keep a-going" principle, and that's the way of the advertiser who has something to offer. He realizes that publicity is the essential thing. He must keep to the front!—Atlanta Constitution.

TURNED OUT BADLY.

"Does Mrs. Dubwaite, in the course of a little disagreement, ever remind you of the men she might have married?"

"No," answered Mr. Dubwaite. "In an argument like that I would have a decided advantage."

"One of Mrs. Dubwaite's former suitors is now doing time in the penitentiary for embezzlement and two others are prominent Bolsheviks," Birmingham Age-Herald.

HANDICAPPED.

"Golf is a rich man's game."

"Ridiculous nonsense. I have yet to see a rich man who can do the course in less than a hundred."—Dortoit Free Press.

LEAGUE CERTAIN WILSON DECLARES

PRESIDENT IN OPENING SPEECHES OF TOUR VOICES HIGH HOPE.

"WORLD WAITS FOR US"

"Future Free From War if America Carries Out Her Pledges," Says Executive.

By Mount Clemens News Bureau.

Aboard President's Special Train, St. Louis, Sept. 5.—Displaying a high confidence that his fellow citizens in the great majority agree with him in his desire to end war forever, and that they will see to it. The peace treaty with its league of nations inclusion is ratified by the senate, President Wilson is making a successful journey across the country on the mission he has undertaken for the purpose of laying before the plain people a report of his work in Paris and explaining what the league means.

Thus far in his travels, he has everywhere met with warm greetings, both in the great halls where he has spoken formally and in the little cross roads hamlets where his train has halted at times, and he has exchanged words with the villagers who pressed forward to greet him. He feels, and does not hesitate to say so, when chatting with his traveling companions, that the American people want no more of war and want to become part of the league so that there may be no more war.

He struck his key note when he said in his first address in Columbus, Ohio: "This treaty was not intended merely to end this single war; it is meant as a notice to every government who, in the future will attempt this thing (what Germany attempted) that mankind will unite to inflict the same punishment. There is no national triumph to be recorded in this treaty. There is no glory sought for any particular nation. The thought of the statesmen collected around that table was of their people, of the suffering they had gone through; of the losses they had incurred; of that great throbbing heart which has so depressed, so forlorn, so sad in every memory it has of the five tragical years that have gone by. Let us never forget those years, my fellow countrymen. Let us never forget the purpose, high and disinterested, with which America lent its strength, not for its own glory, but for the defense of mankind."

"As I said, this treaty was not intended merely to end this war. It was intended to prevent any similar war. I wonder if some of the opponents of the league of nations have forgotten the promises we made our people before we went to that peace table? We had taken by processes of law the flower of our youth from every countryside, from every household and we told those mothers and fathers and sisters and wives and sweet hearts that we were taking those men to fight a war which would end business of that sort, and if we do not end it, if we do not do the best that human concert of action can do to end it, we are of all men the most unfaithful—the most unfaithful to the loving hearts who suffered in this war; the most unfaithful to those households bowed in grief and yet lifted down his life for a great thing, and, among other things, in order that other lads might never have to do the same thing."

"That is what the league of nations is for—to end this war justly, and then not merely to serve notice on governments which would contemplate the same thing Germany contemplated that they will do so at their peril, but also concerning the combination of power which will prove to them that they will do it at their peril. It is idle to say that the world will combine against you; but it is persuasive to say the world is combined against you. The league of nations is the only thing that can prevent the recurrence of this dreadful catastrophe and redeem our promises."

A league of nations would have prevented the late conflict, the president asserted, exclaiming, "I did not meet a single public man who did not admit these things; that Germany would not have gone into this war if she thought Great Britain was going into it, and that she most certainly would never have gone into it had she dreamed America was going into it. And they all admit that a notice beforehand that the greatest powers of the world combine to prevent this sort of thing would prevent it absolutely."

Applause and cheers greeted each declaration of the president that wars might be avoided in future by the operation of the league.

He pointed out other important features of the peace treaty. How it was the recognition of weak nations who never could have won; how it says "those people have a right to live; they themselves choose," and how "that is the American principle, and I was glad to fight for it. That was the very heart of the treaty, he said."

He drew attention to the section of the treaty which is "magna charta of labor," which shall dispose of the hours, conditions and remunerations of labor, "forecasts the day," he said, "which ought to have come long ago, when statesmen will realize that no nation is fortunate which is not happy; whose people are not contented in their lives and fortunate in the circumstances of their lives."

In conclusion, the president said he felt certain the treaty will be accepted, and was only impatient of the delay in waiting on America. "The only country in the world that is trusted today is the United States, and the world is waiting to see if its trust is justified."

Mr. Wilson's Indianapolis speech was like the one at Columbus, explained the league, an appeal for its ratification, and a prediction that it was sure to come into being.

BOY SCOUTS PAY RESPECTS TO DISTRICT COMMANDER

CALL ON COL. BEAUMONT B. BUCK IN A BODY YESTERDAY

Addresses Made and Commander Showed Deep Interest He Feels in Work of Laredo Boy Scouts.

Yesterday afternoon one of the most joyous events in the history of the Boy Scouts of Laredo took place, and as a result the forty-four boys who formed the procession that marched from Scouts Hall in the Bruni building on Convent Ave. to district headquarters at Ft. McIntosh yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock will never forget the occasion on which they paid their respects to Colonel Beaumont B. Buck, the estimable commander of this district and the felicitous and generous manner in which he received that courtesy.

Marching in a body from their hall, Troops Nos. 1 and 2, in command of Assistant Scoutmaster Trout, and accompanied by Dr. J. T. Halsell, Dr. H. C. Hall, Prof. F. W. Mally, Robert Lee Bobbitt and W. C. Wright, district secretary of the War Camp Community Service, proceeded to district headquarters at Fort McIntosh, the scouts halting in front of the building. Colonel Buck, who had been notified of their intention, came out and saluted the scouts as soon as they halted. First-Class Scout Beyton Kerr, Jr., as spokesman for the two troops, made a short address in which he greeted Colonel Buck most happily and expressed the thanks of the scouts to the eminent commander for his interest in their organization and kindness in providing the necessary equipment for their recent hike to Cotulla.

Colonel Buck received the remarks of the young speaker with a very kindly and appreciative feeling and responded to him with a few well chosen words in which he praised the work of the Boy Scouts, told of the great patriotic service they had done their country in time of need and urged them to continue to be good loyal Americans ever ready to serve the country when they were needed. He instilled many patriotic sentiments into his remarks and the Boy Scouts were sincerely impressed with every word Colonel Buck spoke.

A group picture of Colonel Buck and the Boy Scouts of Laredo was then taken, after which, headed by Colonel Buck, the youngsters marched to Colonel Buck's quarters, where a pleasant hour was spent, where the commander personally met, learned the name of and got acquainted with every Boy Scout present and then refreshments were served, Colonel Buck being assisted in the entertaining of the youngsters by Mrs. Buck, Bob Essing and Captain Kemper. After leaving the quarters and again forming outside, the boys gave several scout yells for Colonel Buck and then, saluting him, they marched away.

Office of Deputy Collector of Customs, Port of Laredo, Texas, September 9, 1919. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on September 16, 1919, at 10 o'clock at the Customhouse, one horse and wagon, seized for violation of Section 3082, Revised Statutes. A. R. Kahn, Deputy Collector of Customs.

SECOND DAY OF INSTITUTE WITH UNABATED INTEREST

City School Teachers Listen With Interest to Many Good Papers and Addresses on Subjects.

The second day of the City Teachers' Institute at the Central School building today opened with a full attendance, and the following program was carried out up to the noon hour:

Paper on "Examinations and Their Relation to Culture and Efficiency," by Miss Polkinhorn; address on "Americanization," most ably delivered by Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill; an able talk on "Health and Hygiene," by Dr. E. H. Sauvignat, who brought out many valuable points to his listeners; paper on "Schools and the War-Motive-Interest Purpose," by Miss Siros; paper on "Games and Play for School Children," by Mrs. M. J. Diaz; paper on "Correlation of Primary Numbers and Other Subjects," by Miss M. Gonzales; paper on "Teaching American Ideals Through Literature," by Mrs. C. M. Fish; "English Work in the Grammar Grades," was ably handled by Mrs. Camp; paper on "Sentence Building," by Miss Sofia Salinas; paper on "Primary Language," by Miss Vera Lang; paper on "The Necessity of Writing a Legible Hand," by Mrs. H. G. DaCamara; paper on "Open Air School Movement in the United States," by Mrs. Heaner; paper on "Essentials in Teaching English," by Miss Zenaida Salinas; paper on "Geography in the Lower Grades," by Miss Villareal. All the papers and addresses were intensely interesting to the assembled teachers and many good suggestions were contained in them.

TOO MUCH.

Hitherto Patient Border: Mrs. Starvem, I can stand having hash every day in the week, but when on Sunday you put plums in it and call it mince pie, I draw the line!

POLITICS IS BARRED FROM EXAMINATION POSTMASTER

Post Must Be Given to Best Candidate, According to Order of the President.

Politics will be barred altogether from consideration in the forthcoming examination for postmaster at Cotulla, Texas, according to an announcement just received from the New York offices of the National Civil Service Reform League. According to the order of President Wilson taking first, second and third class postmasters out of politics, the appointment must be given to the applicant receiving the highest rating in the competitive examination.

In many localities where examinations have already been held, the League's statement says, there has been an attempt by politicians to create the impression that the examination was only a screen for political manipulation. So successful has this propaganda been in certain cases that many qualified persons who would otherwise have applied have refrained from doing so, believing that without political "pull" it would be useless.

The League urges that no attention be paid to such reports, but that all citizens residing within the delivery of the vacant office, both men and women, apply for the position if they believe they are qualified to fill it. In this way the community will be assured of securing the best person available as postmaster.

The examinations are conducted and the candidates rated by the United States Civil Service Commission. Information may be obtained from the Commission at Washington or from the local postoffice. The examination will be held in Laredo.

WAS SUMMONED TO CORPUS AND LEFT FOR THERE TODAY

W. G. Eyres, State Organizer of Red Men, Will Return to Laredo in January to Do Much Work.

W. G. Eyres of Austin, past grand sache of the Improved Order of Red Men, and at present state organizer of the order, who arrived in Laredo last week to assist in the work of reorganizing Yaqui Tribe No. 4, recovered instructions yesterday to proceed to Corpus Christi to assist in work among the Red Men being done there, and left today at noon.

Mr. Eyres stated to The Times that he intended to return to Laredo in January and help the Red Men to build their local lodge up to full limit of strength and also assist them in every way possible with the preparations that will be made for the annual big celebration of Washington's Birthday Anniversary in Laredo next February.

CARDS ISSUED VISITORS BY MAYOR NUEVO LAREDO

Mayor Barrera Distributes Cards to Foreigners Asking Them to Notify Him When in Trouble.

Juan Barrera, the new mayor of the city of Nuevo Laredo, appears determined to provide protection for all Americans and other foreigners visiting his city on business or pleasure, and to each visitor in Nuevo Laredo there is being distributed a neatly printed card reading:

"To Our Foreign Visitors: If anything happens to you in my jurisdiction, call me at phone No. 640-3; if not there at No. 317 or 709-W. Juan Barrera, Presidente Municipal—City Mayor."

INSTALLS OTIS ELEVATOR AND DEPARTMENT REMOVED

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department of Richter's Store Removed From the First to the Second Floor.

The stentorian notes, "going up!" has been added to another establishment in Laredo, and soon patrons of the ladies' ready-to-wear department of Richter's Department Store, will be "riding up and down" in one of the most modern Otis electric elevators on the market.

The ladies' ready-to-wear department of Richter's is now being removed to the second floor and after October 1 patrons visiting that section of the store can just step into a nice new electric elevator and "bing," they are on the second floor on their way to the ready-to-wear section.

DISTRICT SECRETARY HERE LOOKING OVER CONDITIONS

W. C. Wright, District Secretary W. C. C. S. Here Looking After Matters at This End District.

W. C. Wright, the wide-awake and indefatigable district secretary of the War Camp Community Service, arrived here yesterday afternoon from his headquarters at Corpus Christi on one of his frequent visits to the War Camp Community Service department work here—the Soldiers' Club.

Mr. Wright, whose field of work extends from Corpus Christi southward to Brownsville and westward to Laredo, is an untiring worker in behalf of anything that contributes to the comfort of the soldier boys, and, like Bob Essing, he does not work on union hours on his job, but puts in considerable free overtime in promoting the work trusted to his care.

A BIG BOXING EXHIBITION FRIDAY AT FORT M'INTOSH

FOUR BOUTS ARE ANNOUNCED ON PROGRAM OUT THERE.

People of Laredo Are Invited to Turn Out and Witness Best Boxing Matches Ever Staged Here.

A program comprising one of the best fightfests ever staged in this section of Texas will be pulled off at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening beginning at 7 o'clock, when some of the best boxing artists will engage in contests that promise plenty of action and some surprises for the spectators, for among those on the program are some near-champneys who have tackled the big fellows in their particular class, these including Pete Kochaukas, the fighting little Greek who was with the Second Texas Cavalry, but is now engaged in more delicate employment at the Metropolitan Cafe, and who will meet "One-Round" Flores, the Aztec demon, both being in the bantamweight class, but fighters full of pluck and vim. They will go four rounds. Then there are two real lightweight boxers, "Sailor" Billy Williams, late of the U. S. N. who will meet Bobby Mason of San Antonio, and this fight, going ten rounds, promises to be the best and most interesting on the entire card.

Two other bouts are also on the program, these being Young Peña vs. Battling Hanson, who will punch each other up for a series of six rounds unless a decision is reached in the meantime. Then comes the bout with "a touch of color and comedy" to it, when two ebony-hued gentles, "Bum" Spears and "Black" Heaven will engage in a slugfest for six rounds.

Civilians are cordially invited to attend the boxing exhibition, and while no charges are made for admission, those desiring to contribute to the expenses incurred can do so. It is going to be a fightfest program worth while and some lively boxing is assured all, and Laredo people generally are asked to turn out and see some real snappy boxing bouts.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

All subscribers to the Capital Stock of "HOME ICE COMPANY" are hereby notified that the Board of Directors of said Corporation, at a called meeting thereof held on the 2nd day of September, 1919, pursuant to Art. 1169 of the Revised Civil Statutes of this State, and the By-Laws of the company, passed a resolution calling for a payment of fifty per centum of unpaid subscriptions to be made on or before October 15, 1919, and another payment of fifty per centum thereof, on or before November 15, 1919, and that notice of such call be published as required by law.

L. J. CHRISTEN,
Secretary Home Ice Co.
9-9-3t.

LOCAL NEWS

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report, Victor J. Vera and Miss Margarita J. Lopez, Reyes Gonzales and Mrs. Francisca C. Salazar, Genaro Alegria and Miss Francisca Jimenez.

Dr. Keeley, specialist, chronic and nervous diseases. Office over Woolworth's. 8-9-1m.

The county commissioners of Webb county are in special session today receiving and examining the tax rolls of the county assessor, who has just completed his rolls for the year 1919.

About 250 bales of cotton have been turned out so far by the gin of the Laredo Gin Co. on the Heights in this city, of which R. M. Johnson is the manager. Cotton is coming in lively at this time and the gin is kept busy from early morning until late evening handling the seed cotton that is being brought in from the nearby country to be ginned.

The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday afternoon consisted of a number of goods brought to this side from Nuevo Laredo via the international footbridge in carts.

The many friends of Miss Mary Devine, deputy collector of customs in charge of the Laredo customhouse, will be pleased to learn that she is much improved after a severe illness and hopes soon to be up and about again and able to resume her duties at the federal building.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

A woman's brain reaches the greatest weight about the age of twenty-five years.

Milliners do not prosper in Mexico. Nearly every woman in that country goes bareheaded.

Persian ladies ornament their faces by painting on their figures of insects and small animals.

Landladies in London are forming an association for the protection of their common interests.

A native Sitka widow when she puts on mourning paints the upper part of her face a deep black.

Miss Margaret Ennis, of Arapahoe County, is said to be the first woman deputy sheriff in Colorado.

SARAH BACHE ANNIVERSARY.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 10.—Special meetings of Philadelphia historical societies and women's clubs will serve to recall tomorrow the 175th anniversary of the birth of Sarah Bache, the only daughter of Benjamin Franklin, the great philosopher and statesman. When she was born, Sept. 11, 1744, her illustrious father was 38 years of age and was in the midst of that period of public usefulness to his adopted colony that gave a forecast of the great national character which he was destined to become. By the time Sarah had reached her teens her father was in England representing the province of Pennsylvania in the effort to avert legislation by parliament which would be distasteful and hurtful to the American colonies in general.

Although the public duties of Dr. Franklin separated him from his daughter for more than 23 of the 30 years following, a strong bond of attachment existed between father and daughter, as is fully evidenced by their correspondence which was always of the most frank and confidential character.

Sarah Franklin inherited the benevolent disposition of her famous father, as well as his rugged good sense and practical turn of mind. She was not less patriotic, moreover, than the distinguished patriot himself. In the severe weather of the winter preceding the victory of the continental army at Yorktown Mrs. Bache was chief of the patriotic band of ladies who made clothing for the half-clad soldiers and sought to mitigate their sufferings. At one time more than 2200 women were employed under her direction in sewing for the army.

She showed great energy and resourcefulness in collecting large sums for this work, and among the persons who responded generously to her appeals were a number of the foremost men in the patriotic cause. She collected delicacies and medicines for the soldiers in the hospitals, and with her own hands nursed the sick and wounded.

Her husband was Richard Bache, who came from Yorkshire, England, and accumulated a large fortune in marine insurance. He had been only four or five years in Philadelphia when the Revolution began. At that time he was chairman of the Republican society. He had married the only daughter of Benjamin Franklin about eight years before, when he was engaged with his brother in business in New York.

Franklin appointed Bache secretary, controller and register general, to date from September, 1775, and in November of the following year he succeeded his father-in-law as postmaster-general. This post he held until 1782.

Sarah Bache had eight children. Her eldest, Benjamin Franklin Bache, a boy of 6 years when the Revolution began, was educated in France and Geneva, having accompanied his grandfather, Benjamin Franklin, to Paris. He learned printing and typefounding at the publishing house of the brothers Didot, in Paris, and when he returned to America, at the age of 16, he had some idea of going into the printing and publishing business. For a time he studied in the college of Philadelphia. When he was 21 years old he engaged in the publication of the General Advertiser, which was afterward known as the Aurora. This became one of the ablest and most influential journals of the time. It opposed with great bitterness the administrations of both Presidents Washington and Adams.

In succeeding generations the descendants of Richard Bache and Sarah Franklin numbered among them many distinguished men in the learned professions. Alexander Dallas Bache, grandson of Sarah and great-grandson of Benjamin Franklin, was one of the best-known of American scientists. For nearly 25 years, until his death, he was superintendent of the coast survey. He was honored by foreign governments and was president of the American Philosophical Society, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and the first presiding officer of the National Academy of Sciences.

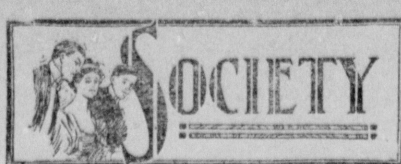
CONDITION IS IMPROVED SINCE ARRIVAL IN NORTH

County Judge Page Writes That He is Feeling Much Better Since Arrival in Rochester, Minn.

A letter received from County Judge Geo. R. Page, who is in Rochester, Minn., for medical treatment at the Mayo Bros. Sanitarium, announces that he is feeling much improved in health since his arrival in the north and that he is soon to begin a treatment that it is hoped will restore him to his usual robust health.

Judge Page left here a little over two weeks ago for Rochester and expects to be absent at least two months. His many friends hope that the treatment he is to receive in the famous sanitarium of Mayo Bros. will restore him to his usual good health and that he will return to Laredo sound and healthy.

The most spacious lodging-house in the world is one for pilgrims at Mecca, which accommodates 6,000 persons.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

Circle C. W. M. C. of the Baptist Church, will meet with Mrs. W. C. Beaman at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. W. N. Young will entertain the Married Ladies Social Club Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton.

The Boy Scouts will entertain with a party at Loma Vista Park on Thursday evening complimenting their parents and friends.

Ruined Hearts.

The ruined wheat fields lying in the sun

Will smile again e'er many seasons pass;

The crooning breeze will sway the golden grass

The way it did before a blazing gun

Mowed down the meadow poppies in red heaps,

And battered villages will rise anew

And homes will stand where one-time gardens grew;

And in dim forests, where an army sleeps.

The little birds will sing their evening songs

The way they did before a blasting rain

Of shrapnel cut their tiny nests in twain;

For France will rise triumphant, through her wrongs.

Yes, France will grow once more in faith, and pave

Her tortured roads again with stones of life,

Her songs will rise once more above the strife—

But what about the hearts that gave—and gave?

—Margaret E. Sangster, in World Outlook.

General Mention.

Mrs. J. W. Falvella, who has been spending the past four months with her parents in West Somerville, Mass., left New York today aboard the steamer "Concho" for her home in Laredo. While in New York yesterday Mrs. Falvella witnessed the grand demonstration and parade given in honor of General John J. Pershing, who has just returned from overseas.

Mrs. O. H. Guinn and two sons returned last week from Tyler, where they have been visiting relatives for the past two months.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley has returned from San Antonio, where she accompanied her granddaughter, Miss Rosita Barlow, who entered the Lady of the Lake College.

Mr. Charles Ernst has returned to San Antonio after a short visit to his children.

Captain Pettus Hemphill is in Laredo for a short stay, en route to Fort Ringgold.

Rev. J. Ward has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Thomas and James Devine and Atlee Sheble left this morning for La Porte, Texas, to enter the St. Mary's Seminary.

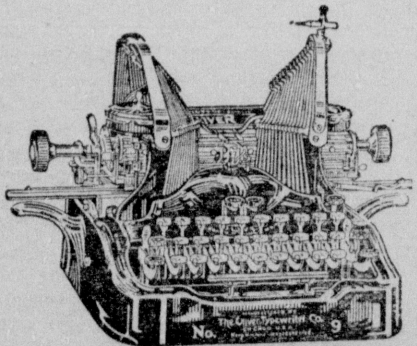
Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. Fred. H. Baird and son, James Nicholson Baird, recently arrived from Washington and are the guests of Lieutenant Colonel Baird's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Baird, on Crofton Avenue. Colonel Baird is stationed at Camp Normoyle with the Mother Transport Corps.

The above clipping will be of interest to a large number of Laredo people.

New No. 9 Oliver

Was \$100—Now \$57

\$3.00 down—\$3.00 monthly



Wm. A. Parker Co.

DISTRIBUTORS

510 Flores Ave. Laredo, Tex.

ple, as Col. and Mrs. Baird have many friends here.

Miss Evelyn Moore and brothers James and Philip returned this morning from an extended trip in the West.

Mrs. Dave Clarke arrived in the city on Sunday from Tampico, Mexico.

Mrs. Frank Daugherty arrived in Laredo on Sunday from Tampico and left Monday for San Antonio to join her mother, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Sidney Katz.

Dr. E. H. Sauvignat left this morning for San Antonio on a short business trip.

Miss Celeste Hamilton left this morning for San Antonio, where she spend the week-end with friends.

Mrs. Fritz Werner and son, Fred, accompanied by Miss Elsie Strain, have left for a several days' visit to Corpus Christi.

Mrs. Lena Poggenpohl and daughter, Miss Lilly Poggenpohl, left yesterday for Wichita Falls, where they will visit Mr. Charles Poggenpohl for several weeks. They will stop en route at Austin to visit Mrs. Beckham, sister of Mrs. Poggenpohl.

Mrs. J. O. Buenz has returned from a pleasant two week's visit to relatives in different points in the state.

Announcement.

The Blue Birds will hold a business meeting Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. A full attendance is required.

Entertainment.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church was delightfully complimented by Mrs. Grimms yesterday afternoon when she entertained with a party in honor of the fifth birthday of her little son, Randolph. Outdoor games were enjoyed, after which the hostess served delicious cream and cake from a prettily appointed table. The birthday cake iced in white, adorned with five rose-colored candles, formed the center piece. The plate favors were toys of different kinds. Those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality were Tommy and Bessie Mann, Mabel Beyette, Violet Beaman, Leonard, Betty Louise and Lucy Craig, Aline Adams, Margaret Guinn, Frank Beddoe, Zoe and Alice Byrne, Dorothy Jennings, Hubert and Melvin Pereira, and the honor guest, Mesdames Adams, Guinn and the hostess.

Farewell Dance.

Owing to the departure of a number of recently discharged men from Fort McIntosh, the dance given by the Knights of Columbus last night took on the nature of a farewell, and the boys were given a "send-off" which they will long remember. Neat programs with "Good-bye Boys" on the inside cover and a tribute to "Our Chaperones and the Girls" on the back cover page carried a series of twelve dances, and it is needless to say that every one was enjoyed to the utmost. The hospitality was of the sort that has made the Knights of Columbus famous, and the departing soldiers will carry away a pleasant memory of Laredo, Fort McIntosh and the K. of C.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Thursday generally fair.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 51 degs.

Min. temp. 58 degs.

General direction of wind. Southeast.

Clear.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This is not only one of the best and most efficient medicines for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, but is also pleasant to take, which is important when a medicine must be given to young children. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been in use for many years, and has met with much favor wherever its good qualities have become known. Many mothers have given it their unqualified endorsement. Wm. Scruby, Chillicothe, Mo., writes, "I have raised three children, have always used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and found it to be the best for coughs, colds and croup. It is pleasant to take. Both adults and children like it. My wife and I have always felt safe from croup with it in the house." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio, Sole and Drugists, 76c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 576. 4-11.

Wanted:—We buy, sell and exchange Kodaks. Photos taken day or night. Moonlight Studio, front of Deutz Hardware Store, Laredo, Texas. Phone 742. 7-10-11.

LOANS on ranch lands, ten thousand dollars up, interest seven to eight per cent. A. C. Hamilton. 7-12-11.

For Sale by Owner:—640 acres of land, 8 miles Southeast of Laredo, fenced and cross-fenced, 40 acres under cultivation, tank and well water on the land, good dairy ranch. A. Winslow, Box 218, Laredo, Texas. 8-18-11.

Wanted:—Second hand office desk. Phone 665. 8-27-11.

For Rent:—Furnished, modern light housekeeping rooms, 1312 Houston street. 8-26-11.

For Rent:—Extra large furnished room for \$12.00 per month. Apply 413 Davis avenue. 9-3-11.

For Rent:—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 1304 Victoria street. 9-3-11.

Wanted:—Salesman to represent us in Laredo and surrounding territory; one that can speak Spanish. Good opportunity. Price Brokerage Co., San Antonio, Texas. 9-5-11.

For Rent:—Three unfurnished downstairs rooms, 1612 Victoria street. Phone 1413. 9-8-11.

Agents Wanted:—To sell merchandise on installment plan. For information apply 1518 Juarez avenue. 9-8-11.

For Sale:—Gentle saddle pony in fine condition. Apply "P" this office. 9-9-11.

Wanted:—Position by lady typist or any kind of office work. Address: "X" care Times. 9-9-11.

For Rent:—Modern five room furnished apartment one half block from Postoffice. J. Maxcy Pace. Phone 576. 9-9-11.

For Rent:—Furnished room for light housekeeping with kitchenette on Heights two blocks south of end of car line. 1602 Guatimozin St. 9-10-11.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 10.

1844—Peace was concluded between France and Morocco.

1860—Sardinian troops entered the Papal States.

1869—John Bell, Whig candidate for President in 1860, died at Cumberland Iron Works, Tenn. Born near Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 15, 1797.

1889—S. S. Cox, a congressman for a quarter of a century from two States, died in New York City. Born at Zanesville, O., Sept. 30, 1824.

1897—Coal-mine strikers were fired upon and killed by deputy sheriffs at Hazleton, Pa.

1907—Colony of New Zealand was proclaimed a Dominion.

1914—Serbians captured Semlin, a famous stronghold on the Austrian border.

1915—Petrograd reported Russians had broken Austro-German front in Galicia.

1916—Berlin and Vienna conceded a gain of ground to the Russians in the Carpathians.

1917—Kerensky removed Gen. Korniloff from his command as a rebel and proclaimed martial law in Petrograd.

For a Weak Stomach.

The great relief afforded by Chamberlain's Tablets in a multitude of cases has fully proven the great value of this preparation for a weak stomach and impaired digestion. In many cases this relief has become permanent and the sufferers have been completely restored to health.



BELL'S HOT WATER SURE RELIEF FOR INDIGESTION

25 CENTS

TREATY FINALLY REPORTED TO SENATE TODAY FOR DISCUSSION IN OPEN SESSION

Attached to Committee Report were Forty-five Amendments and Four Reservations, with the Statement that It is an Alliance and Not a League Which is Proposed by the President.

MEXICO PROTESTED AGAINST AVIATORS

COMPLAINED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF AIRPLANES

CROSSING THE MEXICAN FRONTIER.

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, Sept. 10.—An energetic protest against American army airplanes crossing the frontier into Mexican territory has been addressed to the United States state department by Mexico, according to the foreign affairs department, which said that the acts protested against occurred in Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila and Lower California.

AUSTRIAN TREATY WAS SIGNED TODAY

RENNER SIGNED FOR AUSTRIA

AND THEN THE AMERICAN DELEGATES SIGNED

FIRST.

By Associated Press.

St. Germain, Sept. 10.—Dr. Karl Renner, head of the Austrian delegation to the peace conference signed the treaty between the allied and associated powers and the Austrian republic at 10:15 this morning. When all the delegates present had seated themselves around the table Dr. Renner was introduced with the same formality observed when the Germans entered the Hall of Mirrors at Versailles June 28th. M. Clemenceau, president of the conference, then arose and opened the session, asking Dr. Renner to affix his signature to the treaty and annexes and announcing that the delegates would then be called in the order in which they were named in the preamble to the document. Dr. Renner bowed, smiled graciously as he approached the table, and bowed and smiled again to the delegates after signing as he turned to go to his seat. Frank L. Polk, who succeeded Secretary of State Lansing as head of the United States delegation, signed after Dr. Renner, followed by Henry White and General Bliss.

Did Not Sign Treaty.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The delegates from Rumania and Jugoslavia did not sign the Austrian treaty. They were given until Saturday to announce their definite intention.

THAT WASN'T THE REASON

The following is told of a certain mill overlooker, who always had his dinner at a local restaurant:

One of the waitresses was very keen on this overlooker, who invariably sat at the same table. She fluttered round him, ogled and giggled, and explained the young man's lack of response by the fact that he stammered.

"Is there anything you want," she asked one day.

The young man glanced at her and said:

"Will you let me have a k-k-k-k?"

The maiden blushed violently at this significant sound and threw a glance of triumph at the other waitresses.

"—a k-k-k-cup?" finished the young overlooker.

The girl blushed deeper than ever at this, and the young man went on:

"I know why you're b-b-bushing. You thought I was g-g-g-going to ask for a k-k-k-clean cup!"

TROPICAL STORM COMING.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The weather bureau today announced that there are indications that the tropical storm now southeast of the Gulf of Mexico is moving northwest.

TYPHOON SWEPT CHINA.

By Associated Press.

Amoy, China, Sept. 10.—A great typhoon swept over the southeast coast September 1, killing at least 3,000 persons.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Characterized as an alliance and not a league which would breed wars instead of securing peace, the German peace treaty including the covenant of the league of nations was reported to the senate by the foreign relations committee today with 45 amendments and four reservations to be discussed in open session of the senate. Every Republican committee member except Senator McCumber signed the majority report, stating that the changes were governed by the single purpose to guard American rights and sovereignty against invasion which "would stimulate breaches of faith, encourage conflicts and generate war." The reservations propose the unconditional right to withdraw from the league; declaration by the United States to accept any legal or moral obligations of Article 10 or accept mandates from the league except by action of the congress of the United States; reserving to the United States the exclusive right to decide what questions are within its own domestic jurisdiction, and absolute reservation of the Monroe Doctrine to the judgment of the United States alone. The principal amendments propose equal voting power for the United States with Great Britain in the assemblies of the league, giving to China instead of Japan the province of Shantung, and relief of the United States from representation on commissions deciding matters not concerning it. Other amendments concern phraseology. Referring to fears that other nations would not accept the amended covenant, the report says: "That one thing certainly would not happen. Other nations will take us on our own terms, for without us their league would be a wreck and all their gains from victorious peace imperiled."

WAR OR PEACE IS THE ONLY QUESTION NOW

WILSON SAID THE ONLY WAY TO MAINTAIN PEACE WAS

BY CONCERT OF THE NATIONS.

FAVOR NATIONALIZATION.

CONCERT AT POST TONIGHT ON JARVIS PLAZA TOMORROW

Concert at the Post Takes Place First Each Week in Future—on Wednesday Instead of Friday.

By Associated Press.

Glasgow, Scotland, Sept. 10.—Overwhelmingly the Trades Union Congress today adopted a resolution favoring the rationalization of the coal mines.

PRESIDENT HEADING WEST.

Aboard the President's Train, Sept. 10.—President Wilson is heading west on one of the longest legs of his country-wide tour. The only stop scheduled is at Bismarck, North Dakota.

By Associated Press.

As was announced in The Times last week, the date of the weekly concert at Fort McIntosh by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band has been changed from each Friday night to each Wednesday night for the remainder of the season and the first concert under the new schedule takes place at Fort McIntosh this evening.

The night of the weekly band concerts on the plazas of Laredo by the same musical organization has not been changed, but the regular concert will take place tomorrow night on Jarvis Plaza beginning promptly at 8 o'clock. The programs of both concerts—that at the post this evening and that on Jarvis Plaza tomorrow evening—were published in The Times of yesterday.

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By Associated Press.

Amoy, China, Sept. 10.—A great typhoon swept over the southeast coast September 1, killing at least 3,000 persons.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

LAWLESSNESS NOW RAMPANT IN BOSTON

CITIZENS FORCED BY STRIKE OF POLICE TO GUARD THEIR OWN LIVES AND PROPERTY.

By Associated Press.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 10.—Lawlessness is rampant in Boston today. With the police striking, the citizens are left to their own resources to protect their own lives and property. The situation is serious.

Called Out National Guards.

Boston, Sept. 10.—The governor has called out four guard regiments.

FAMOUS DIVISION PARADES NEW YORK

WITH PERSHING IN LEAD AND WAR CROSS GLEANING ON BANNER, FIRST DIVISION MARCHES.

By Associated Press.

New York, Sept. 10.—With General Pershing at their head and the cross of war twinkling on their banners, the First division of regulars marched down Fifth avenue, the crowning military spectacle of the world war for New York. Full panopied for battle, 25,000 soldiers paraded, the flower of the American army.

Cardinal Mercier Spectator.

New York, Sept. 10.—Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, who arrived yesterday to thank the people of the United States for aid given Belgium in the war was among the thousands who witnessed the parade of the First division today.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

General John J. Pershing is to be officially welcomed home by New York City with a great military parade and review today.

President Wilson, in his tour of the West, is scheduled for an address today at Bismarck, N. D.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales is to conclude his visit in Winnipeg today, leaving that city for Saskatoon.

Today's program of the Knights Templar triennial convocation in Philadelphia is to be fettered with a naval review in the Delaware River.

The annual general convention of the Engineering Institute of Canada will meet at St. John, N. B

THE TREATY

After all the talk and all the worry and all the dread that we were about to lose our sovereignty and become a vassal of the European nations with whom we were allied in the world war, it is difficult to see what particular improvement has been made in the peace treaty and the league of nations by the foreign relations committee.

The most important amendment, so far as Republican ideas go, is that which gives the Shantung province to China instead of Kapan, and it is doubtful if any of the nations party to the treaty will accept this proposal, unless it be China.

But the sentiment of the majority is shown clearly in the arrogant answer to the suggestion that the other powers might not accept the amended covenant: "The other nations will take us on our own terms, for without us their league would be a wreck and all their gains from a victorious peace imperilled!"

That is, after we have shared in the benefits of the victorious peace, which we had a hand in bringing about, we are to imperil it merely to satisfy some Republican senators who do not like the cut of President Wilson's coat, or the gardenia in the buttonhole of the English premier.

We are not in a position to dictate to the rest of the world, gratifying as that might be to Senators Lodge, Borah, et al. Before we entered the war they were mightily afraid that Germany might be offended if we continued selling munitions to the allies, or if we presumed to complain of unrestricted submarine warfare. We were then, according to these same opponents of the league of nations, a very insignificant power if indeed a power at all, and we should not presume too much lest Germany be offended and withdraw the light of her countenance.

But now that the allies and the United States, thanks to the vigorous prosecution of the war on the part of all, have gained a glorious peace, these opponents of the administration want us to lose all the advantage, unless we come to their terms.

And in what particular point do these terms differ from those set forth in the treaty and the covenant of the proposed league of nations? Mostly in verbiage, some of which is not by any means as plain as that of the original document.

The right to withdraw from the league (overnight, we presume); that we already had. The declaration of any legal or moral obligations except by act of congress; of course this was to be expected, for some of the senators take themselves very seriously, and the possibility of a succeeding congress undoing all that the present may do seems not to have entered into their consideration. The exclusive right to decide what are purely domestic problems; that is absolutely unnecessary to state. And the absolute reservation of the Monroe Doctrine to the judgment of the United States; do the honorable senators think for a moment that it was to be left to the judgment of the Carranza government or that of Jugo-Slavia?

The truth of the matter is that the plain intent of the senate majority is to keep the ball juggling until the presidential—and senatorial—campaign opens next summer. With forty-five amendments and four reservations to debate, the probability is that not for six months more shall we know what is to be done with the peace treaty.

Meanwhile, there are very grave questions of public import to be handled by congress. There are bound to be many more important subjects to be discussed if the peace treaty is not promptly ratified and a chance given the world to reform after its five years' dissipation.

But politics are no longer adjourned. The member of congress who wants to get through and go home will probably have to wait for many weeks before he is given a chance for even a vacation. And the people will have cause to be exasperated before the matter is settled.

AN ATTACK OF BABIES.

The entire world seems to be infected with rabies as the result of the mad dog of Germany running wild. No sooner is one strike settled than another breaks out, and this term is used advisedly, for the strike comes usually without any warning, like the eruption of some malignant disease.

It is not only because times are hard; that has happened many times before, without any of the distressing circumstances that are now worrying the world. People have gone hungry, something which is not now the case, and it is not the worst paid or the most hungry who are striking, but men who are already enjoying higher pay and better working conditions than they ever had in the past.

It is true that the purchasing power of the dollar is lower now than previously, especially before the great war began, but every strike and tie-up of industry is lowering still further the purchasing power of our money.

The most distressing feature of the whole affair is the strike of the sworn guardians of the law. They are not worse off than other people—in fact, are better off than many. They realize the condition in which they are leaving the people by their refusal to "carry on," and their absolute disregard of their duty is disheartening.

The English police were the first to go on strike, but that was soon settled, for the returned soldiers were called upon and loyally responded. Now the police strike has spread to Boston, the city of industrial unrest, no matter what may be its record for intellect and literacy.

Boston has a very mixed population. Foreigners of every nation on earth make their homes there, at least temporarily. Men of all creeds and many of none are included in the population of the "Hub of the Universe," as the "city of the sacred cod-fish" likes to style itself, and the result is a slum population which taxes the ingenuity of the most expert police officer.

The record of the Boston mob for mischief is notorious the world over, and some of the shrewdest criminals of this country have sought refuge there when hardly pressed elsewhere. As a result, the police of Boston have to be wide awake and up to date. And that they are so is proved by the comparatively small percentage of crimes reported.

For such men to calmly walk out and leave the city at the mercy of the crooks is as bad as for soldiers to desert in the face of the enemy. The police of Boston are not worse paid than those of other large cities, and they can certainly live better on their pay than the employees of the thousands of factories and mills which make Boston an important industrial center.

Crooks from all over the East will take advantage of the situation, and the householders of the city will be forced to take their protection into their own hands. We may look for stories of acts of violence, as well as of housebreaking and highway robbery.

One unfortunate feature of the affair is that the mobs of boys who are normally kept under control by the police will now be able to indulge in all sorts of mischief, some of it criminal. And it will be a long time before a normal state of affairs is restored.

England took away the pensions of the police who led the strikes in that country. The men who voluntarily came back were fined and reduced in rank, as well as losing their pay increases.

What will be done with the striking policemen in Boston is problematical. There is a great deal of dirty politics in Boston, and it is likely that the crooked bosses will use the situation to their advantage.

But one thing is certain; the Boston police had less reason to strike than many thousands of loyal workmen who are doing their duty faithfully until better times come.

BIG BOXING EXHIBITION AT POST TOMORROW NIGHT

Everything in Readiness for One of the Best Boxing Exhibitions Ever Staged in This Section.

The boxing exhibition at Fort McIntosh, on the parade grounds, tomorrow night, in which there will be four different bouts of from four to ten rounds each, will begin promptly at 9 o'clock, and during the intermission between each bout music will be furnished by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band, which will add to the pleasure of the evening.

Some of the best boxing ever witnessed tomorrow night by the War Camp Commission in Laredo is promised for community service, under whose auspices these bouts will take place, and who are always to the front, with the Knights of Columbus, in providing amusement for the soldier boys.

The boxing tomorrow night is not exclusively for the soldiers, for every citizen of Laredo is cordially invited to attend. There is no admission charged, for a subscription will be taken up for funds to help defray the expenses incurred.

Fourth Day of Institute Held Here This Morning

Interesting Addresses Were Listened to By Teachers of the Laredo Independent School District.

The fourth day of the City Teachers Institute was held today, with Mrs. Violet Oberfeldt presiding. The following program was carried out:

Address, "Home Economics," by Prof. F. W. Mally; general talk, by Dr. J. M. Skinner; talk, "Osteopathy and the Need for Health Education," by Miss Thaison. The institute was then divided into three sections, Primary, Grammar and High School, and each section discussed the ground to be covered during the year and suggestions for changes in the curriculum were taken up.

The palace of Versailles, the scene of the signing of the world peace treaty, is probably the most costly palace ever built. In order to keep the outlay a secret, Louis XVI destroyed all the documents relating to the building.

Diarrhoea in Children.

For diarrhoea in children one year old or older you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, followed by a dose of castor oil. It should be kept at hand and given as soon as the first unnatural looseness of the bowels appears.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

CO-OPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE.

The following information will be of interest to onion growers:

FLOAT ONION SEED, ETC. There have been so many reports concerning two year old onion seed, that it is important that the growers should protect their interests by the following method:

1st. Before planting onion seed it should be poured into a tub or vessel two-thirds full of water, and large enough to hold what quantity of seed you desire to plant for your first seeding. With a paddle stir the seed up properly. The plump heavy seed will immediately sink to the bottom, the chaffy light seed will float. With a scoop skim off all onion seed which does not sink promptly after first stirring. If the seed is this year's fresh stock, there will not be much chaffy seed skimmed off. There may be from twenty to forty per cent, or sometimes nearly half the seed skimmed off, if it is old seed.

The next important matter is to test germination of the seeds which have settled to the bottom. However, the growers who float and skim off light seed can be reasonably assured of good germination of the portion which was heavy enough to sink. The grower who does not float his seed should count out a few hundred seed, and by all means test germination before seeds are planted. Once the seeds are planted you have no recourse against the parties from whom you have bought. You do have recourse previous to planting seed if you can demonstrate that it is not what you bought. If in floating the seed, half or more than half skimmed off, and you wish to return the seed, you should immediately spread and dry the seed so that it will not soak up moisture enough to affect the keeping quality of seed.

Experience of leading growers for the past two years has demonstrated that the best results in germination are secured by soaking heavy seed for a period of about three hours before drilling in seed beds. The onion seed will take up more moisture in a few hours in this manner than it will in couple of days in the ground. Dry the seed enough to work well through planters and open seed drill enough more, so as to permit some amount of seed per acre being planted. Growers who have tested this method find that only one irrigation is usually required, in addition to the irrigation given immediately following the planting of the seed to bring it up.

The seed being already moist and swollen, and starting to germinate, will show through the ground to perfect stand beginning the third day, to a complete stand by fifth.

Of course, it is assumed that the seed beds have been thoroughly irrigated, pulverized and leveled properly ahead of drilling in the seed. The best results in seed bed germination cannot follow on seed beds roughly prepared and not irrigated before seeding.

PINK ROOT. Special attention is called to the advantage of using seed beds for onion seed this year which are known to be free from the pink root disease of onions. The past season has again proven that pink root disease is carried from diseased seed beds to healthy soils. No farmer should be reckless of the future value and productivity of lands which are now new and free from pink root disease, as to introduce the disease.

The past season's experiments have suggested another very important factor, which relates to keeping qualities of onions affected with pink root. The first preliminary tests indicate that pink root onion bulbs begin a decay much earlier, and spreads much more rapidly, than in bulbs free from the disease in the crown of the onion. It begins to appear that possibly the poor keeping quality of many crops of Bermuda onions may be due to bad pink root infestation. This important matter will be tested thoroughly in connection with the Bureau of Markets, and A. & M. College of Texas, during the approaching year. It should be enough to any grower to know that there is danger along this line and that every precaution to avoid the growing of pink root infested onion crops is justified.

Very sincerely yours,

FRED. W. MALLY, Farm Demonstrator.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 11.

Cardinal Mercier who is expected to arrive in New York today to begin a tour of the United States and Canada, is the heroic Belgian prelate who defied the German invaders and continued to exhort his people to resistance even after he had been barred from his church and imprisoned by order of the German military governor. Before the war he was known only as an eminent philosopher in the church, whose learning and teachings had added greatly to the reputation of the famous old university of Louvain. Today he is regarded by all the world as the foremost citizen of the realm next to his King. His Eminence, who is now nearing his 60th year, was born in Belgium. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1875 and from that time up to 1906, when he was chosen archbishop of Malines, he was professor of philosophy at the university of Louvain. In 1907 he was elevated to the cardinalate.

Notice to Milk Producers.

We are now prepared to handle all the milk you can produce and will pay you on the butter fat basis at the wholesale price of butter fat and you can retain the separated milk to feed to your pigs and calves.

CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

9-6-6t.

Notice to Truck Owners.

Owners of trucks doing public hauling in the City of Laredo are hereby notified that their licenses expired on August 31st, and they are requested to call at my office in the City Hall at once and procure a new license for the ensuing year ending August 31st, 1920.

D. C. De LACHICA, City Tax Collector.

9-9-15t.

NATHALINA

Mexican Preparation Returns to the hair its natural color whether blond, brown or black; it does not stain the skin, nor contain silver nitrate. It is not harmful and is easy to use.

By mail or express \$1.50. In Laredo at all drug stores. By wholesale

F. M. Espinoza R., Box, 215 Laredo, Texas

Money Makers

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NEW COMPANY IS PREPARING FOR BIG DEVELOPMENT WORK

WEBB-ZAPATA OIL CO. TO DRILL 20 MORE SHALLOW WELLS.

New Organization, Composed of Local Capitalists, Getting Ready to Put Down Deep Test Well.

The Webb-Zapata Oil Co., a local organization with a capitalization of \$200,000, par value of shares of \$1.00 each, with headquarters in this city and headed by George W. Sprague, president; F. A. Lattig, secretary; Antonio Valls, treasurer; J. R. Moore and James H. Which, these forming the officers and board of directors, is preparing for extensive development work for oil in the Zapata county field and has let contracts for drilling twenty more pump wells in addition to the twenty taken over by the company, and which will be producing oil within the next sixty days, as equipment has already been ordered for these shallow wells and is now en route here.

A deep test well which will drill to a depth of 3,000 feet or more is to be started by the company immediately, and the rig of the contractor is already on the ground. The new field manager of the Webb-Zapata Oil Co. is W. H. Snyder, who has had twenty years' experience in the business, and he will have full charge of the drilling operations.

The twenty shallow wells taken over by this company from the company that recently liquidated, will be put on pumps as soon as the equipment for that purpose arrives and the company expects to have at least twenty pumping wells in full operation within the next sixty days, and later this number is to be increased to at least forty pumping wells.

Believing that oil in large quantities exists in the Zapata county field, the company has set aside the sum of \$50,000 to make the deep test of the field, while \$20,000 is now in the bank to be used in the drilling of the twenty additional shallow wells. These wells, which produce a small quantity of oil of a high-class lubricating quality, have been in existence for some months, and with additional wells producing soon, the Zapata field will become an important factor in oil production.

To the Public.

I have sold to Mr. O. E. Kennedy my delicatessen department, and he will hereafter conduct it himself. I take pleasure in recommending Mr. Kennedy to my patrons, and assuring them of prompt and courteous service, as in the past.

O. H. GUINN.

9-19-2t.

MANY RECEIVE DISCHARGE AND DEPARTING FOR HOME

About 275 Men of the Thirty-seventh Infantry Leave for Demobilization Camps En route Home.

Men representing all lines of professions, trades and vocations, who two years ago laid aside the implements of that particular business to serve their country in time of need and were sent to some camp and then to Laredo, assigned to the Thirty-seventh Infantry regiment, are at last receiving their discharges and leaving for demobilization camps, soon to resume the civilian life they had laid aside.

These are enlisted men who come under the classification of "emergency enlistment," and while many of them enlisted for the term of the war, their discharges have been delayed in reaching them. On the train leaving here tonight for the north, and also that leaving tomorrow night, about 275 of these men leave for demobilization camps to be let out of the army, and by October 1 many will have resumed their old work in civilian life. Many good men, professional artists, experts, etc., are among those leaving Laredo, and during their stay here they have made many friends who some day hope to see them return to this city again.

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AN AIRPLANE TURNED OVER

AVIATORS PAINFULLY HURT

LIEUTENANTS VIRGEN AND McCUEN WERE BADLY SCALDED.

Plane Was Caught By Gust of Wind and Turned Completely Over; Radiator Tube Burst in Crash.

Just after ascending from the ground near the aviation camp late yesterday afternoon and reaching an altitude of less than a hundred feet, the airplane in which Lieutenants Virgen and McCuen were flying was caught by a violent gust of wind and turned completely over, pinioning the two men underneath it and crashing to the ground and dragging along for a distance of about forty feet.

One of the radiator pipes was severed during the crash and scalding water flowed therefrom, badly scalding both aviator about the neck, hands, body and legs, causing very painful but not serious injuries. The men were rescued from their perilous position as soon as possible and rushed to the hospital, where they were given treatment and reports from there today are to the effect that they are resting easy.

The airplane was badly demolished in the crash. This is the third plane that has met with an accident since the aviation camp was established on the Heights in this city. Lieutenant Roddy, who was seriously injured in the second accident at the time that Lieutenant Robinson was killed near this city, was sent to the base hospital at Fort Sam Houston this morning for advanced treatment of his injuries.

WEBB COUNTY TO GET BUSY ON WAR SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

Meeting Will Be Held on Friday Morning, at Which Time Plans for Campaign Will Be Outlined.

The campaign committee in charge of the sale of War Savings Stamps in Laredo and Webb County some time ago advised the state chairman that during the heated and vacation season there would be no use to attempt a campaign for increasing the sales of these savings stamps for Webb county.

However, since the vacation season is over and activities for the fall and winter are being planned, County Chairman R. L. Bobbitt has called a special meeting of the committee for Webb county to meet at the Chamber of Commerce room Friday morning, September 12th, promptly at 9:30 a. m. The meeting will conclude before the hour of the revival services, which are now being conducted in the city.

The committee is composed of the following members: Rev. W. L. Barr, Mrs. Geo. W. Derby, Mrs. R. L. Puster, F. A. Lattig and Fred. W. Mally. Any who have suggestions to offer to the chairman or any of the members of this committee, please do so promptly, so that the committee will have advantage of the best information for planning the activities of the committees, as well as the greater interest which our citizens should take in the purchase of War Savings Stamps.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 11.

General Sir Julian Byng who commanded the Canadian Overseas forces in the early period of the war, born 57 years ago today.

Lord Inchcape, president of the British Imperial Association of Commerce, born in Scotland, 67 years ago today.

Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Shahan, rector of the Catholic University of America, born at Manchester, L. H., 62 years ago today.

Rt. Rev. Arthur Dressaerts, Catholic bishop of San Antonio, born in Holland, 57 years ago today.

Benton McMillan, former governor of Tennessee, now United States minister to Guatemala, born in Monroe County, Ky., 74 years ago today.

AN AMAZON WHO CRIED

Out of the chaos there comes, now and again, a human note to remind us that elemental nature will probably endure. On the Murmansk Railway front, Canadian troops captured a party of Bolsheviks in the Red Guard uniform, among whom was a young woman of 22, Olga Semenovna Petomtzeva, fully armed, and will a bandoleer of cartridges across her breast. She submitted dutifully to being disarmed; but when her captors took a little scrapbook of pictures she broke down in tears. This mystified the officer in charge, for the scrapbook contained only a number of photographs of babies cut from magazines.

Mme. Petomtzeva left Petrograd on April 4 to join her husband, who was in the Red Guard. In order to remain with him she donned a uniform and joined the fighting. In the action in which she was taken at Urooszero, she was separated from Petomtzeff who escaped. Questioned as to her interest in the photographs, she at last explained that she had had a child, who died, and of whom, owing to the disorder of the time, she could get no photograph. So she was collecting photographs of children of his age, intending to keep the one that most resembled him. When The Associated Press correspondent cabled these homely details, Mme. Petomtzeva was serving as cook for a Canadian mess.

A great philosopher of the contrary notwithstanding, clothes do not make the man—nor yet the woman. Even war may not wholly unmake them.—New York Times.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 11.

1777—Felix Grundy, one of the most celebrated criminal lawyers of the last century, born in Berkeley County, Va. Died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 19, 1840.

1838—Most Rev. John Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul, born in County Kilkenny, Ireland. Died at St. Paul, Sept. 25, 1918.

1844—Henry H. Coston, the American naval officer who invented the aerial system of night-signaling, born in Washington, D. C. Died at Pensacola, Fla., Nov. 6, 1896.

1888—Lord Stanley opened the Canadian national exhibition at Toronto.

1897—The great coal miners' strike in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio was ended by compromise.

1914—Germans crossed the Aisne and took up entrenched positions.

1915—Russians claimed to have captured 33,000 Austrians and many guns in counter-attacks in Galicia and on the Sereth.

1916—Roumanians won another battle and pressed Austrians farther westward.

1917—Gen. Korniloff, at the head of a large body of troops, began a march on Petrograd.

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LOCAL NEWS

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Dodier and Miss Sofia Volpe, Luciano Campos and Mrs. Guadalupe Benavides, Margarito Gomez and Miss Vicenta Villarreal.

Go out to Fort McIntosh tomorrow night and enjoy the boxing exhibition arranged by the War Camp Community Service and the Knights of Columbus for the entertainment of the soldier boys and the civilians of Laredo.

The weekly band concert at Fort McIntosh last night by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band was much enjoyed by many soldiers and Laredo people. Tonight the same band will give a concert on Jarvis Plaza beginning promptly at 8 o'clock.



YOU will find a great many opportunities for beautifying your home with Pee Gee RE-NU-LAC. A chair or table that does not match the rest of the furnishings can be transformed into any desired color with one coat of

Pee Gee RE-NU-LAC
"WORKS WONDERS"

This combined Stain and Varnish produces the finest results on any Wood Work. Requires no skill to apply.

Pee Gee RE-NU-LAC comes in all sizes from 15c up. Made in 20 Natural Wood and enamel colors. White, Gold and Silver.

Ask for Free Color Card

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO.

INCORPORATED

Manufacturers LOUISVILLE, KY.

"WEBB COUNTY LUMBER COMPANY"

Distributors of Pee Gee

Paint Products.

MORE PRODUCTION.

In four years of warfare the world depleted its store of goods to the point where the present high range of prices reflects the insatiable demand. What would the effect have been had we continued four years more and thus still further depleted the store?

It is merely another way of saying that we are not as badly off as we might have been but for the collapse of the German army. And yet this is not sufficient balm for our wounds. What might have been is not worth debating about when we reflect upon what actually is. The fact is that our storehouse is depleted. It must be refilled.

If pre-war energy, expended at the then rate, made possible the normal production plus enough to give us a slight surplus during the war, it follows that we cannot replace that lost surplus and still maintain the normal demand by any lessening of energy.

Prof. H. G. Moulton explains that high prices is only a manifestation of shortage and that obviously the shortage must be made up before normal conditions can return.

"We may eliminate all profiteering—however defined—and incidentally the word has attained a brisk and spurious meaning—Ed.) sell all the supplies the Government still possesses * * *," says Professor Moulton, "compel the emptying of all storage warehouses * * * and we might temporarily reduce the level of prices by perhaps 2 or 3 per cent, though the result would undoubtedly be higher prices a few months hence * * *".

We must not delude ourselves into believing that a hard fact can be dismissed by temporary expediency. The fact is that production is at a low mark. It must be restored by the application of energy. The way to have more food is to produce more food. When food is plenty it will be cheap. It is possible to seize such stores as are on hand and distribute them at reduced prices. But when these stores are gone they cannot be replaced instantly. Prices go up again.—Chicago Tribune.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

One of the numerous superstitions of the Italian peasantry is that rows of teeth hung round the necks of little children will assist them in teething.

A Bedouin marriage does not take much time. The bridegroom kills a sheep and spills the blood on the sand of his father-in-law's threshold, and the wedding is over.

A declaration of marriage in Siam is very simple. It is considered a proposal merely to offer a lady a flower or to take a light from a cigarette if she is holding it in her mouth.

During their ceremonial dances the natives of Papua, New Guinea, wear probably the tallest hats in the world—a headress varying from six to eight feet in height and most gorgeous in coloring.

The Chinese point of view of maritime disasters is peculiar. The duty of a Chinese sailor is well defined. He must save the men first, then the children, and finally the women. This is on the theory that men are most valuable to the States, that adoptive parents can be found for children, and that women without husbands are destitute.

Railway stations in Sweden at which meals are served are indicated by the simple but suggestive picture of a crossed knife and fork opposite to the name of the station in the time-table.

SAYS U. S. COAL EXPORTS WILL NOT STINT US

America Could Well Afford to Export Even Greater Tonnage, Asserts Official.

WORLD-WIDE SHORTAGE OF 62,000,000 TONS, HE SAYS

All Europe Demanding Coal; We Are Not Injuring Home Consumers In Satisfying It, Declares Witness.

Washington (Special).—American coal producers, seeking to relieve a world-wide shortage, are not sending coal abroad in sufficient volume to deprive the American consumer, in the opinion of H. Y. Saint, head of the shipping boards export department, a witness before the senate subcommittee conducting an inquiry into the coal situation, headed by Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey.

Mr. Saint submitted to the committee the shipping board's official estimate of the extent of the world-wide coal shortage, totaling 62,463,000 tons, most of which, if made up, he said "presumably must be made up by the United States." Exclusive of shipments to Canada, the United States is exporting coal, he said, "at the rate of about 7,000,000 tons a year. This is a little more than one per cent of the total amount of bituminous coal produced in the country for a year," according to Mr. Saint's figures, "Canada will need about 16,853,000 tons; France, 17,000,000 tons; Belgium, 12,000,000 tons; which may be reduced later as Belgium is rapidly restoring her mines; the Netherlands, 8,000,000 tons; China, 8,145,000 tons; Italy, 5,000,000 tons; Sweden, Norway and other countries many millions more. To help supply the needs of these and other countries Mr. Saint stated the shipping board had allocated to the coal trade 194 American ships of 929,684 deadweight tons as follows.

"In the Swedish trade, 85,111 tons; to Switzerland and the Netherlands, 235,633 tons; to Denmark, 7,000 tons; Italy, 105,503 tons; France, 138,380 tons; South America, 207,512 tons. There was included in these figures," he said, "103,661 tons in the coastwise or New England trade, which would have to be deducted from the total tonnage, leaving approximately 828,000 tons engaged in the overseas transportation of coal.

"These figures represented only shipping board vessels," he said, "or about 30 per cent of the total.

"The export coal trade so far this year," Mr. Saint said, "is running a little behind the export trade of last year, owing to the dropping down of the Canadian trade. But the foreign trade has increased over last year. By the time this year is up we will have exported, I think, about 7,000,000 tons."

"So great was the dearth of coal abroad," Mr. Saint asserted, "that demand had come from practically every European country, including the British Isles, heretofore the chief coal exporting nation of the world. England's inability to produce coal in pre-war quantities, he thought, was primarily responsible for the increased demand on the bituminous coal producers of the United States.

"Her exports have dropped from 77,000,000 tons of coal a year," he said, "to 23,000,000 tons. It was the understanding that England was to take care of the Italian situation. I believe that conclusion was reached in Paris during the economic conference there. But England has radically failed to take care of the Italian situation. Italian imports of coal before the war were 10,000,000 tons annually. Last year England sent Italy 4,000,000 tons and this year, up to date, she is doing very little better. This leaves from 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 tons to be supplied Italy by other nations and we are practically the only nation that can supply her that coal."

"Are we relieving England at our expense?" Senator Frelinghuysen asked.

"If you mean expense in the sense of taking coal that should go to our own people," replied Mr. Saint, "I do not believe that sufficient coal is going abroad to particularly injure our domestic situation. If you look at our foreign shipments as a development of a legitimate foreign trade, which will mean a very great deal to this country in future years, I think we can well send what we are sending now, and considerably more, abroad at this time."

Mr. Saint said that "we are trying to distribute our tonnage equitably among the countries that need coal."



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.
The Blue Birds will meet at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl.
Boy Scouts meeting in the evening at the headquarters hall.
There will be a dance at Elks Hall in the evening at 9 o'clock.

Saturday.
There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Whatsoever is Willed is Done.
It may not be our lot to wield the sickle in the ripened field; Nor ours to hear, on summer eves, The reaper's song among the sheaves;

Yet where our duty's task is wrought I union with God's great thought, The near and future blend is one, And whatsoever is willed is done. —Whittier.

General Mention.
Mrs. M. Capra received word that her son-in-law, Captain W. E. Seaman, 16th Infantry, arrived at Camp Merrifield, New Jersey, from overseas, after an absence of two years.

Among the army personals of the San Antonio Express of yesterday was noticed the discharge of Captain S. A. Westbrook, Cavalry, who has been stationed at El Paso, Texas.

Mr. A. C. Hamilton, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Katherine Hamilton, and Miss Amar Penn, returned home last night from San Antonio, having made the trip by automobile.

Lieutenant Roddy and mother left yesterday for San Antonio, where Lieut. Roddy has entered the base hospital for treatment.

Mr. Norwood Witting is in San Antonio for a short stay.

Mr. Henry Woods and family of La Josefine Ranch, near Hebbronville, returned home yesterday after a short stay in the city.

Guy Trout is one of the recent arrivals in the city, on a visit to his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Carlos Morton of Sabinas, Mexico, arrived in the city yesterday to spend a few days and are stopping at the Hamilton. Mr. and Mrs. Morton are here for the purpose of getting a suitable home to make their residence in this city. Mr. Morton will continue his business at Sabinas and divide his time between that place and this city.

Lientenant C. J. Stout and his bride, of Laredo, Texas, who have been visiting at the home of Mrs. Don McNay on East Center street, left today for Pittsburgh, where they will make their future home. Lientenant Stout was a warm friend of the late Don McNay when they were in the service together.—Marion, (O.) Daily Star, Sept. 6.

Miss Luisa Dickinson, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Monterey for the past three weeks, has returned to her home here.

After a visit to relatives here, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Devine and children have returned to their home in Pharr, Texas.

Story Telling Hour.

A number of little folks gathered at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan yesterday afternoon to enjoy the weekly story-telling hour. Misses Odette Bunn and Kathleen Heaner were in charge of the following program, which proved to be very delightful:

Story telling by Mrs. R. L. Bobbitt, Miss Kathleen Heaner and Miss Angelita Garcia.

Recitation by Miss Evelyn Ryan. Recitation by Miss Odette Bunn.

By request, Miss Dorothy Hazelrigg recited most beautifully.

The story-telling hour next week will be Friday at 6 o'clock.

Club Notes.

Circle C of the W. M. U. of the Baptist church met with Mrs. W. C. Beaman yesterday afternoon for its regular Bible study, after which a pleasant social hour was enjoyed. The hostess served an ice course and cake during the afternoon. Those present were Mesdames Smith, Benson, Irwin, Wilkes, Byrne, Miss Autly and the hostess.

Circle of the W. M. U. met with Mrs. Jennings yesterday after, and a series of Bible questions were studied. The hostess served fruit punch and cake during the delightful social hour which followed the Bible study. Those present were Mesdames Bell, Beddoe, Horner, Ince, Patrick, Trout and the hostess.

Entertainment.
Mrs. W. N. Young entertained the members of the Married Ladies Social Club and a number of guests very delightfully yesterday afternoon

with a prettily appointed card party. The rooms were charmingly attractive being decorated in white jack-bean blossoms and quantities of beautiful ferns, which were banked on the mantels and placed every where about the rooms. Tinted tally cards were used to mark the scores. The club high score went to Mrs. Joe Vidales and the high score for the guests fell to Miss Alma Pierce, both prizes being attractive pieces of art pottery. At the conclusion of the games a delicious two-course luncheon was served. The gracious hospitality of the afternoon was enjoyed by the following club members: Mesdames Austin, Barlow, Biggio, Cogley, Derby, Fish, Huberich, MacGregor, Vidales, Woodman, Younkin and Weber of Corpus Christi. The guests included Mesdames Giles, D. McNeil Turner, M. E. Pinder, A. Martin, H. C. Hall, C. C. Jefferies, M. J. Diaz, F. W. Mally, Misses Kate Tarver, Alma Pierce, Clara and Margaret Nelson. The hostess was assisted in entertaining her guests by Mrs. W. T. Hill and Mrs. L. V. Boniger.

READY FOR POLO CHAMPIONSHIP.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 12.—Polo enthusiasts and society folk will gather in force at the grounds of the Philadelphia Country Club at Bala tomorrow for the opening of the national polo championship. Play will continue over a period of two weeks, during which time the senior, junior and open title events will be contested. Many of the best known polo players of the United States and Canada will be seen in the tournament.

The difference between the senior and junior championships is not in age, but in the skill of the players, although in both competitions the teams play without handicaps. Yet the eligibility of the teams is based on the individual handicaps of the players.

The senior, which has been played since 1895, is for a gold cup presented through the Tuxedo Club by Waldorf Astor and is now held by the Grease Neck Polo Club. The junior has been played since 1900, and the trophy is the gift of the late Samuel D. Warran of Dedham, Mass. It is held by the Meadowbrook Third Team and is for teams of four whose aggregate handicaps do not exceed twenty goals, none of the players to have a higher handicap than five goals. The latter clause prevents a junior team playing a ten goal crack with three others of minor class.

The open championship is for the Joseph B. Thomas Cup, in play since 1919, and was not decided, on account of wet weather at the championship tournament of 1917, the last held, on account of the world war.

A Canadian team is scheduled to participate in the open championship, which is the only title event of the club affiliations of the players. Individual cups are added to the trophies by the Polo Association, unless there is a default in the final.

The grounds at Bala have been put in perfect condition for the tournament. The field is one of the best in the country, and extra accommodations have been provided for a large number of spectators. The tournament will be the first championship event of the kind decided at Bala since 1903.

John W. Davis, the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James, is to give a dinner in London tonight in honor of Viscount Grey, who is about to depart for Washington to take up his post as British Ambassador to the United States.



Radiant
The whip of wind in the face when motoring brings out all its natural beauty of color if the skin is prepared to endure the out-of-doors.

Soul Kiss Face Powder, dusted on freely before exposure, helps to protect the complexion against wind and sun and makes it glowing and radiant.

Meyer Brothers Drug Co.
Saint Louis



TIMES WANT ADS.
***** Money Makers *****

TROPICAL HURRICANE IS CENTRAL TODAY OVER CENTRAL GULF AND MOVING SLOWLY

Hurricane Warnings Remain Displayed on Middle Gulf Coast and Storm Warnings on Northeast Texas Coast Where Winds Expected to Reach Proportions of a Gale Tonight.

WORLD AFLAME WITH WAR WAS PICTURED

WILSON SAID UNLESS TREATY WERE SIGNED WORLD IS CONFRONTED WITH DISASTER.

By Associated Press.

Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, Sept. 12.—The world again aflame with war unless the peace treaty is accepted was pictured by President Wilson today. America is face to face with the decision whether she will "prove to the world that she meant what she said in promising to aid in the peace concert."

Quoted Secretary Lansing.

Washington, Sept. 12.—William Bullitt of Philadelphia, formerly attached to the American peace mission, testified before the senate foreign relations committee that Secretary Lansing told him in Paris last May "if the senate and the American people knew what the treaty meant, it would be defeated."

SAID PLUMB PLAN IS CLASS LEGISLATION

COUNSEL FOR ASSOCIATED INDUSTRIES SAID THE PLAN MUST BE BURIED BEYOND HOPE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The Plumb plan for tripartite control of the railroads under government ownership must be "buried beyond all hope" if it is not to be made a "rallying point" for the nationalization of all industry, Edgar Rich, transportation counsel for the associated industries of Massachusetts, declared before the house interstate commerce committee considering legislation for the final disposition of the railroads. "Mr. Rich said the Plumb plan, like Bolshevism, was a perversion of the principle of socialism, in that it would benefit only one class.

COTTON MARKETS.

This wire service is furnished The Times daily by T. A. Austin & Co. agents for Geo. H. McFadden and Company, the largest cotton dealers in the world:

Liverpool.
Opening—Spots fair demand, prices firm; sales 6,000; receipts 22,000. American 12.300. Good middling 17.85 (English per cent). Futures steady; Sept. 18.31; Oct. 18.23-32; Nov. 18.22; Dec. 18.28; Jan. 18.28-34.
Close—Steady. Sept. 18.37; Oct. 18.39; Nov. 18.36; Dec. 18.35; Jan. 18.34.

New York.
Opening—Oct. 28.90; Dec. 29.00-08; Jan. 29.03.
Close—Barely steady. Oct. 28.65 flat; Dec. 28.88-99. Jan. 28.78-80. Spots quiet; middling 29.15. Sales not given.

New Orleans.
Opening—Oct. 28.75—85; Dec. 28.80-82; Jan. 28.70-73.
Close—Steady. Oct. 28.56-56; Dec. 28.53-56; Jan. 28.50-52. Spots steady, unchanged; middling 29. Sales spot 708, including 429 on hedge basis. To arrive 5104, dock none.

Houston.
Spots steady, unchanged; middling 29.50. Sales none. F. o. b. 200. Total ports 10902 vs. 15949.

Galveston.
Spots quiet, unchanged; middling 29.50. Sales none. F. o. b. 200. Total ports 10902 vs. 15949.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 12.

French and Americans attacked both sides of St. Mihiel salient.

First American "ace," Lieut. David E. Putnam, killed in aerial battle.

Thirteen million men registered under the new draft in the United States.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The tropical hurricane this morning appeared central over the north central gulf, probably in the vicinity of latitude 27 degrees and longitude 88, the weather bureau announced. This indicates that the disturbance has advanced little toward the northwest since last night and that the movement is very slow. The absence of radio reports prevent further immediate statement, but hurricane warnings remain displayed on the middle gulf coast, with storm warnings on the northeast Texas coast, where the winds may reach gale proportions.

BOLSHEVIKI CLAIM CAPTURE OF 45,000

AMERICAN CONSUL AT OMSK MAKES NO MENTION OF DEFEAT OF SOUTH-ERN ARMY.

By Associated Press.

London, Sept. 12.—The remainder of Admiral Kolchak's southern army in the region of Aktubinsk and Orsk has surrendered to the Bolsheviks, a Moscow Bolshevik wireless message claims. This raises the total Bolshevik captures from Kolchak within a week to 45,000, it is declared.

Omsk Out of Danger.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Despatches sent from Omsk Wednesday by the American consul report that the northern Siberian army has stopped its retreat and is now west of the Ishim river. It is generally believed that Omsk is out of danger from the Bolsheviks. The despatch makes no mention of the disaster which the Bolsheviks claim has befallen the southern army.

Turkey Promised Compliance.

London, Sept. 12.—Turkey has replied to the message of President Wilson demanding that disorders cease, declaring that all measures will be taken for the maintenance of order and security in Anatolia, says a Constantinople despatch.

Japanese Occupy Seoul.

Tokyo, Sept. 12.—Since the attempt to assassinate Baron Saito, governor of Korea, at Seoul September 2d, every part of that city has been occupied by Japanese troops and the place is virtually in a state of siege. The assassin is still at large, although a number of suspects have been arrested.

Canada Ratifies Treaty.

Ottawa, Canada, Sept. 12.—The house of commons today assented without reservation to the peace treaty with Germany. Both houses now have ratified the treaty.

KNIGHTS ARE GOING HOME

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 12.—The triennial convocation of the Knights Templar virtually closes today. Many knights have departed already, but there are large numbers who will remain in this vicinity in small parties for a week and longer. Nearly all of the commanderies have closed their headquarters, however, and before night will disband.

The Templars who remain went on excursions in every direction today. Large numbers journeyed to Atlantic City, where special preparations had been made for their entertainment. Other nearby resorts entertained thousands, and many pilgrimages were made to points of historic interest in this vicinity. The warships anchored in the Delaware were also the objective point of hundreds, and as soon as visitors were allowed aboard the decks of the vessels were crowded.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Saturday generally fair.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Port McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 95 degs.
Min. temp. 57 degs.
General direction of wind: Northeast.
Clear.

ASKS FOR GENERAL VOTE OF THE UNIONS

SYMPATHETIC GENERAL STRIKE HELD OFF BY ACTION OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

By Associated Press.

Boston, Sept. 12.—With the threat of a sympathetic general strike held off by the action of the central labor union last night ordering all locals to act on the proposal immediately, thus giving a fuller expression of opinion, the situation resulting from the strike of the policemen assumed a calmer aspect. State Guardsmen continued patrolling the streets, but there was much less disorder.

Desertion of Duty.

Boston, Sept. 12.—Governor Coolidge, characterizing the action of Boston policemen as a desertion of duty, rather than a strike, said there were no conditions under which they would be allowed to return. A number have applied for reinstatement.

ATTEMPT TO BURN NEWSPAPER PLANTS

OFFICES IN LIMA, PERU, ATTACKED BY MOB AROUSED BY THE TALE OF A CONSPIRACY.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The offices of La Prensa and El Comercio, newspapers of Lima, Peru, were attacked by a mob yesterday and partially burned, the Peruvian embassy is informed. The home of the proprietor of El Comercio was destroyed by fire. The disorders followed a mass-meeting to protest against the conspirators who plotted to attack President Leguia after the government ordered the imprisonment of several conspirators.

IN WASHINGTON TODAY.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 12.—General Pershing is to arrive in Washington at 4 o'clock this afternoon, after stopping several hours in Philadelphia. He will be greeted by Vice President Marshall, acting for the president; Secretary Baker, members of the general staff, the congressional committee of welcome and many others.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Today is the one hundredth anniversary of the death of Field Marshal von Blucher, who commanded the Prussian troops at Waterloo.

"Old Defenders' Day" will be celebrated in Baltimore and vicinity today in memory of those successful resistance of British invasion in 1814.

The historic town of Concord, Mass., today enters upon its 285th year having been incorporated on Sept. 12, 1635, 15 years after the landing of the Pilgrims.

The schedule for the ninth day of President Wilson's tour of the West provides for an address to be delivered this morning at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and another at Spokane, Wash., this evening.

The business of the triennial convocation of Knights Templar in Philadelphia having been brought to a close, the thousands of visiting knights and their ladies have arranged to spend today at Atlantic City.

PERSONALS

Guy Turpin, manager of Sailor "Billy" Williams, and who is well known in Laredo where he has formerly visited, arrived in Laredo this morning and feels confident that his featherweight protege, Williams, will get the decision over "Bobby" Mason, the San Antonio lightweight.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

From Saturday's Daily.

CLASS LEGISLATION.

The Plumb plan of tripartite control of the railroads under government ownership is now under discussion in Washington, and it is meeting with opposition, as it justly deserves, for it is a sample of the most vicious sort of class legislation that has ever proposed.

Assuming that the only people who are interested in the government ownership of the railroads are the railroad men, the author of the Plumb plan proposes that the roads be run, first, for the benefit of the railroad men; secondly for the profit of the people, and thirdly, for the good of the government—that is, if there is any thirdly.

The plan proposes to buy the railroads outright, paying for them in bonds, which of course the people are supposed to buy, like any other government securities. But behind these bonds there is to be the backing of the government, not merely the value of the railroads, and the government, not the income of the railroads, will have to pay the interest on this investment.

Then the control is to be handed over to the operative department—whatever that may mean when there is no owner except the government and no power of appointment of operation chiefs except by the government officials; the railroad workers themselves, and "the people." We note that the people—the real owners, as the government is composed of the people—are mentioned last in this control.

There is already enough difficulty concerning the operation of the roads with private ownership and private control. What would it be if the control were "tripartite," as the learned counsel and originator of the plan proposes?

First of all, would the operative department have any say in the running of the roads in a control in which the workmen outnumbered them? Would the voice of the people be listened to in case of a disagreement, and how would one go about it to secure a declaration of the will of the people?

It is evident that the railway workers themselves would be the ones to benefit the most by this proposed arrangement. Therefore it is class legislation, and as such should be condemned by any thinking person. For under the present system, there is no class legislation in the laws controlling the railroads; they are run as much for the benefit of the people as for that of their owners.

The proposal is to "squeeze all the water out of the stock." But who is to determine how much water there is in any particular railway stock? And how is it to be squeezed out without injury to thousands of innocent stockholders, who bought their shares of stock in good faith?

There is so much that is absurd in the proposed plan that it hardly deserves consideration. But the utmost consideration will not convince anyone outside of the class that expects to be benefitted by it that the plan is a good one.

The people's money to be taken to buy the railways; the railroad unions to have the majority voice in running them; the profits to go, partly to the people, partly to the operators and partly to the employees; how long does anyone think that would last?

Now as to the profits. During government control—not ownership—such a deficit was piled up as staggers one to calculate, or even to contemplate. If this is an example of what would result from government ownership and the reckless control by employees more intent upon good wages than upon the economical handling of the roads, where will the profit spoken of come in?

If we are merely to own the roads and let someone else make a profit from their handling, what better off will be? It may be that the railroad employees will be better off, but who wants to pay enormous taxes to make up a deficit merely that the employees shall receive greatly increased wages?

CABRERA'S NOVEL VIEW.

Luis Cabrera, secretary of the treasury of Mexico, has a novel idea concerning the proposed amnesty law. He believes it should not be adopted until after the coming presidential elections, in order to save needless discussion and much antagonism to the present regime, especially as regards the constitution of 1917!

This sort of view is not exactly new, but it is the first time it was ever brought forth publicly as an argument for the retention in power of any party. But then, the Carranza regime is noted for many other departures, from precedent, so this may be overlooked.

Cabrera's contention is that the party of restoration, as he calls it, is definitely committed to the task of restoring the constitution of 1857. He feels that if they were to be permitted any voice in the coming elections, they might cause interminable discussions and perhaps the overthrow of the party now in power, with its famous constitution of Queretaro.

In residence in other countries, especially in the United States, there are many thousands of influential Mexicans who are exiles for political reasons. Some of them left their country voluntarily, while others

were driven out. Most of them are advocates of the restoration of the constitution of 1857, while all of them are opponents of the Carranza regime.

The proposition to grant amnesty to these people, permitting them to return to Mexico and resume their former occupations and way of living, was a good one and reflects credit on the man who made it. But Cabrera insists that it would not be wise to permit these people to return until after the elections are over. Why? To save endless discussion, as he says? Is it not far more likely that he wants to prevent an overwhelming majority of votes being cast against his party and the principles for which it stands?

Some years ago, after the crushing of the Filipino rebellion, the United States granted a general amnesty to those who were accused of political offenses. The amnesty was even extended to take in many who had committed crimes, on the ground that these crimes were committed in the heat of passion engendered by a state of war.

The amnesty was a surprise to many of the Filipinos, who had expected to be exiles for the remainder of their lives, or at least during the continuance of American rule. But they were prompt at accepting it, and the results showed that the granting of amnesty to all was a wise move, for the pacification of the islands became complete.

The Mexicans who are exiles in foreign countries are not criminals. Most of them are barred from returning on purely political grounds. Of all who are in this country, the majority have never added in the filibustering attacks on the present Mexican government, and most of them are innocent of any attempt at revolution.

They have suffered financially by their enforced absence from their country; their property has been sequestered in many cases, and the great majority of them have been without resources other than what they were able to earn on foreign soil.

All they ask is a chance to return to their own country, settle down and again exercise the rights of Mexican citizens. They believed the statement that in future there would be a free exercise of the franchise on the part of all legitimate Mexican citizens, and they were prepared to accept amnesty on the condition that they would not take up arms against the present government, which most of them never have done.

But Cabrera wants them barred from all chance to vote in the presidential elections. He does not want to see the old constitution restored, and he fears that if the Mexicans are given a free hand, they will restore it. So, abajo amnistia!

DISCUSS THRIFT STAMP CAMPAIGN.

The first meeting of the county chairman and other officers, who have been designated to direct the work in the campaign of education among our people concerning the formation of habits of thrift and economy, which will enable them to buy War Savings Stamps, met at the Chamber of Commerce room at 3:30 a. m., September 12th. Plans were discussed in a preliminary way, and the leader in each department will now consider plans for each particular work, preparatory to reporting at another meeting which will be held at an early date next week.

It should be understood that, whereas the citizens of Laredo and Webb county are to be invited to buy liberally of War Savings Stamps, this activity is not to be classed in the category of a drive for funds, so much as it is to be a discussion for the benefit of the children, as well as older people, in order that they may be impressed with the value of forming the habit of saving. If they are taught to save so that they might buy War Savings Stamps, they have learned how to save in order that they might buy other things which they might need. It is hoped that this plan of conducting the campaign will not only teach the value of the saving habit, but at the same time make a showing of subscriptions and purchases of War Savings Stamps so extensive, that our people will be able to look with pride upon the disposition of our citizens in that respect.

The cabinet which has been appointed by the State Chairman is as follows: R. L. Bobbitt, County chairman; Mrs. Geo. W. Derby, Vice-chairman; Mrs. E. S. Russell, Chairman for Woman's Section; F. A. Lattig, Director of Sales; Mrs. R. L. Bobbitt, Director on organization of War Savings Societies; Rev. W. L. Barr, Director on Speakers Bureau; and Fred W. Mally, Director of Publicity.

The cabinet has arranged to establish headquarters for War Savings Stamp activities at the office of the Laredo Chamber of Commerce. All the literature, posters, etc., to be utilized in the campaign, will be found on a table set aside for the use of the Committees, and they are cordially invited to avail themselves of the co-operation of the Chamber of Commerce in promoting the proper study and distribution of this valuable literature.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

GOOD BOXING EXHIBITION STAGED AT FORT M'INTOSH

ATTENDED BY LARGE CROWD SOLDIERS AND CIVILIANS.

One Event Marred the Pleasure of the Fight Card, But That Was Overlooked By the Crowd.

Notwithstanding the fact that a heavy rain fell just before nightfall and threatening clouds foreboded more moisture, but the weather cleared up, there was a good-sized crowd of civilians and soldiers present on the parade grounds of Fort McIntosh last night at 9 o'clock eager to witness the several attractions of the fight card scheduled to take place there. Old Jupiter's interference did not discourage the crowd or put a damper on their spirits for after they gathered there the skies apparently cleared and no more rain fell, and the result was one of the best boxing exhibitions ever witnessed in Laredo and Fort McIntosh, with the exception of the "dirty" work on the part of the Greek, Kouchoukas, in his battle with One-Round Flores, when he pulled three fouls and was ordered not only to leave the ring by Referee Joe Wood, but was given instructions to get out.

The first bout on the program was a six-round contest between "Young" Peña and "Battling" Hanson, in which the Mexican boy was no match for the fighting Swede, for Peña was practically knocked out in the first round, but managed to be able to come back to start the second round, when he was quickly put down for the count, and the bout ended in the second round.

Then came the scheduled four-round contest between Pete Kouchoukas, the Greek, and "One Round" Flores. The Greek appeared to be determined to resort to all kinds of foul means to win his fight and fouled Flores in the first round and the incident was overlooked by Referee Joe Wood. In the second round the Greek repeated his foul tactics again, and once more Wood overlooked it, but when for the third time, in the second round, the Greek resorted to dirty foul work by striking Flores in the side of the head while he was down on his knees, Wood lost his patience and ordered Kouchoukas to get out of the ring, as no dirty work would be tolerated, for if a man wasn't a clean, honest fighter he had no place among the soldier boys of Fort McIntosh, who wanted nothing but clean sport. The crowd was with Lieutenant Wood in his decision and the Greek skulked away.

The next fight on the program was a comedy in eight reels—a fight between "Bum" Spears, a short "dumpy" negro and a real scientific fighter, and "Blackie" Heaven, a long, lanky negro, who is "some" fighter. These two black men fought a scientific, good-natured battle, and "oh, chile!" how they did lambast each other and when one of the resounding thuds echoed in the distance the one receiving it was ready to return the "impact" with a smile. This fight went the full eight rounds to a draw and was a good one.

The last bout on the card was what was scheduled to be a ten-round contest between "Bobby" Mason and "Sailor" Billy Williams. The sailor boy from the very start was the aggressor and went into the fight in a whirlwind manner, and for almost three rounds both men fought in a clean, scientific manner, with odds evenly divided, though Williams' punches were not as hard as those of Mason. The end came very suddenly, however, in the third round, when Mason uppercut Williams on the chin and he fell with a thud and took the count and remained on the floor for several minutes. When the count was over among the first to rush to the side of the knocked out fighter was Mason himself, who is a perfect little gentleman, and he held Williams' head on his knee until he revived and could be removed from the ring.

The boxing exhibition, which was given under the auspices of the War Camp Community Service and the Knights of Columbus, was a grand success in every particular, excepting the fouling incident in the second bout. Lieutenant Joe Wood, athletic director of the Thirty-seventh Infantry, who acted as referee in three of the fights, with Guy Turpin as referee of the negro bout, announced during an intermission of the bout program that a contribution would be taken up among the crowd to help defray expenses, but that no soldier would be allowed to contribute, as that was against regulations, but he asked the civilians present to "chip in" and help. He stated that the Knights of Columbus and War Camp Community Service made the boxing exhibition possible, and had provided the necessary purses, and that all money over expenses raised from the contributions made by civilians present would go into the athletic department fund for the purpose of buying bathing suits and other equipment for the soldiers' new swimming pool. During the evening music was furnished by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band and as a whole the affair was one of the most pleasant and successful ever staged here.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

HANDLE REGISTERED MAIL ON NIGHT TRAIN OUT LAREDO

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE SUCCESSFUL IN ITS EFFORTS.

Registered Mail, Heretofore Laying Over for Morning Trains, Will Go Out on the Night Train Also.

After persistent and untiring efforts on the part of the Laredo Chamber of Commerce to induce the Railway Mail Service to put a mail clerk on the night train going out of Laredo to prevent delay in handling of registered mail and obviate the necessity of such mail lying over in the Laredo postoffice until the morning train departs, success has at last crowned their efforts and registered mail is to be carried out of Laredo on the night train. The following circular letter explaining the matter has been issued by the Laredo Chamber of Commerce officers:

The Postoffice Committee of the Chamber of Commerce discovered that for some years registered mail deposited in the postoffice at Laredo during the day was held over until the morning train before it could be forwarded. This was due to lack of arrangements on the part of the Railway Mail Service, in supplying facilities for dispatch of registered mail on night trains.

Accordingly the Chamber of Commerce filed arguments with the Railway Mail Service asking for an improvement in the mail service which would include a provision for using the night trains into and out of Laredo, for registered mails as well as ordinary mail.

After several hearings a plan was agreed upon by the Railway Mail Service to give the people of Laredo more satisfactory registered mail facilities on the night trains.

We are calling attention of our members to this new plan, explaining that registered matter (except currency packages), which they desire to have dispatched, can now be sent through without being held there on the morning after being mailed.

It is also proper to say that the Committee finds that the citizens and merchants of Laredo may do much to enable the local postoffice to give better service. This may be done by merchants making the postoffice at earlier hours, especially those who have considerable quantities of mail to go forward. We urge all patrons of the postoffice to make special effort to see to it:

1. That sufficient postage is used and thus avoid delays.
2. That not only the name and address be written plainly, but the street address also be given.

If the bulk of the day's mail is deposited at the postoffice as early as possible, it will enable the dispatching clerks to distribute local mail so that patrons who go to the postoffice for their mail, will get the advantage of an earlier distribution. It is evident that if mails are deposited late during the day, it is not possible to give the prompt dispatch which can be given by earlier receipt of mails. The Laredo Chamber of Commerce asks the co-operation of all patrons for early depositing of mails, both on account of distribution of local mails, as well as to insure the forwarding of all outgoing mail on the night train.

GOOD RAIN LAST EVENING SOAKED LAREDO SECTION.

Heavy Downpour Last Evening Followed Shower at Noon Hour and Extended Northward From Laredo

Following the light shower which fell at noon yesterday, Laredo was visited by a heavy rain yesterday evening between 5 and 6 o'clock, the rain coming down heavy at times, then slackening down and renewing its force again until it finally disappeared. A total precipitation of .87, or less than an inch of rain fell during the time, leaving plenty of water in evidence on the streets when nightfall came, but no more rain resulted. During the heaviest part of the rain a crashing bolt of thunder resounded suddenly that frightened many people, and after that there was rumbling thunder for a half hour or so.

Reports from along the line of the Texas-Mexican road are to the effect that no rain fell in the country immediately east of Laredo, but copious showers fell at Banquete, Robstown and Corpus Christi. Along the I. & G. N. road the rain extended for quite a distance to the northward, while it also visited points on the R. G. & E. P. Rt. from Laredo to Dolores. Farmers at this time who have cotton on their land are not wanting rain, but nevertheless the moisture will help rot the soil in good condition for onions, which will soon be sown in seed-beds.

As a production of the legitimate stage, "Captain Kidd, Jr." elicited the most favorable comment from the foremost dramatic critics throughout the country and the best evidence of its quality was the fact that it was popular from the start—one of the most popular of Miss Young's numerous stage successes. In the role of Mary MacTavish, Miss Pickford is said to have developed new heights of histrionic perfection. She is lovable, delightful and tremendously effective in the character, it is said. The photoplay will be shown at the Strand Theatre next Tuesday and Wednesday.

William D. Taylor has, according to report, given one of his best productions and the many quaint touches that have been secured are said to enhance the picture immensely. Charles Rosher as cameraman has succeeded in obtaining some exquisite scenic effects, and throughout, the production is declared to be even better than the previous offerings starring "Our Mary." F. A. Richardson was assistant to Mr. Taylor and no effort was spared to make the play as thoroughly enjoyable as the stage version.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

LOCAL NEWS

The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Three carloads of hite and one carload of baskets.

The Times today received a note from A. O. Dannelley, delegate from the Laredo local of the Federal Employees Union, who is in San Francisco, reading as follows: "The Federal Employees Union National Convention is in full swing. Long Beach, Los Angeles and San Francisco are some towns. Will return to Laredo via Denver and Salt Lake City."

The total ginings of the Laredo Cotton Gin Co. on the Heights in this city is now in excess of 400 bales, and the gin hums merrily on, turning out the baled product as fast as it can.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: R. B. Taylor and Miss A. B. Cardenas, Jesus Bernardo Perez Sanchez and Miss Angelina Gonzalez.

Monday morning marks the opening of the city public schools of Laredo and then all the schools of both the city and county will be in full operation, to remain in session until the latter part of May, 1920. Indications are good for a record attendance at all schools this session.

ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF CITY BEGIN WORK NEXT MONDAY.

Every Grade is Supplied With Teachers and Assignments of Teachers Are Published Herewith.

L. J. Christen, city superintendent of the public schools of the Laredo Independent School District, today announced the following assignments of teachers for the different schools and grades of the Laredo schools, which will begin their sessions on Monday at 9 o'clock sharp:

High School—Miss K. Tarver, Principal; Miss E. Kline, Miss A. Pierce, Mrs. W. Threadgill, Miss Clay C. Watkins, Miss Josephine Smith; 7th Grade, Mrs. A. H. Camp.

Central School—Miss Laura Mudd, Principal; Miss F. Bunn, Miss E. Gribble, Mrs. Lobdell, Miss M. Hickey, Miss J. Roberts, Miss L. Johnson, Mrs. M. E. Pinder, Miss M. Villareal, Miss R. Simpson, Miss V. Sharkey, Miss Z. Salinas, Miss H. Ochoa, Miss Lamar Sanchez, Miss M. Cardenas, Miss M. Gonzalez, Mrs. K. L. Kennedy, Miss K. MacGregor, Miss A. Gonzalez.

Urbahn School—Miss J. Schultz, Principal; Miss M. Mussett, Miss V. Lang, Miss C. Siro, Miss M. Polkinhorn, Miss A. Thaison, Mrs. M. Diaz, Mrs. C. M. Fish.

Heights School—Mrs. V. Oberfeldt, Principal; Mrs. W. B. Heaner, Miss R. Benavides, Mrs. H. C. DaCamara, Miss S. Brennan.

First Ward School—Miss Sofia Salinas, Principal; Miss R. Diaz, Miss Z. de la Garza, Mrs. M. Strain.

Fourth Ward School—Prof. Reynolds, Principal; Miss M. Jarvis, Miss E. Bunn, Mrs. Mains, Mrs. Ira O'Meara.

Colored School—Mrs. Anna C. Brooks.

"CAPTAIN KIDD, JR." MADE BIG HIT ON NEW YORK STAGE

Famous Artcraft Star Seen As Canny Scot in Most Charming Story.

As a stage play "Captain Kidd, Jr." was a genuine success, a whimsical delightful offering with the merit of great originality and the charm of freshness and quaint character delineation. As a screen vehicle for the talents of Mary Pickford there is every indication that it will be numbered among her most successful offerings. Rida Johnson Young wrote the play from which Frances Marion constructed a photoplay that, from all accounts, retains not only the charm of the original but possesses independent quality, the result of Miss Marion's undoubted gift of scenarization and her thorough knowledge of the star's characteristic qualities.

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SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Sunday.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet in the Church at 6:45 p. m.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will hold its regular meeting in the League room of the Methodist Church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

Monday.

There will be a dance at the Woodman's Club in the evening.

This May Interest You.

The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing. The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Phone all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times at No. 70 between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning and 5 and 8:30 in the evening.

Epilogues.

One who never turned his back, but marched breast-forward, Never doubted clouds would break, Never dreamed, though right were worsted, wrong would triumph, Held we fall to rise, are baffled to fight better, Sleep to wake.

No, at noonday in the bustle of man's worktime Greet the unseen with a cheer! Bid him forward, breast and back as either should be, "Strive and thrive!" cry "Speed—fight on, fare ever There as here!"

—Robert Browning.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Merriman left last night for San Antonio to visit their daughter, Mrs. Stanley Hauser.

Mrs. W. N. Young accompanied her son, Keeran, to San Antonio. He is en route to Bryan, Texas, where he will enter the A. & M. College.

Miss Judie Blackman has returned to her home in Alexandria, La., after a delightful visit to Mrs. J. H. Slaughter and family.

Mrs. R. P. Woodard and daughter, Miss Catherine Crutchfield, will leave Sunday night for Athens, Ga., where Miss Catherine will enter the Lucy Cobb School for Girls.

Mrs. J. Seymour Denike returned this morning from a short visit to relatives and friends in San Antonio. Mr. and Mrs. Denike have apartments at 916 Salinas avenue.

Mrs. R. K. Mims and two little daughters are expected to return this afternoon from Corpus Christi, where they have been visiting relatives.

Mr. Norwood Witting has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Miss Evelyn Moore will leave the latter part of the week for Austin, where she will enter the University.

Horace and Beverly Hall and James Richter expect to leave about September 20th for Virginia to enter the Augusta Military Academy.

Miss Celeste Hamilton will return from San Antonio on Monday morning, after spending the week-end with friends.

Hal Burnett left on Friday for Bryan, Texas, to enter the A. & M. College.

St. Elmo Trout, Victor Sauvignat and James Moore are among the boys who will leave shortly to enter the University at Austin.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Worsham have moved to the Heights and are pleasantly located in the Anderson cottage on Market street.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Vidales and little daughter Olivia, except to spend the week-end in Encinal visiting relatives.

Mr. E. J. Foster has returned from a surveying trip near Cotulla.

Announcements.

Miss Emilie and Jack Halsell will entertain at 8 o'clock in the evening.

complimenting Horace and Beverly Hall.

There will be a dance at the officers' club at Fort McIntosh in the evening.

There will be a regular meeting of the Woman's Club Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the club rooms.

Miss Berta Gongora will entertain with a dancing party at 8:30 o'clock this evening at the Latin-American Club, complimenting Miss Isaura Zambrano of Monterey.

The Latin-American Club will entertain with a dinner dance on Monday evening, the occasion being to celebrate the 16th of September.

Blue Birds.

The members of the Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls held their opening meeting of the season on Friday afternoon with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. Mary Coadren was elected captain for the coming year. After the business session the hostess served lemonade and cake and a pleasant social hour was also enjoyed. Those present were Mary Coadren, Elinor Morrow, Evelyn Kerr, Nellie Ward, Adelaide Macdonald, Nellie Netzer, Helen Dixon, Doris and Dorothy Wilson, Arne McKinney, Gladys Sauvignat, Margaret Ward and Bessie Bryant.

Entertainment.

The regular weekly dance last evening at the Elks Hall was very delightful. The Royal Orchestra furnished the music for dancing. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Ira O'Meara, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Muller, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Muller, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Moser, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Nye, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. George Moyer of San Antonio, Mrs. T. H. Hill, Mrs. Barlow, Mrs. Greene, Misses Evelyn Moore, Maxine and Laura Taylor, Dorothy Wiggins, Bettie Beane, Courtney Slaughter, Ruth Scratchley, Eva Levy, Annie French, Inez Hellman, Messrs. Randall and Tom Nye, Will Sames, James and Philip Moore, August and Marcus Wormser, Pepe Lowry, George Hodges, Guy Trout, Aaron Moser, Henry Burr, Leon Hanchett and Lieutenant Cleveland.

Dodier-Volpe.

The marriage of Mr. Jose Dodier and Miss Sofia Volpe took place last evening at 7 o'clock in the San Augustin pro-cathedral. Rev. Father Benito Gonzalez reading the sacred service. The decorations were in quantities of palms and ferns. The bridal party entered to the strains of Mendelssohn's March played by Villar's orchestra, in the following order: Mrs. H. C. Fernandez, matron of honor, entered first, followed by the bridesmaids, Misses Consuelo Martinez, Amelia Gonzalez, Virginia Dodier, Accia Volpe, Inez de la Garza, Trinidad Ramon, and Consuelo Dodier. Then came the flower girls, Berta Luisa Vargas, Emma Volpe and Irene Lopez de Aras, who scattered rose petals in the pathway of the bride and groom, who came next, and who were followed by the other attendants, Mr. Emilio Dodier, Mrs. Josefa G. de Dodier, Mr. Leopoldo Bruni, Mrs. Refugio R. de Bruni, Mr. Felix Dodier and Mrs. Josefina G. de Dodier, Mr. Manuel Ochoa and Mrs. Rosa S. de Gutierrez Ochoa, Mr. Humberto Volpe and Mrs. Maria R. de Volpe, Mr. Martin Volpe and Mrs. Elisa G. de Volpe. During the ceremony a violin solo was softly played. The wedding party left the church to the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March and immediately went over to the Latin-American Club where a reception was held and dancing was enjoyed until a late hour. An elaborate supper was served to the guests about 11 o'clock. The bride and groom have a large circle of friends and are prominent in social circles of Laredo. Best wishes are extended for their future happiness and prosperity.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Centenary of the birth of Clara Josephine Schumann, famous musician and instructor.

Birthday greetings to General John J. Pershing, who enters upon his 60th year today.

Today has been fixed as the date for a review of the Pacific fleet at Seattle by President Wilson.

The bumper crops raised in the Sunflower State this year will be evidenced in the exhibits at the Kansas State Fair, opening today Hutchinson.

Members of the National Master Horsehoers' Association are to gather at Des Moines today for the annual convention of their organization.

Delegates from numerous countries meet in the City Temple, London, today for an international conference of Christian men's brotherhoods.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.

One hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of Alexander von Humboldt, the great naturalist.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of Gen. Henry Jackson Hunt, who commanded the Federal artillery at Gettysburg.

A week's celebration in honor of the centennial of Floyd County, Indiana, will be opened today at New Albany.

The first convention of the Catholic Central Verein held in several years will begin its sessions today in Chicago.